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NOTE

From: General Secretariat of the Council
To: Delegations
No. prev. doc. 15182/10 EF 144 SURE 60 ECOFIN 641 CODEC 1091
No. Cion prop.: 12940/10 EF 86 SURE 36 ECOFIN 484 CODEC 747
- Presidency compromise

Delegations will find attached a Presidency compromise on the above Commission proposal following the discussions at the working party meeting of 25 October.

Additions and changes to the last compromise text in doc. 15182/10 are denoted by text in **bold underline.**
Proposal for a

DIRECTIVE OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL

amending Directives 98/78/EC, 2002/87/EC, 2006/48/EC and 2009/138/EC as regards the supplementary supervision of financial entities in a financial conglomerate

(Text with EEA relevance)

THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, and in particular Article 53(1) thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the European Commission,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Central Bank,¹

After transmission of the draft legislative act to the national Parliaments,

Acting in accordance with the ordinary legislative procedure,

Whereas:

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¹ OJ C […]
(1) Directive 2002/87/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2002 on the supplementary supervision of credit institutions, insurance undertakings and investment firms in a financial conglomerate provides competent authorities in the financial sector with supplementary powers and tools for the supervision of groups of many regulated entities, which are active in different sectors of the financial markets. These groups, called financial conglomerates, are thus exposed to risks related to controlling a group, which are called group risks, and which include the risks of contagion, which involves the spreading of risks from one end of the group to another end, the concentration of risks, where the same type of risk materializes in various parts of the group at the same time, the complexity of managing many different legal entities, and potential conflicts of interest, as well as the challenge of allocating regulatory capital to all its regulated entities, thereby avoiding the multiple use of capital. Supplementary supervision should be applied to conglomerates on top of the supervision on a stand alone, consolidated or group basis, without dupli-cating or affecting the group, regardless of the legal structure of the group.

(2) It is appropriate to ensure consistency with the aim of Directive 2002/87/EC and Council Directives 73/239/EEC, 92/49/EEC, 92/96/EEC, 98/78/EC and Directive 2002/83/EC, to enable supervision of insurance groups as well as appropriate supplementary supervision of insurance and other entities within a mixed financial holding structure. For this reason, Directive 98/78/EC should be amended to define and include mixed financial holding companies. In order to ensure timely coherent supervision, Directive 98/78/EC should be amended, notwithstanding the imminent application of Directive 2009/138/EC.

(3) It is necessary that financial conglomerates are identified throughout the European Union according to the extent to which they are exposed to group risks, based on common guidelines issued by the European Supervisory Authority (European Banking Authority) and the European Supervisory Authority (European Insurance and Occupational Pensions Authority) in accordance with Article 56 of the Regulation (EU) No ../.. of the European Parliament and of the Council of …* establishing a European Supervisory Authority (European Banking Authority)\(^8\) and Article 56 of the Regulation (EU) No ../.. of the European Parliament and of the Council of …** establishing a European Supervisory Authority (European Insurance and Occupational Pensions Authority)\(^9\), following cooperation within the Joint Committee of European Supervisory Authorities. It is also important that the requirements regarding the waiving of the application of supplementary supervision are applied in a risk-based manner according to these guidelines. This is of particular importance in the case of the larger, internationally operating conglomerates.

(4) The comprehensive and adequate monitoring of group risks in large, complex, internationally operating conglomerates, as well as the supervision of the group-wide capital policies of these groups, is only possible when competent authorities gather supervisory information and plan supervisory measures beyond the national scope of their mandate. It is therefore necessary that competent authorities coordinate supplementary supervision on international conglomerates among the competent authorities which are regarded as most relevant for the supplementary supervision of a conglomerate. The college of a financial conglomerate's relevant competent authorities should reflect the supplementary nature of this Directive, and as such it should not have to be in addition to existing sectoral colleges but should add value to existing colleges for the banking subgroup and the insurance subgroup in the conglomerate, without replicating, duplicating or replacing them. A financial conglomerate's college should only be constituted where neither a banking nor an insurance sectoral college of supervisory authorities is in place.

\* OJ: please insert the number, date and publication reference of document 40/10 [EBA].
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\** OJ: please insert the number, date and publication reference of document 41/10 [EIOPA].
\(9\) OJ L …
(5) The supplementary supervision of large, complex, internationally operating conglomerates requires coordination throughout the European Union, in order to contribute to the stability of the internal market for financial services. To this end, competent authorities need to agree upon the supervisory approaches applied to these conglomerates. The European Supervisory Authority (European Banking Authority) and the European Supervisory Authority (European Insurance and Occupational Pensions Authority) should issue, in accordance with Article 56 of the Regulation (EU) No ..../..* and Article 56 of the Regulation (EU) No ..../..**, following cooperation within the Joint Committee of European Supervisory Authorities, common guidelines for these common approaches, thus ensuring a comprehensive prudential framework of the supervisory tools and powers available in the banking, insurance and financial conglomerates directives. The guidelines which will be issued as provided for in this Directive must reflect the supplementary nature of this Directive, and complement the sector-specific supervision as provided for by Directives 73/239/EEC, 92/49/EEC, 92/96/EEC, 98/78/EC, 2002/83/EC, 2004/39/EC, 2006/48/EC, 2006/49/EC10 and 2009/138/EC.

(6) There is a genuine need to monitor and control potential group risks, posed to the conglomerate, coming from participations in other companies. For those cases where the specific supervisory powers provided by this Directive appear to be insufficient, the supervisory community should develop alternative methods to address and appropriately take into account these risks, preferably by work conducted by the European Supervisory Authority (European Banking Authority) and the European Supervisory Authority (European Insurance and Occupational Pensions Authority) in the forum of the Joint Committee of the European Supervisory Authorities. If a participation is the only element of identification of a financial conglomerate, supervisors should be allowed to assess whether the group is exposed to group risks and waive the group from supplementary supervision, if appropriate.

* OJ: please insert the number of document 40/10 [EBA].
** OJ: please insert the number, date and publication reference of document 41/10 [EIOPA].
(7) With regard to certain group structures, supervisors were left without powers in the current crisis since the combination of directives had forced them to choose either sector-specific or supplementary supervision. While a complete review of Directive 2002/87/EC should be undertaken in the context of the G20 work on conglomerates, the necessary supervisory powers should be restored as soon as possible.

(8) It is appropriate to ensure consistency with the aim of Directive 2002/87/EC and of Directive 2006/48/EC. For this reason, Directive 2006/48/EC should be amended to define and include mixed financial holding companies.

(8a) It is appropriate to ensure consistency with the aim of Directive 2002/87/EC and of Directive 2009/138/EC. For this reason, Directive 2009/138/EC should be amended to define and include mixed financial holding companies.

(8b) The restored availability of powers at the mixed financial holding company level implies that certain provisions from Directives 2002/87/EC, 2006/48/EC, 98/78/EC or 2009/138/EC apply at this level simultaneously. These provisions may be equivalent, especially as regards the qualitative elements of the supervisory review processes. For example, fit and proper requirements for the management of holding companies appear identically in Directives 2002/87/EC, 2006/48/EC, 98/78/EC or 2009/138/EC. To avoid overlap between such provisions and to ensure the effectiveness of top level supervision, supervisors should have the ability to apply a certain provision only once, while complying with the equivalent provision in all applicable directives. More important than identical wording, a provision should be regarded as equivalent, if it is similar in substance, in particular in terms of risk based supervision. When assessing the equivalence, supervisors should assess within the setting of a college whether the objectives and the scope as purported by each and every applicable directive are achieved, without lowering supervisory standards. Equivalence assessments may develop in the course of changes in supervisory frameworks and practices and should therefore be subject to an open, evolutionary process. This process should allow for case-by-case solutions, allowing to
take into account all relevant features of a particular group. To ensure consistency within the supervisory framework for one particular group on the one hand and to obtain a level playing field amongst all financial conglomerates within the European Union on the other hand, appropriate supervisory cooperation should be provided. To this end, the European Supervisory Authorities, through the Joint Committee, should develop guidelines aimed at the convergence of equivalence assessments and work towards issuing binding technical standards.

(9) Since the objectives of this Directive, namely improving the supplementary supervision of financial entities in a financial conglomerate, cannot be sufficiently achieved by the Member States and can therefore, by reason of the scale and effects of the Directive, be better achieved at Union level, the Union may adopt measures, in accordance with the principle of subsidiarity as set out in Article 5 of the Treaty on European Union. In accordance with the principle of proportionality, as set out in that Article, this Directive does not go beyond what is necessary in order to achieve that objectives.

(10) Directives 98/78/EC, 2002/87/EC, 2006/48/EC and 2009/138/EC should therefore be amended accordingly,

HAVE ADOPTED THIS DIRECTIVE:
Article 1

Amendments to Directive 98/78/EC

Directive 98/78/EC is amended as follows:

(1) The following point is added to Article 1:

“(m) mixed financial holding company means a mixed financial holding company as defined in Article 2 (15) of Directive 2002/87/EC.”

(2) Article 2(2) is replaced by the following:

“2. Every insurance undertaking or reinsurance undertaking the parent undertaking of which is an insurance holding company, a mixed financial holding company, a non-member-country insurance or a non-member country reinsurance undertaking shall be subject to supplementary supervision in the manner prescribed in Articles 5(2), and Articles 6, 8 and 10.”

(2a) A new Article 2a is inserted:

“Article 2a” Level of application with regard to mixed financial holding companies

1. Where a mixed financial holding company is subject to an equivalent provision in both this Directive and Directive 2002/87/EC, in particular in terms of a risk-based supervision, the competent authority for exercising supplementary supervision may decide, after consulting the other supervisory authorities concerned, to apply at the level of this mixed financial holding company the equivalent provision of Directive 2002/87/EC only.
2. Where a mixed financial holding company is subject to an equivalent provision in both this Directive and Directive 2006/48/EC, in particular in terms of a risk-based supervision, the competent authority for exercising supplementary supervision may decide, in common agreement with the consolidating supervisor in the banking and investment services sector, to apply the equivalent provision of the Directive of the most important sector as defined in Article 3(2) of Directive 2002/87/EC only.

3. The competent authority for exercising supplementary supervision shall inform the European Banking Authority and the European Insurance and Occupational Pensions Authority of the decisions taken under paragraph (1) and (2) of this Article. The European Supervisory Authorities, through the Joint Committee, shall develop guidelines aimed at the convergence of supervisory practices and work towards issuing binding technical standards, which shall be done three years after application of these guidelines by national supervisory authorities.”

(3) Article 3(1) is replaced by the following:

“1. The exercise of supplementary supervision in accordance with Article 2 shall in no way imply that the competent authorities are required to play a supervisory role in relation to the non-member-country insurance undertaking, the non-member country reinsurance undertaking, insurance holding company, mixed financial holding company or mixed-activity insurance holding company taken individually.”

(4) Article 4(2) is replaced by the following:

“2. Where insurance undertakings or reinsurance undertakings authorised in two or more Member States have as their parent undertaking the same insurance holding company, non-member-country insurance undertaking, non-member country reinsurance undertaking, mixed financial holding company or mixed-activity insurance holding company, the competent authorities of the Member States concerned may reach an agreement as to which of them shall be responsible for exercising supplementary supervision.”
(5) Article 10 is amended as follows:

(a) the title is replaced by the following:

“Reinsurance undertakings, insurance holding companies, mixed financial holding companies, and non-member-country insurance undertakings”;  

(b) paragraphs (2) and (3) are replaced by the following:

“2. In the case referred to in Article 2(2), the calculation shall include all related undertakings of the insurance holding company, the mixed financial holding company, the non-member-country insurance undertaking or the non-member country reinsurance undertaking, in the manner provided for in Annex II.

3. If, on the basis of that calculation, the competent authorities conclude that the solvency of a subsidiary insurance undertaking or a reinsurance undertaking of the insurance holding company, the mixed financial holding company, the non-member country insurance undertaking or the non-member country reinsurance undertaking is, or may be, jeopardised, they shall take appropriate measures at the level of that insurance undertaking or reinsurance undertaking.”

(6) Annexes I and II are amended in accordance with Annex I to this Directive.
Article 2

Amendments to Directive 2002/87/EC

Directive 2002/87/EC is amended as follows:

(1) Articles 1 and 2 are replaced by the following:

“Article 1

Subject matter


This Directive also amends the relevant sectoral rules which apply to entities regulated by those Directives.

Article 2

Definitions

For the purposes of this Directive:

(1) ‘credit institution’ means a credit institution within the meaning of Article 4(1) of Directive 2006/48/EC;

(2) ‘insurance undertaking means an insurance undertaking within the meaning of Article 13(1) or (2) of Directive 2009/138/EC;

(3) ‘investment firm’ means an investment firm within the meaning of point 1 of Article 4(1) of Directive 2004/39/EC, including the undertakings referred to in Article 3(1)(d) of Directive 2006/49/EC*****;
(4) ‘regulated entity’ means a credit institution, an insurance undertaking, a reinsurance undertaking or an investment firm;

(5) ‘asset management company’ means a management company within the meaning of Article 2(1)(b) of Directive 2009/65/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 13 July 2009 on the coordination of laws, regulations and administrative provisions relating to undertakings for collective investment in transferable securities (UCITS), as well as an undertaking the registered office of which is outside the European Union (Union) and which would require authorisation if it had its registered office within the Union;

(6) ‘reinsurance undertaking’ means a reinsurance undertaking within the meaning of Article 13(4) or (5) of Directive 2009/138/EC;


(8) ‘financial sector’ means a sector composed of one or more of the following entities:

   (a) a credit institution, a financial institution or an ancillary services undertaking within the meaning of Article 4(1), (5) and (21) of Directive 2006/48/EC (the banking sector);

   (b) an insurance undertaking, a reinsurance undertaking or an insurance holding company within the meaning of Articles 13(1) or (2) and 13(4) or (5) and 212(1)(f) of Directive 2009/138/EC (the insurance sector);

   (c) an investment firm within the meaning of Article 3(1)(b) of Directive 2006/49/EC (the investment services sector);

(9) ‘parent undertaking’ means a parent undertaking as defined in Article 1 of seventh Council Directive 83/349/EEC of 13 June 1983 on consolidated accounts and any undertaking which, in the opinion of the competent authorities, effectively exercises a dominant influence over another undertaking;
(10) ‘subsidiary undertaking’ means a subsidiary undertaking as defined in Article 1 of Directive 83/349/EEC and any undertaking over which, in the opinion of the competent authorities, a parent undertaking effectively exercises a dominant influence; all subsidiaries of subsidiary undertakings shall also be considered subsidiaries of the undertaking that is their original parent;

(11) ‘participation’ means a participation within the meaning of the first sentence of Article 17 of Council Directive 78/660/EEC of 25 July 1978 on the annual accounts of certain types of companies********, or the direct or indirect ownership of 20% or more of the voting rights or capital of an undertaking;

(12) ‘group’ means a group of undertakings which consists of a parent undertaking, its subsidiaries and the entities in which the parent undertaking or its subsidiaries hold a participation, as well as undertakings linked to each other by a relationship within the meaning of Article 12(1) of Directive 83/349/EEC, and includes any subgroup thereof;

(13) ‘close links’ means a situation in which two or more natural or legal persons are linked by participation or control (meaning the relationship between a parent undertaking and a subsidiary undertaking as set out in Article 1 of Directive 83/349/EEC, or a similar relationship between any natural or legal person and an undertaking), or the fact that both or all are permanently linked to one and the same person by a control relationship;
(14) ‘financial conglomerate’ means a group or subgroup within the meaning of point (12), which, subject to Article 3, meets the following conditions:

(a) a regulated entity within the meaning of Article 1 is at the head of the group or at least one of the subsidiaries in the group is a regulated entity within the meaning of Article 1;

(b) where there is a regulated entity within the meaning of Article 1 of this Directive at the head of the group, it is either a parent undertaking of an entity in the financial sector, an entity which holds a participation in an entity in the financial sector, or an entity linked with an entity in the financial sector by a relationship within the meaning of Article 12(1) of Directive 83/349/EEC;

(c) where there is no regulated entity within the meaning of Article 1 at the head of the group, the group’s activities mainly occur in the financial sector within the meaning of Article 3(1);

(d) at least one of the entities in the group is within the insurance sector and at least one is within the banking or investment services sector;

(e) the consolidated and/or aggregated activities of the entities in the group within the insurance sector and of the entities within the banking and investment services sector are both significant within the meaning of Article 3(2) or (3);

(15) ‘mixed financial holding company’ means a parent undertaking, other than a regulated entity, which together with its subsidiaries, at least one of which is a regulated entity which has its head office in the Union, and other entities, constitutes a financial conglomerate;

(16) ‘competent authorities’ means the national authorities of the Member States which are empowered by law or regulation to supervise credit institutions, or insurance undertakings, or reinsurance undertakings, or investment firms whether on an individual or group-wide basis;
(17) ‘relevant competent authorities’ means:

(a) Member States’ competent authorities responsible for the sectoral group-wide supervision of any of the regulated entities in a financial conglomerate, in particular of the ultimate parent undertaking of a sector;

(b) the coordinator appointed in accordance with Article 10 if different from the authorities referred to in point (a);

(c) other competent authorities concerned, where relevant, in the opinion of the authorities referred to in points (a) and (b); this opinion shall especially take into account the market share of the regulated entities of the conglomerate in other Member States, in particular if it exceeds 5 %, and the importance in the conglomerate of any regulated entity established in another Member State;

(18) ‘intra-group transactions’ means all transactions by which regulated entities within a financial conglomerate rely either directly or indirectly on other undertakings within the same group or on any natural or legal person linked to the undertakings within that group by close links, for the fulfilment of an obligation, whether or not contractual, and whether or not for payment;
(19) ‘risk concentration’ means all risk exposures with a loss potential which is large enough to threaten the solvency or the financial position in general of the regulated entities in the financial conglomerate; such exposures may be caused by counterparty risk/credit risk, investment risk, insurance risk, market risk, other risks, or a combination or interaction of these risks.


(2) Article 3 is amended as follows:

(a) in paragraph 2, the following subparagraph is added:

“Asset management companies within the meaning of Article 30 are added to the sector they belong to within the group; if they do not belong exclusively to one sector within the group, they are added to the smallest financial sector.”;

(b) paragraph 3 is replaced by the following:

“3. Cross-sectoral activities shall also be presumed to be significant within the meaning of Article 2(14)(e) if the balance sheet total of the smallest financial sector in the group exceeds EUR 6 billion.

If the group does not reach the threshold referred to in paragraph 2 of this Article, the relevant competent authorities may decide by common agreement not to regard the group as a financial conglomerate. They may also decide not to apply the provisions of Articles 7, 8, or 9, if they are of the opinion that the inclusion of the group in the scope of this Directive or the application of such provisions is not necessary or would be inappropriate or misleading with respect to the objectives of supplementary supervision.

Decisions taken in accordance with this paragraph shall be notified to the other competent authorities concerned.”;
(c) the following paragraph is inserted:

“3a. If the group reaches the threshold referred to in paragraph 2 of this Article, but the smallest sector does not exceed EUR 6 billion, the relevant competent authorities may decide by common agreement not to regard the group as a financial conglomerate. They may also decide not to apply the provisions of Articles 7, 8, or 9, if they are of the opinion that the inclusion of the group in the scope of this Directive or the application of such provisions is not necessary or would be inappropriate or misleading with respect to the objectives of supplementary supervision.

Decisions taken in accordance with this paragraph shall be notified to the other competent authorities concerned.”;

(d) in paragraph 4, the following point is inserted:“(c) exclude one or more participations in the smaller sector if such participations are determinant for the identification of a financial conglomerate, and are collectively of negligible interest with respect to the objectives of supplementary supervision.”;

(e) paragraph 5 is replaced by the following:

“5. For the application of paragraphs 1 and 2, the relevant competent authorities may, in exceptional cases and by common agreement, replace the criterion based on balance sheet total with one or more of the following parameters or add one or more of these parameters, if they are of the opinion that these parameters are of particular relevance for the purpose of supplementary supervision under this Directive: income structure, off-balance sheet activities, total assets under management.”;
(f) the following paragraph is added:

“8. The European Supervisory Authority (European Banking Authority) and the European Supervisory Authority (European Insurance and Occupational Pensions Authority) shall issue common guidelines aimed at the convergence of supervisory practices with regard to the application of paragraphs 2, 3, 3a, 4 and 5 of this Article.”

(3) Articles 6(3) and (4) are replaced by the following:

“3. For the purposes of calculating the capital adequacy requirements referred to in the first subparagraph of paragraph 2, the following entities shall be included in the scope of supplementary supervision in the manner and to the extent defined in Annex I:

(a) a credit institution, a financial institution or an ancillary services undertaking;

(b) an insurance undertaking, a reinsurance undertaking or an insurance holding company;

(c) an investment firm;

(d) a mixed financial holding company.

4. When calculating the supplementary capital adequacy requirements with regard to a financial conglomerate by applying method 1 (Accounting consolidation) referred to in Annex I of this Directive, the own funds and the solvency requirements of the entities in the group shall be calculated by applying the corresponding sectoral rules on the form and extent of consolidation as laid down in particular in Articles 133 and 134 of Directive 2006/48/EC and Article 221 of Directive 2009/138/EC.
When applying method 2 (Deduction and aggregation) referred to in Annex I, the calculation shall take account of the proportional share held by the parent undertaking or undertaking which holds a participation in another entity of the group. ‘Proportional share’ means the proportion of the subscribed capital which is directly or indirectly held by that undertaking.”

(4) The following paragraph 5 is added to Article 7:

“5. The European Supervisory Authority (European Banking Authority) and the European Supervisory Authority (European Insurance and Occupational Pensions Authority) shall issue common guidelines aimed at the convergence of supervisory practices with regard to the application of supplementary supervision of risk concentration as provided for in paragraphs 1 to 4 of this Article. The guidelines shall ensure the alignment of the application of the supervisory tools as provided for in this Article to the application of Section 5 of Chapter 2, Title V Directive 2006/48/EC and Article 244 of Directive 2009/138/EC, and as such avoid any duplication. They shall issue specific common guidelines on the application of paragraphs 1 to 4 of this Article to participations of the financial conglomerate in cases where national company law provisions obstruct the application of Article 14(2) of this Directive.”
(5) The following paragraph 5 is added to Article 8:

“5. The European Supervisory Authority (European Banking Authority) and the European Supervisory Authority (European Insurance and Occupational Pensions Authority) shall issue common guidelines aimed at the convergence of supervisory practices with regard to the application of supplementary supervision of intra-group transactions as provided for in paragraphs 1 to 4 of this Article. The guidelines shall ensure the alignment of the application of the supervisory tools as provided for in this Article to the application of Article 245 of Directive 2009/138/EC, and as such avoid any duplication. They shall issue specific common guidelines on the application of paragraphs 1 to 4 of this Article to participations of the financial conglomerate in cases where national company law provisions obstruct the application of Article 14(2) of this Directive.”

(6) The following paragraph 6 is added to Article 9:

“6. Competent authorities shall align the application of the supplementary supervision of internal control mechanisms and risk management processes as provided for in this Article with the supervisory review processes as provided for by Article 124 of Directive 2006/48/EC and Article 36 of Directive 2009/138/EC. To this end, the European Supervisory Authority (European Banking Authority) and the European Supervisory Authority (European Insurance and Occupational Pensions Authority) shall issue common guidelines aimed at the convergence of supervisory practices with regard to the application of supplementary supervision of internal control mechanisms and risk management processes as provided for in this Article, as well as on the consistency with the supervisory review processes as provided for by Article 124 of Directive 2006/48/EC and Article 36 of Directive 2009/138/EC. They shall issue specific common guidelines for the application of this Article to participations of the financial conglomerate, in cases where national company law provisions obstruct the application of Article 14(2) of this Directive.”
(7) The following paragraphs 4 and 5 are added to Article 11:

“The required cooperation under this Section and the exercise of the tasks listed in paragraphs 1, 2 and 3 of this Article and Article 12 and, subject to the confidentiality requirements and compatibility with Union legislation, the appropriate coordination and cooperation with relevant third-country competent authorities where appropriate, shall be fulfilled through colleges established pursuant to Article 131a of Directive 2006/48/EC or Article 248(2) of Directive 2009/138/EC.

The coordination arrangements referred to in paragraph 1 shall be separately reflected in the written coordination arrangements in place pursuant to Article 131 of Directive 2006/48/EC or Article 248 of Directive 2009/138/EC. The coordinator, as Chair of a college established pursuant to Article 131a of Directive 2006/48/EC or Article 248(2) of Directive 2009/138/EC shall decide which other competent authorities participate in a meeting or in any activity of this college. (…)

5. (…)”

(8) Article 19 is replaced by the following:

“Article 19

Cooperation with third-country competent authorities

1. Article 39(1) and (2) of Directive 2006/48/EC, Article 10a of Directive 98/78/EC and Article 264 of Directive 2009/138/EC shall apply mutatis mutandis to the negotiation of agreements with one or more third countries regarding the means of exercising supplementary supervision of regulated entities in a financial conglomerate.

2. (…) ”
(9) The title of Chapter III is replaced by the following:

"POWERS CONFERRED ON THE COMMISSION, COMMITTEE PROCEDURE AND ADOPTION OF COMMON GUIDELINES".

(10) The following Article is added in Chapter III:

"Article 21b

Common Guidelines

The European Supervisory Authority (European Banking Authority) and the European Supervisory Authority (European Insurance and Occupational Pensions Authority) shall issue the common guidelines referred to in Article 3(8), Article 7(5), Article 8(5), Article 9(6) of this Directive in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 56 of the Regulation (EU) No ../.. of the European Parliament and of the Council of …* establishing the European Supervisory Authority (European Banking Authority)*, and in Article 56 of the Regulation (EU) No ../.. of the European Parliament and of the Council of …** establishing the European Supervisory Authority (European Insurance and Occupational Pensions Authority)**, following cooperation within the Joint Committee of the European Supervisory Authorities.

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* OJ: please insert the number, date and publication reference of document PE-40/10 [EBA].
** OJ: please insert the number, date and publication reference of document PE-41/10 [EIOPA].
(11) In the first subparagraph of Article 30, point b is replaced by the following:

“(b) where the group is a financial conglomerate, in the identification process and in the scope of supplementary supervision within the meaning of this Directive.”

(12) Annex I is amended in accordance with Annex II to this Directive.
Article 3

Amendments to Directive 2006/48/EC

Directive 2006/48/EC is amended as follows:

(-2) Article 1(2) is replaced by the following:

"2. Article 39 and Title V, Chapter 4, Section 1 shall apply to financial holding companies or mixed financial holding companies, and mixed-activity holding companies which have their head offices in the Community."

(-1) Article 4 is amended as follows:

a) points (14) to (17) are replaced by the following:

"(14) ‘parent credit institution in a Member State’ means a credit institution which has a credit institution or a financial institution as a subsidiary or which holds a participation in such an institution, and which is not itself a subsidiary of another credit institution authorised in the same Member State, or of a financial holding company or mixed financial holding company set up in the same Member State;

(15) ‘parent financial holding company in a Member State’ means a financial holding company which is not itself a subsidiary of a credit institution authorised in the same Member State, or of a financial holding company or mixed financial holding company set up in the same Member State;

(16) ‘EU parent credit institution’ means a parent credit institution in a Member State which is not a subsidiary of another credit institution authorised in any Member State, or of a financial holding company or mixed financial holding company set up in any Member State;"
(17) ‘EU parent financial holding company’ means a parent financial holding company in a Member State which is not a subsidiary of a credit institution authorised in any Member State or of another financial holding company or mixed financial holding company set up in any Member State;";

b) point (48) is replaced by the following:

"(48) ‘consolidating supervisor’ means the competent authority responsible for the exercise of supervision on a consolidated basis of EU parent credit institutions and credit institutions controlled by EU parent financial holding companies or EU parent mixed financial holding companies.";

c) the following point is added:

“(49) 'mixed financial holding company' means a mixed financial holding company as defined in Article 2(15) of Directive 2002/87/EC;”.

(1a) In Article 39(1), point b is replaced by the following:

"(b) credit institutions situated in third countries the parent undertakings of which, whether credit institutions, financial holding companies or mixed financial holding companies, have their head offices in the Community.”
(1b) In Article 39(2), point a is replaced by the following:

„(a) that the competent authorities of the Member States are able to obtain the information necessary for the supervision, on the basis of their consolidated financial situations, of credit institutions, financial holding companies or mixed financial holding companies situated in the Community and which have as subsidiaries credit institutions or financial institutions situated outside the Community, or holding participation in such institutions; and”.

(1c) Article 69(2) is replaced by the following:

„2. The Member States may exercise the option provided for in paragraph 1 where the parent undertaking is a financial holding company or mixed financial holding company set up in the same Member State as the credit institution, provided that it is subject to the same supervision as that exercised over credit institutions, and in particular to the standards laid down in Article 71(1).”

(2) Article 71(2) is replaced by the following:

“2. Without prejudice to Articles 68, 69 and 70, credit institutions controlled by a parent financial holding company in a Member State or a parent mixed financial holding company in a Member State shall comply, to the extent and in the manner prescribed in Article 133, with the obligations laid down in Articles 75, 120, 123 and Section 5 on the basis of the consolidated financial situation of that financial holding company or mixed financial holding company.

Where more than one credit institution is controlled by a parent financial holding company in a Member State or by a parent mixed financial holding company in a Member State, the first subparagraph shall apply only to the credit institution to which supervision on a consolidated basis applies in accordance with Articles 125 and 126.”
(3) Article 72(2) is replaced by the following:

“2. Credit institutions controlled by an EU parent financial holding company or by an EU parent mixed financial holding company shall comply with the obligations laid down in Chapter 5 on the basis of the consolidated financial situation of that financial holding company or that mixed financial holding company.

Significant subsidiaries of EU parent financial holding companies or EU parent mixed financial holding companies shall disclose the information specified in Annex XII, Part 1, point 5, on an individual or sub-consolidated basis.”

(3a) The following Article is inserted:

“Article 72a

1. Where a mixed financial holding company is subject to an equivalent provision in both this Directive and Directive 2002/87/EC, in particular in terms of risk-based supervision, the competent authority responsible for the exercise of supervision on a consolidated basis may decide, after consulting the other competent authorities responsible for the supervision of subsidiaries, to apply at the level of this mixed financial holding company the equivalent provision of Directive 2002/87/EC only.

2. Where a mixed financial holding company is subject to an equivalent provision in both this Directive and Directive 2009/138/EC, in particular in terms of risk-based supervision, the competent authority responsible for the exercise of supervision on a consolidated basis may decide, in common agreement with the group supervisor in the insurance sector, to apply at the level of this mixed financial holding company the equivalent provision of the Directive of the most important financial sector as defined in Article 3(2) of Directive 2002/87/EC only.
3. The consolidating supervisor shall inform the European Supervisory Authority (European Banking Authority) and the European Supervisory Authority (European Insurance and Occupational Pensions Authority) of the decisions taken under paragraphs (1) and (2) of this Article. The European Supervisory Authorities, through the Joint Committee, shall develop guidelines aimed at the convergence of supervisory practices and work towards issuing binding technical standards, which shall be done three years after application of these guidelines by national supervisory authorities.

(3b) Article 73(2) is replaced by the following:

„2. Competent authorities shall require subsidiary credit institutions to apply the requirements laid down in Articles 75, 120 and 123 and Section 5 of this Directive on a sub-consolidated basis if those credit institutions, or the parent undertaking where it is a financial holding company or mixed financial holding company, have a credit institution or a financial institution or an asset management company as defined in Article 2(5) of Directive 2002/87/EC as a subsidiary in a third country, or hold a participation in such an undertaking."

(3c) Article 80 (7) (a) is amended as follows:

"(a) the counterparty is an institution or a financial holding company, mixed financial holding company, financial institution, asset management company or ancillary services undertaking subject to appropriate prudential requirements;";
Article 84 is amended as follows:

a) in paragraph 2, the last subparagraph is replaced by the following:

„Where an EU parent credit institution and its subsidiaries or an EU parent financial holding company and its subsidiaries or an EU parent mixed financial holding company and its subsidiaries use the IRB Approach on a unified basis, the competent authorities may allow minimum requirements of Annex VII, Part 4 to be met by the parent and its subsidiaries considered together."

b) paragraph 6 is replaced by the following:

“6. When the IRB Approach is intended to be used by the EU parent credit institution and its subsidiaries, or by the EU parent financial holding company and its subsidiaries, or the EU parent mixed financial holding company and its subsidiaries, the competent authorities of the different legal entities shall cooperate closely as provided for in Articles 129 to 132.”

Article 89 (1)(e) is amended as follows:

"(e) exposures of a credit institution to a counterparty which is its parent undertaking, its subsidiary or a subsidiary of its parent undertaking provided that the counterparty is an institution or a financial holding company, mixed financial holding company, financial institution, asset management company or ancillary services undertaking subject to appropriate prudential requirements or an undertaking linked by a relationship within the meaning of Article 12(1) of Directive 83/349/EEC and exposures between credit institutions which meet the requirements set out in Article 80(8);"
(5) Article 105(3) and (4) are replaced by the following:

“3. When an Advanced Measurement Approach is intended to be used by an EU parent credit institution and its subsidiaries or by the subsidiaries of an EU parent financial holding company or an EU parent mixed financial holding company, the competent authorities of the different legal entities shall cooperate closely as provided for in Articles 129 to 132. The application shall include the elements listed in Annex X, Part 3.

4. Where an EU parent credit institution and its subsidiaries or the subsidiaries of an EU parent financial holding company or an EU parent mixed financial holding company use an Advanced Measurement Approach on a unified basis, the competent authorities may allow the qualifying criteria set out in Annex X, Part 3 to be met by the parent and its subsidiaries considered together.”

(5a) Article 122a (2) is replaced by the following:

“2. Where an EU parent credit institution, an EU parent financial holding company or EU parent mixed financial holding company, or one of its subsidiaries, as an originator or a sponsor, securitises exposures from several credit institutions, investment firms or other financial institutions which are included in the scope of supervision on a consolidated basis, the requirement referred to in paragraph 1 may be satisfied on the basis of the consolidated situation of the related EU parent credit institution, EU parent financial holding company or EU parent mixed financial holding company. This paragraph shall apply only where credit institutions, investment firms or financial institutions which created the securitised exposures have committed themselves to adhere to the requirements set out in paragraph 6 and deliver, in a timely manner, to the originator or sponsor and to the EU parent credit institution, the EU parent financial holding company or the EU parent mixed financial holding company the information needed to satisfy the requirements referred to in paragraph 7.”
(6) Article 125(2) is replaced by the following:

“2. Where the parent of a credit institution is a parent financial holding company in a Member State, an EU parent financial holding company or an EU parent mixed financial holding company, supervision on a consolidated basis shall be exercised by the competent authorities that authorised that credit institution under Article 6.”

(7) Article 126 is replaced by the following:

“Article 126

1. Where credit institutions authorised in two or more Member States have as their parent the same parent financial holding company in a Member State or the same EU parent financial holding company or the same EU parent mixed financial holding company, supervision on a consolidated basis shall be exercised by the competent authorities of the credit institution authorised in the Member State in which the financial holding company or mixed financial holding company was set up.

Where the parents of credit institutions authorised in two or more Member States comprise more than one financial holding company or mixed financial holding company with head offices in different Member States and there is a credit institution in each of these States, supervision on a consolidated basis shall be exercised by the competent authority of the credit institution with the largest balance sheet total.

2. Where more than one credit institution authorised in the European Union has as its parent the same financial holding company or the same mixed financial holding company and none of these credit institutions has been authorised in the Member State in which the financial holding company or the mixed financial holding company was set up, supervision on a consolidated basis shall be exercised by the competent authority that authorised the credit institution with the largest balance sheet total, which shall be considered, for the purposes of this Directive, as the credit institution controlled by an EU parent financial holding company or an EU parent mixed financial holding company.
3. In particular cases, the competent authorities may by common agreement waive the
criteria referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 if their application would be inappropriate, taking
into account the credit institutions and the relative importance of their activities in different
countries, and appoint a different competent authority to exercise supervision on a
consolidated basis. In these cases, before taking their decision, the competent authorities
shall give the EU parent credit institution, the EU parent financial holding company, the
EU parent mixed financial holding company, or the credit institution with the largest
balance sheet total, as appropriate, an opportunity to state its opinion on that decision.

4. The competent authorities shall notify the Commission of any agreement falling within
paragraph 3.”

(8) Article 127 is amended as follows:

(a) paragraph 1 is replaced by the following:

“1. Member States shall adopt any measures necessary, where appropriate, to include
financial holding companies or mixed financial holding companies in consolidated
supervision. Without prejudice to Article 135, the consolidation of the financial situation of
the financial holding company or the mixed financial holding company shall not in any
way imply that the competent authorities are required to play a supervisory role in relation
to the financial holding company or the mixed financial holding company on a stand alone
basis.”;

(b) paragraph 3 is replaced by the following:

“3. Member States shall provide that their competent authorities responsible for exercising
supervision on a consolidated basis may ask the subsidiaries of a credit institution, a
financial holding company or a mixed financial holding company, which are not included
within the scope of supervision on a consolidated basis for the information referred to in
Article 137. In such a case, the procedures for transmitting and verifying the information
laid down in that Article shall apply.”
(9) Article 129 is amended as follows:

a) in the first subparagraph of paragraph (1), introductory words are replaced by the following:

“In addition to the obligations imposed by the provisions of this Directive, the competent authority responsible for the exercise of supervision on a consolidated basis of EU parent credit institutions and credit institutions controlled by EU parent financial holding companies or by EU parent mixed financial holding companies shall carry out the following tasks:”;

b) in paragraph 2, the first subparagraph is replaced by the following:

“In the case of applications for the permissions referred to in Articles 84(1), 87(9) and 105 and in Annex III, Part 6, respectively, submitted by an EU parent credit institution and its subsidiaries, or jointly by the subsidiaries of an EU parent financial holding company or an EU parent mixed financial holding company, the competent authorities shall work together, in full consultation, to decide whether or not to grant the permission sought and to determine the terms and conditions, if any, to which such permission should be subject.”;

c) paragraph 3 is amended as follows:

(i) the first subparagraph is replaced by the following:

„The consolidating supervisor and the competent authorities responsible for the supervision of subsidiaries of an EU parent credit institution, an EU parent financial holding company or an EU parent mixed financial holding company shall do everything within their power to reach a joint decision on the application of Articles 123 and 124 to determine the adequacy of the consolidated level of own funds held by the group with respect to its financial situation and risk profile and the required level of own funds for the application of Article 136(2) to each entity within the banking group and on a consolidated basis.”;
(ii) the fifth subparagraph is replaced by the following:

"The decision on the application of Articles 123 and 124 and Article 136 (2) shall be taken by the respective competent authorities responsible for supervision of subsidiaries of an EU parent credit institution, an EU parent financial holding company or an EU parent mixed financial holding company on an individual or sub-consolidated basis after duly considering the views and reservations expressed by the consolidating supervisor."

(iii) the ninth subparagraph is replaced by the following:

"The joint decision referred to in the first subparagraph and any decision taken in the absence of a joint decision in accordance with the fourth and fifth subparagraphs, shall be updated on an annual basis or, in exceptional circumstances, where a competent authority responsible for the supervision of subsidiaries of an EU parent credit institution, an EU parent financial holding company or an EU parent mixed financial holding company makes a written and fully reasoned request to the consolidating supervisor to update the decision on the application of Article 136(2). In the latter case, the update may be addressed on a bilateral basis between the consolidating supervisor and the competent authority making the request."

(10b) In Article 131a (2), the third subparagraph is replaced by the following:

„The competent authorities responsible for the supervision of subsidiaries of an EU parent credit institution, an EU parent financial holding company or an EU parent mixed financial holding company and the competent authorities of a host country where significant branches as referred to in Article 42a are established, central banks as appropriate, and third countries' competent authorities where appropriate and subject to confidentiality requirements that are equivalent, in the opinion of all competent authorities, to the requirements under Chapter 1 Section 2, may participate in colleges of supervisors.”
(10c) In Article 132(1), the third subparagraph is replaced by the following:

„In particular, competent authorities responsible for consolidated supervision of EU parent credit institutions and credit institutions controlled by EU parent financial holding companies or by EU parent mixed financial holding companies shall provide the competent authorities in other Member States who supervise subsidiaries of these parents with all relevant information. In determining the extent of relevant information, the importance of these subsidiaries within the financial system in those Member States shall be taken into account.”

(10ca) Article 135 is replaced by the following

"Article 135

The Member States shall require that persons who effectively direct the business of a financial holding company or a mixed financial holding company be of sufficiently good repute and have sufficient experience to perform those duties."

(10d) In Article 139(3), the first subparagraph is replaced by the following:

„3. Member States shall authorise the exchange between their competent authorities of the information referred to in paragraph 2, on the understanding that, in the case of financial holding companies, mixed financial holding companies, financial institutions or ancillary services undertakings, the collection or possession of information shall not in any way imply that the competent authorities are required to play a supervisory role in relation to those institutions or undertakings standing alone.”
(10e) Article 140 is amended as follows:

(a) paragraph 1 is replaced by the following:

„1. Where a credit institution, financial holding company, mixed financial holding company or a mixed activity holding company controls one or more subsidiaries which are insurance companies or other undertakings providing investment services which are subject to authorisation, the competent authorities and the authorities entrusted with the public task of supervising insurance undertakings or those other undertakings providing investment services shall cooperate closely. Without prejudice to their respective responsibilities, those authorities shall provide one another with any information likely to simplify their task and to allow supervision of the activity and overall financial situation of the undertakings they supervise."

(b) paragraph 3 is replaced by the following:

„3. The competent authorities responsible for supervision on a consolidated basis shall establish lists of the financial holding companies or mixed financial holding companies referred to in Article 71(2). Those lists shall be communicated to the competent authorities of the other Member States and to the Commission.”
Articles 141 and 142 are replaced by the following:

"Article 141"

Where, in applying this Directive, the competent authorities of one Member State wish in specific cases to verify the information concerning a credit institution, a financial holding company, a financial institution, an ancillary services undertaking, a mixed activity holding company, a mixed financial holding company, a subsidiary of the kind covered in Article 137 or a subsidiary of the kind covered in Article 127(3), situated in another Member State, they shall ask the competent authorities of that other Member State to have that verification carried out. The authorities which receive such a request shall, within the framework of their competence, act upon it either by carrying out the verification themselves, by allowing the authorities who made the request to carry it out, or by allowing an auditor or expert to carry it out. The competent authority which made the request may, if it so wishes, participate in the verification when it does not carry out the verification itself.

"Article 142"

Without prejudice to their criminal law provisions, Member States shall ensure that penalties or measures aimed at ending observed breaches or the causes of such breaches may be imposed on financial holding companies, mixed financial holding companies and mixed activity holding companies, or their effective managers, that infringe laws, regulation or administrative provisions enacted to implement Articles 124 to 141 and this Article. The competent authorities shall cooperate closely to ensure that those penalties or measures produce the desired results, especially when the central administration or main establishment of a financial holding company, of a mixed financial holding company or of a mixed activity holding company is not located at its head office."
(12) Article 143 is amended as follows:

a) paragraph 1 is replaced by the following:

"1. Where a credit institution, the parent undertaking of which is a credit institution, a financial holding company, or a mixed financial holding company, the head office of which is in a third country, is not subject to consolidated supervision under Articles 125 and 126, the competent authorities shall verify whether the credit institution is subject to consolidated supervision by a third country competent authority which is equivalent to that governed by the principles laid down in this Directive. The verification shall be carried out by the competent authority which would be responsible for consolidated supervision if paragraph 3 were to apply, at the request of the parent undertaking or of any of the regulated entities authorised in the European Union or on its own initiative. The competent authority shall consult the other competent authorities involved."

b) in paragraph 3, the third subparagraph is replaced by the following:

"Competent authorities may in particular require the establishment of a financial holding company or mixed financial holding company which has its head office in the Community, and apply the provisions on consolidated supervision to the consolidated position of that financial holding company or mixed financial holding company."

(13) Annex X is amended in accordance with Annex III to this Directive.
Article 3a

Amendments to Directive 2009/138/EC

Directive 2009/138/EC is amended as follows:

(1) (…)

(1a) In Article 212(1), point (f) en (g) are amended as follows

"(f) "insurance holding company" means a parent undertaking which is not a mixed financial holding company and the main business of which is to acquire and hold participations in subsidiary undertakings, where those subsidiary undertakings are exclusively or mainly insurance or reinsurance undertakings, or third-country insurance or reinsurance undertakings, at least one of such subsidiary undertakings being an insurance or reinsurance undertaking.

(g) "mixed-activity insurance holding company" means a parent undertaking, other than an insurance undertaking, a third-country insurance undertaking, a reinsurance undertaking, a third-country reinsurance undertaking, an insurance holding company or a mixed financial holding company, which includes at least one insurance or reinsurance undertaking among its subsidiary undertakings."

(2) In Article 212(1), the following point is added:

“(h) 'mixed financial holding company' means a mixed financial holding company as defined in Article 2(15) of Directive 2002/87/EC)”
Article 213 is amended as follows:

a) paragraph 2 and 3 are replaced by the following:

"2. Member States shall ensure that supervision at the level of the group applies as follows:

(a) to insurance or reinsurance undertakings, which are a participating undertaking in at least one insurance undertaking, reinsurance undertaking, third-country insurance undertaking or third-country reinsurance undertaking, in accordance with Articles 218 to 258;

(b) to insurance or reinsurance undertakings, the parent undertaking of which is an insurance holding company or a mixed financial holding company which has its head office in the Community, in accordance with Articles 218 to 258;

(c) to insurance or reinsurance undertakings, the parent undertaking of which is an insurance holding company or a mixed financial holding company having its head office outside the Community or a third-country insurance or reinsurance undertaking, in accordance with Articles 260 to 263;

(d) to insurance or reinsurance undertakings, the parent undertaking of which is a mixed-activity insurance holding company, in accordance with Article 265.

"3. In the cases referred to in points (a) and (b) of paragraph 2, where the participating insurance or reinsurance undertaking or the insurance holding company or mixed financial holding company which has its head office in the Community is either a related undertaking of, or is itself, a regulated entity or a mixed financial holding company which is subject to supplementary supervision in accordance with Article 5(2) of Directive 2002/87/EC, the group supervisor may, after consulting the other supervisory authorities concerned, decide not to carry out at the level of that participating insurance or reinsurance undertaking or that insurance holding company or mixed financial holding company the supervision of risk concentration referred to in Article 244 of this Directive, the supervision of intra-group transactions referred to in Article 245 of this Directive, or both.";
b) the following paragraphs are added:

"4. Where a mixed financial holding company is subject to an equivalent provision in both this Directive and Directive 2002/87/EC, in particular in terms of risk-based supervision, the group supervisor may decide, after consulting the other supervisory authorities concerned, to apply at the level of this mixed financial holding company the equivalent provision of Directive 2002/87/EC only.

5. Where a mixed financial holding company is subject to an equivalent provision in both this Directive and Directive 2006/48/EC, in particular in terms of risk-based supervision, the group supervisor may decide, in common agreement with the consolidating supervisor in the banking and investment services sector, to apply the equivalent provision of the Directive of the most important sector as defined in Article 3(2) of Directive 2002/87/EC only.

6. The group supervisor shall inform the European Supervisory Authority (European Banking Authority) and the European Supervisory Authority (European Insurance and Occupational Pensions Authority) of the decisions taken under paragraphs (4) and (5) of this Article. The European Supervisory Authorities, through the Joint Committee, shall develop guidelines aimed at the convergence of supervisory practices and work towards issuing binding technical standards, which shall be done three years after application of these guidelines by national supervisory authorities."

(5) Article 214(1) is replaced by the following:

"1. The exercise of group supervision in accordance with Article 213 shall not imply that the supervisory authorities are required to play a supervisory role in relation to the third-country insurance undertaking, the third-country reinsurance undertaking, the insurance holding company, the mixed financial holding company or the mixed-activity insurance holding company taken individually, without prejudice to Article 257 as far as insurance holding companies or mixed financial holding companies are concerned."
(6) Articles 215(1) and (2) are replaced by the following:

"1. Where the participating insurance or reinsurance undertaking or the insurance holding company or the mixed financial holding company referred to in Article 213(2)(a) and (b) is itself a subsidiary undertaking of another insurance or reinsurance undertaking or of another insurance holding company or of another mixed financial holding company which has its head office in the Community, Articles 218 to 258 shall apply only at the level of the ultimate parent insurance or reinsurance undertaking, insurance holding company or mixed financial holding company which has its head office in the Community.

2. Where the ultimate parent insurance or reinsurance undertaking or insurance holding company or the mixed financial holding company which has its head office in the Community, referred to in paragraph 1, is a subsidiary undertaking of an undertaking which is subject to supplementary supervision in accordance with Article 5(2) of Directive 2002/87/EC, the group supervisor may, after consulting the other supervisory authorities concerned, decide not to carry out at the level of that ultimate parent undertaking the supervision of risk concentration referred to in Article 244, the supervision of intra-group transactions referred to in Article 245, or both."

(7) Article 216(1) is replaced by the following:

"1. Where the participating insurance or reinsurance undertaking or the insurance holding company or the mixed financial holding company which has its head office in the Community, referred to in Article 213(2)(a) and (b), does not have its head office in the same Member State as the ultimate parent undertaking at Community level referred to in Article 215, Member States may allow their supervisory authorities to decide, after consulting the group supervisor and that ultimate parent undertaking at Community level, to subject to group supervision the ultimate parent insurance or reinsurance undertaking, insurance holding company or mixed financial holding company at national level."

(8) Article 219 is replaced by the following:

"Article 219

Frequency of calculation

1. The group supervisor shall ensure that the calculations referred to in Article 218(2) and (3) are carried out at least annually, either by the participating insurance or reinsurance undertakings or by the insurance holding company or by the mixed financial holding company.

The relevant data for and the results of that calculation shall be submitted to the group supervisor by the participating insurance or reinsurance undertaking or, where the group is not headed by an insurance or reinsurance undertaking, by the insurance holding company or the mixed financial holding company or by the undertaking in the group identified by the group supervisor after consulting the other supervisory authorities concerned and the group itself."
2. The insurance and reinsurance undertaking and the insurance holding company or the mixed financial holding company shall monitor the group Solvency Capital Requirement on an ongoing basis. Where the risk profile of the group deviates significantly from the assumptions underlying the last reported group Solvency Capital Requirement, the group Solvency Capital Requirement shall be recalculated without delay and reported to the group supervisor.

Where there is evidence to suggest that the risk profile of the group has altered significantly since the date on which the group Solvency Capital Requirement was last reported, the group supervisor may require a recalculation of the group Solvency Capital Requirement."

(9) Article 226 is replaced by the following:

"Article 226

Intermediate insurance holding companies

1. When calculating the group solvency of an insurance or reinsurance undertaking which holds a participation in a related insurance undertaking, a related reinsurance undertaking, a third-country insurance undertaking or a third-country reinsurance undertaking, through an insurance holding company or a mixed financial holding company, the situation of such an insurance holding company or mixed financial holding company shall be taken into account.

For the sole purpose of that calculation, the intermediate insurance holding company or intermediate mixed financial holding company shall be treated as if it were an insurance or reinsurance undertaking subject to the rules laid down in Title I, Chapter VI, Section 4, Subsections 1, 2 and 3 in respect of the Solvency Capital Requirement and were subject to the same conditions as are laid down in Title I, Chapter VI, Section 3, Subsections 1, 2 and 3, in respect of own funds eligible for the Solvency Capital Requirement."
2. In cases where an intermediate insurance holding company or intermediate mixed financial holding company holds subordinated debt or other eligible own funds subject to limitation in accordance with Article 98, they shall be recognised as eligible own funds up to the amounts calculated by application of the limits set out in Article 98 to the total eligible own funds outstanding at group level as compared to the Solvency Capital Requirement at group level.

Any eligible own funds of an intermediate insurance holding company or intermediate mixed financial holding company, which would require prior authorisation from the supervisory authority in accordance with Article 90 if they were held by an insurance or reinsurance undertaking, may be included in the calculation of the group solvency only in so far as they have been duly authorised by the group supervisor."

(10) Article 231(1) is replaced by the following:

“1. In the case of an application for permission to calculate the consolidated group Solvency Capital Requirement, as well as the Solvency Capital Requirement of insurance and reinsurance undertakings in the group, on the basis of an internal model, submitted by an insurance or reinsurance undertaking and its related undertakings, or jointly by the related undertakings of an insurance holding company or a mixed financial holding company, the supervisory authorities concerned shall cooperate to decide whether or not to grant that permission and to determine the terms and conditions, if any, to which such permission is subject."

(11) Article 233(5) is replaced by the following:

“5. In the case of an application for permission to calculate the Solvency Capital Requirement of insurance and reinsurance undertakings in the group on the basis of an internal model, submitted by an insurance or reinsurance undertaking and its related undertakings, or jointly by the related undertakings of an insurance holding company or mixed financial holding company, Article 231 shall apply mutatis mutandis."
(12) The title of Subsection 5 is replaced by the following:

"

Supervision of group solvency for insurance and reinsurance undertakings that are subsidiaries of an insurance holding company or mixed financial holding company".

(13) Article 235 is replaced by the following:

“Article 235

Group solvency of an insurance holding company or mixed financial holding company

Where insurance and reinsurance undertakings are subsidiaries of an insurance holding company or mixed financial holding company, the group supervisor shall ensure that the calculation of the solvency of the group is carried out at the level of the insurance holding company or mixed financial holding company applying Article 220(2) to Article 233.

For the purpose of that calculation, the parent undertaking shall be treated as if it were an insurance or reinsurance undertaking subject to the rules laid down in Title I, Chapter VI, Section 4, Subsections 1, 2 and 3 as regards the Solvency Capital Requirement and subject to the same conditions as laid down in Title I, Chapter VI, Section 3, Subsections 1, 2 and 3 as regards the own funds eligible for the Solvency Capital Requirement."
(14) Article 243 is replaced by the following:

"Article 243

Subsidiaries of an insurance holding company or mixed financial holding company

Articles 236 to 242 shall apply *mutatis mutandis* to insurance and reinsurance undertakings which are the subsidiary of an insurance holding company or mixed financial holding company."

(15) Article 244(2) is replaced by the following:

"2. The Member States shall require insurance and reinsurance undertakings or insurance holding companies or mixed financial holding companies to report on a regular basis and at least annually to the group supervisor any significant risk concentration at the level of the group, unless Article 215(2) applies.

The necessary information shall be submitted to the group supervisor by the insurance or reinsurance undertaking which is at the head of the group or, where the group is not headed by a insurance or reinsurance undertaking, by the insurance holding company, by the mixed financial holding company or by the insurance or reinsurance undertaking in the group identified by the group supervisor after consulting the other supervisory authorities concerned and the group.

The risk concentrations shall be subject to supervisory review by the group supervisor."
(16) Article 245(2) is replaced by the following:

"2. The Member States shall require insurance and reinsurance undertakings or insurance holding companies or mixed financial holding companies to report on a regular basis and at least annually to the group supervisor all significant intra-group transactions by insurance and reinsurance undertakings within a group, including those performed with a natural person with close links to an undertaking in the group, unless Article 215(2) applies.

In addition, Member States shall require reporting of very significant intra-group transactions as soon as practicable.

The necessary information shall be submitted to the group supervisor by the insurance or reinsurance undertaking which is at the head of the group or, where the group is not headed by an insurance or reinsurance undertaking, by the insurance holding company or the mixed financial holding company or by the insurance or reinsurance undertaking in the group identified by the group supervisor after consulting the other supervisory authorities concerned and the group.

The intra-group transactions shall be subject to supervisory review by the group supervisor."

(17) In Article 246(4), the first, second and third subparagraphs are replaced by the following:

"4. Member States shall require the participating insurance or reinsurance undertaking or the insurance holding company or the mixed financial holding company to undertake at the level of the group the assessment required by Article 45. The own-risk and solvency assessment conducted at group level shall be subject to supervisory review by the group supervisor in accordance with Chapter III."
Where the calculation of the solvency at the level of the group is carried out in accordance with method 1, as referred to in Article 230, the participating insurance or reinsurance undertaking or the insurance holding company or the mixed financial holding company shall provide to the group supervisor a proper understanding of the difference between the sum of the Solvency Capital Requirements of all the related insurance or reinsurance undertakings of the group and the group consolidated Solvency Capital Requirement.

Where the participating insurance or reinsurance undertaking or the insurance holding company or the mixed financial holding company so decides, and subject to the agreement of the group supervisor, it may undertake any assessments required by Article 45 at the level of the group and at the level of any subsidiary in the group at the same time, and may produce a single document covering all the assessments."

(18) In Article 247(2), point b is replaced by the following:

"(b) where a group is not headed by an insurance or reinsurance undertaking, by the supervisory authority identified in accordance with the following:

(i) where the parent of an insurance or reinsurance undertaking is an insurance holding company or mixed financial holding company, by the supervisory authority which has authorised that insurance or reinsurance undertaking;

(ii) where more than one insurance or reinsurance undertaking with a head office in the Community have as their parent the same insurance holding company or mixed financial holding company, and one of those undertakings has been authorised in the Member State in which the insurance holding company or mixed financial holding company has its head office, by the supervisory authority of the insurance or reinsurance undertaking authorised in that Member State;"
(iii) where the group is headed by more than one insurance holding company or mixed financial holding company with a head office in different Member States and there is an insurance or reinsurance undertaking in each of those Member States, by the supervisory authority of the insurance or reinsurance undertaking with the largest balance sheet total;

(iv) where more than one insurance or reinsurance undertaking with a head office in the Community have as their parent the same insurance holding company or mixed financial holding company and none of those undertakings has been authorised in the Member State in which the insurance holding company or mixed financial holding company has its head office, by the supervisory authority which authorised the insurance or reinsurance undertaking with the largest balance sheet total; or

(v) where the group is a group without a parent undertaking, or in any circumstances not referred to in points (i) to (iv) by the supervisory authority which authorised the insurance or reinsurance undertaking with the largest balance sheet total."

(19) In Article 256, paragraphs 1 and 2 are replaced by the following:

"1. Member States shall require participating insurance and reinsurance undertakings or insurance holding companies or mixed financial holding companies to disclose publicly, on an annual basis, a report on the solvency and financial condition at the level of the group. Articles 51 and 53 to 55 shall apply mutatis mutandis.
2. Where a participating insurance or reinsurance undertaking or an insurance holding company or mixed financial holding company so decides, and subject to the agreement of the group supervisor, it may provide a single solvency and financial condition report which shall comprise the following:

(a) the information at the level of the group which must be disclosed in accordance with paragraph 1;

(b) the information for any of the subsidiaries within the group which must be individually identifiable and disclosed in accordance with Articles 51 and 53 to 55.

Before granting the agreement in accordance with the first subparagraph, the group supervisor shall consult and duly take into account any views and reservations of the members of the college of supervisors."

(20) Article 257 is replaced by the following:

"Article 257

Administrative, management or supervisory body of insurance holding companies or mixed financial holding companies

Member States shall require that all persons who effectively run the insurance holding company or mixed financial holding company are fit and proper to perform their duties.

Article 42 shall apply *mutatis mutandis*."
In Article 258, paragraphs 1 and 2 are replaced by the following:

"1. Where the insurance or reinsurance undertakings in a group do not comply with the requirements referred to in Articles 218 to 246 or where the requirements are met but solvency may nevertheless be jeopardised or where the intra-group transactions or the risk concentrations are a threat to the financial position of the insurance or reinsurance undertakings, the following shall require the necessary measures in order to rectify the situation as soon as possible:

   (a) the group supervisor with respect to the insurance holding company or mixed financial holding company;

   (b) the supervisory authorities with respect to the insurance and reinsurance undertakings.

Where, in the case referred to in point (a) of the first subparagraph, the group supervisor is not one of the supervisory authorities of the Member State in which the insurance holding company or mixed financial holding company has its head office, the group supervisor shall inform those supervisory authorities of its findings with a view to enabling them to take the necessary measures.

Where, in the case referred to in point (b) of the first subparagraph, the group supervisor is not one of the supervisory authorities of the Member State in which the insurance or reinsurance undertaking has its head office, the group supervisor shall inform those supervisory authorities of its findings with a view to enabling them to take the necessary measures.

Without prejudice to paragraph 2, Member States shall determine the measures which may be taken by their supervisory authorities with respect to insurance holding companies or mixed financial holding companies.

The supervisory authorities concerned, including the group supervisor, shall where appropriate coordinate their enforcement measures.
2. Without prejudice to their criminal law provisions, Member States shall ensure that sanctions or measures may be imposed on insurance holding companies or mixed financial holding companies which infringe laws, regulations or administrative provisions enacted to implement this Title, or on the person effectively managing those companies. The supervisory authorities shall cooperate closely to ensure that such sanctions or measures are effective, especially when the central administration or main establishment of an insurance holding company or mixed financial holding company is not located at its head office.

(22) Article 262 is replaced by the following:

"Article 262

Parent undertakings outside the Community: absence of equivalence

1. In the absence of equivalent supervision referred to in Article 260, Member States shall apply to the insurance and reinsurance undertakings either Articles 218 to 258, *mutatis mutandis* and with the exception of Articles 236 to 243, or one of the methods set out in paragraph 2.

The general principles and methods set out in Articles 218 to 258 shall apply at the level of the insurance holding company, mixed financial holding company, third-country insurance undertaking or third-country reinsurance undertaking.

For the sole purpose of the group solvency calculation, the parent undertaking shall be treated as if it were an insurance or reinsurance undertaking subject to the same conditions as laid down in Title I, Chapter VI, Section 3, Subsections 1, 2 and 3 as regards the own funds eligible for the Solvency Capital Requirement and to either of the following:
(a) a Solvency Capital Requirement determined in accordance with the principles of Article 226 where it is an insurance holding company or mixed financial holding company;

(b) a Solvency Capital Requirement determined in accordance with the principles of Article 227, where it is a third-country insurance undertaking or a third-country reinsurance undertaking.

2. Member States shall allow their supervisory authorities to apply other methods which ensure appropriate supervision of the insurance and reinsurance undertakings in a group. Those methods must be agreed by the group supervisor, after consulting the other supervisory authorities concerned.

The supervisory authorities may in particular require the establishment of an insurance holding company or a mixed financial holding company, which has its head office in the Community, and apply this Title to the insurance and reinsurance undertakings in the group headed by that insurance holding company or mixed financial holding company.

The methods chosen shall allow the objectives of the group supervision as defined in this Title to be achieved and shall be notified to the other supervisory authorities concerned and the Commission.

(23) In Article 263, the first and second paragraphs are replaced by the following:

"Where the parent undertaking referred to in Article 260 is itself a subsidiary of an insurance holding company or mixed financial holding company having its head office outside the Community or of a third-country insurance or reinsurance undertaking, Member States shall apply the verification provided for in Article 260 only at the level of the ultimate parent undertaking which is a third-country insurance holding company, a third country mixed financial holding company, a third-country insurance undertaking or a third-country reinsurance undertaking."
However, Member States shall allow their supervisory authorities to decide, in the absence of equivalent supervision referred to in Article 260, to carry out a new verification at a lower level where a parent undertaking of insurance or reinsurance undertakings exists, whether a third-country insurance holding company, a third-country mixed financial holding company, a third-country insurance undertaking or a third-country reinsurance undertaking.

Article 4

Transposition

1. Member States shall bring into force the laws, regulations and administrative provisions necessary to comply with Articles 1 to 3 of this Directive by…11. They shall communicate immediately to the Commission the text of those provisions and a correlation table between those provisions and this Directive.

(…)

1a. Member States shall bring into force the laws, regulations and administrative provisions necessary to comply with Article 3a of this Directive by 31 October 2012.12.

1b. When Member States adopt those provisions, they shall contain a reference to this Directive or be accompanied by such a reference on the occasion of their official publication. Member States shall determine how such reference is to be made.

(…)

2. Member States shall communicate to the Commission the text of the main provisions of national law which they adopt in the field covered by this Directive.

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11 18 months after the entry into force of this Directive.
12 18 months after the entry into force of this Directive.
* OJ: please insert the later date of the two dates mentioned in this paragraph.
Article 5

This Directive shall enter into force on the [first] day following that of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union.

Article 6

This Directive is addressed to the Member States.

Done at Brussels,

For the European Parliament

For the Council

The President

The President
ANNEX I

Annexes I and II to Directive 98/78/EC are amended as follows:

A. Annex I is amended as follows:

(1) Section 2.1. is amended as follows:

(a) the second indent of the fourth subparagraph is replaced by the following:

“- if the insurance undertaking or the reinsurance undertaking is a related undertaking of an insurance holding company or of a mixed financial holding company which has its registered office in the same Member State as the insurance undertaking or the reinsurance undertaking, and both the insurance holding company or mixed financial holding company and the related insurance undertaking or the related reinsurance undertaking are taken into account in the calculation carried out.”;

(b) the fifth sub-paragraph is replaced by the following:

“Member States may also waive calculation of the adjusted solvency of an insurance undertaking or reinsurance undertaking if it is a related insurance undertaking or a related reinsurance undertaking of another insurance undertaking, a reinsurance undertaking or an insurance holding company or a mixed financial holding company which has its registered office in another Member State, and if the competent authorities of the Member States concerned have agreed to grant exercise of the supplementary supervision to the competent authority of the latter Member State.”
(2) Section 2.2. is replaced by the following:

“2.2 Intermediate insurance holding companies or mixed financial holding companies

When calculating the adjusted solvency of an insurance undertaking or a reinsurance undertaking which holds a participation in a related insurance undertaking, a related reinsurance undertaking, a non-member country insurance undertaking or a non-member country reinsurance undertaking, through an insurance holding company or a mixed financial holding company, the situation of the intermediate insurance holding company or the intermediate mixed financial holding company is taken into account. For the sole purpose of this calculation, to be undertaken in accordance with the general principles and methods described in this Annex, this insurance holding company or mixed financial holding company shall be treated as if it were an insurance undertaking or reinsurance undertaking subject to a zero solvency requirement and were subject to the same conditions as are laid down in Article 16 of Directive 73/239/EEC, in Article 27 of Directive 2002/83/EC or in Article 36 of Directive 2005/68/EC in respect of elements eligible for the solvency margin.”

B. Annex II is amended as follows:

(1) The title of Annex II shall be replaced by:

“SUPPLEMENTARY SUPERVISION FOR INSURANCE AND REINSURANCE UNDERTAKINGS THAT ARE SUBSIDIARIES OF AN INSURANCE HOLDING COMPANY, A MIXED FINANCIAL HOLDING COMPANY, A NON-MEMBER-COUNTRY INSURANCE UNDERTAKING OR A NON-MEMBER COUNTRY REINSURANCE UNDERTAKING".
(2) In paragraph 1, the first subparagraph is replaced by the following:

“1. In the case of two or more insurance undertakings referred to in Article 2(2) which are the subsidiaries of an insurance holding company, a mixed financial holding company, a non-member-country insurance undertaking or a non-member-country re-insurance undertaking and which are established in different Member States, the competent authorities shall ensure that the method described in this Annex is applied in a consistent manner.”

(3) Paragraph 2 is amended as follows:

a) in the first subparagraph, the second and third indents are replaced by the following:

“- if that insurance undertaking or re-insurance undertaking and one or more other insurance undertakings or re-insurance undertakings authorised in the same Member State have as their parent undertaking the same insurance holding company, mixed financial holding company, non-member-country insurance undertaking or non-member-country re-insurance undertaking, and the insurance undertaking or re-insurance undertaking is taken into account in the calculation provided for in this Annex carried out for one of these other undertakings,

– if that insurance undertaking or re-insurance undertaking and one or more other insurance undertakings or re-insurance undertakings authorised in other Member States have as their parent undertaking the same insurance holding company, mixed financial holding company, non-member-country insurance undertaking or non-member-country re-insurance undertaking, and an agreement granting exercise of the supplementary supervision covered by this Annex to the supervisory authority of another Member State has been concluded in accordance with Article 4(2).”;
(4) Paragraph 3 is replaced by the following:

“3. The competent authorities shall ensure that calculations analogous to those described in Annex I are carried out at the level of the insurance holding company, or mixed financial holding company.

The analogy shall consist in applying the general principles and methods described in Annex I at the level of the insurance holding company, mixed financial holding company, non-member-country insurance undertaking or non-member-country re-insurance undertaking.

For the sole purpose of that calculation, the parent undertaking shall be treated as if it were an insurance undertaking or reinsurance undertaking subject to the following conditions:

- a zero solvency requirement where it is an insurance holding company or mixed financial holding company,
- a solvency requirement determined in accordance with the principles of section 2.3 of Annex I, where it is a non-member-country insurance undertaking or a non-member-country reinsurance undertaking,

- the same conditions as laid down in Article 16(1) of Directive 73/239/EEC or in Article 18 of Directive 79/267/EEC as regards the elements eligible for the solvency margin.”
ANNEX II

In Annex I to Directive 2002/87/EC, under 'II. Technical Calculation Methods', Method 3 and Method 4 are replaced by the following:

“Method 3: ‘Combination method’

Competent authorities may allow a combination of method 1 and method 2.”
ANNEX III

In Directive 2006/48/EC, paragraph 30 of section 3 of part 3 of Annex X is replaced by the following:

“30. When an Advanced Measurement Approach is intended to be used by the EU parent credit institution and its subsidiaries, or by the subsidiaries of an EU parent financial holding company or an EU parent mixed financial holding company, the application shall include a description of the methodology used for allocating operational risk capital between the different entities of the group.”