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LEGISLATIVE ACTS AND OTHER INSTRUMENTS

Subject: Regional Convention on pan-Euro-Mediterranean preferential rules of origin

REGIONAL CONVENTION ON PAN-EURO-MEDITERRANEAN PREFERENTIAL RULES OF ORIGIN

| THE EUROPEAN UNION, |
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| ICELAND, |
| THE PRINCIPALITY OF LIECHTENSTEIN, |
| THE KINGDOM OF NORWAY, |
| THE SWISS CONFEDERATION, |
| hereinafter referred to as "the EFTA States", |
| THE PEOPLE'S DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF ALGERIA, |
| THE ARAB REPUBLIC OF EGYPT, |
| THE STATE OF ISRAEL, |
| THE HASHEMITE KINGDOM OF JORDAN, |
| THE REPUBLIC OF LEBANON, |
| THE KINGDOM OF MOROCCO, |
| THE PALESTINE LIBERATION ORGANISATION FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE PALESTINIAN AUTHORITY OF THE WEST BANK AND THE GAZA STRIP, |
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| THE SYRIAN ARAB REPUBLIC, |
|--|
| THE REPUBLIC OF TUNISIA, |
| THE REPUBLIC OF TURKEY, |
| hereinafter referred to as "the participants in the Barcelona Process", |
| THE REPUBLIC OF ALBANIA, |
| BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA, |
| THE REPUBLIC OF CROATIA, |
| THE FORMER YUGOSLAV REPUBLIC OF MACEDONIA, |
| MONTENEGRO, |
| THE REPUBLIC OF SERBIA |
| AS WELL AS KOSOVO (UNDER RESOLUTION 1244(1999) OF THE UNITED NATIONS SECURITY COUNCIL), |
| hereinafter referred to as "the participants in the European Union's Stabilisation and Association Process", |
| |

THE KINGDOM OF DENMARK IN RESPECT OF THE FAROE ISLANDS,

hereinafter referred to as "the Faroe Islands",

hereinafter referred to together as the "Contracting Parties",

CONSIDERING the pan-Euro-Mediterranean system of cumulation of origin, which is made up of a network of Free Trade Agreements and provides for identical rules of origin allowing for diagonal cumulation,

CONSIDERING the possible future extension of the geographical scope of diagonal cumulation to neighbouring countries and territories,

CONSIDERING the difficulties in the management of the current network of bilateral protocols on rules of origin among the countries or territories of the pan-Euro-Mediterranean zone, it is desirable to transpose the existing bilateral systems on rules of origin into a multilateral framework, without prejudice to the principles laid down in the relevant agreements or any other related bilateral agreements,

CONSIDERING that any amendment to a protocol on rules of origin applicable between two partner countries of the pan-Euro-Mediterranean zone implies identical amendments to each and every protocol applicable within the zone,

CONSIDERING that the rules of origin will need to be amended in order to better respond to the economic reality,

CONSIDERING the idea to base cumulation of origin on a single legal instrument in the form of a regional convention on preferential rules of origin, to which the individual free trade agreements applicable between the countries of the zone would refer,

CONSIDERING that the following regional Convention does not lead overall to a less favourable situation than in the previous relation between the free trade partners which apply the pan-euro or pan-euro-med cumulation,

CONSIDERING that the idea of a regional convention on preferential rules of origin for the pan-Euro-Mediterranean zone received the support of the Euro-Med Trade Ministers during their meeting in Lisbon on 21 October 2007,

CONSIDERING that a main objective of a single regional convention is to move towards the application of identical rules of origin for the purpose of cumulation of origin for goods traded between all Contracting Parties,

HAVE DECIDED to conclude the following Convention:

PART I

GENERAL PROVISIONS

ARTICLE 1

- 1. This Convention lays down provisions on the origin of goods traded under the relevant Agreements concluded between the Contracting Parties.
- 2. The concept of "originating products" and the methods of administrative cooperation relating thereto are set out in the Appendixes to this Convention.

Appendix I sets out general rules for the definition of the concept of originating products and the methods of administrative cooperation.

Appendix II sets out special provisions applicable between certain Contracting Parties and derogating from the provisions laid down in Appendix I.

- 3. The following are Contracting Parties to this Convention:
 - the European Union,
 - the EFTA States as listed in the Preamble,
 - the Kingdom of Denmark in respect of the Faroe Islands,
 - the participants in the Barcelona Process as listed in the Preamble,
 - the participants in the European Union's Stabilisation and Association Process as listed in the Preamble.

With respect to the European Union, this Convention shall apply to the territory in which the Treaty on European Union is applicable, as defined in article 52 of that Treaty and Article 355 of the Treaty of the Functioning of the European Union.

ARTICLE 2

For the purposes of this Convention:

- (1) "Contracting Party" means those listed in Article 1(3);
- (2) "third party" means any neighbouring country or territory which is not a Contracting Party,
- (3) "relevant Agreement" means a free trade agreement between two or more Contracting Parties, which refers to this Convention.

PART II

THE JOINT COMMITTEE

ARTICLE 3

1. A Joint Committee is hereby established in which each Contracting Party shall be represented.

- 2. The Joint Committee shall act by unanimity, without prejudice to Article 5(4).
- 3. The Joint Committee shall meet whenever necessary, but at least once a year. Any Contracting Party may request that a meeting be held.
- 4. The Joint Committee shall adopt its own rules of procedure, which shall, *inter alia*, contain provisions for convening meetings and for the designation of the chairperson and his term of office.
- 5. The Joint Committee may decide to set up any sub-committee or working group that can assist it in carrying out its duties.

- 1. It shall be the responsibility of the Joint Committee to administer this Convention and ensure its proper implementation. For this purpose, it shall be regularly informed by the Contracting Parties about the experiences they have in the application of this Convention. The Joint Committee shall make recommendations, and in the cases provided for in paragraph 3, shall take decisions.
- 2. In particular the Joint Committee shall recommend to the Contracting Parties:
- (a) explanatory notes and guidelines for the uniform application of this Convention;
- (b) any other measures required for its application.

- 3. The Joint Committee shall adopt by decision:
- (a) amendments to this Convention including amendments to the Appendixes;
- (b) invitations to third parties to accede to this Convention in accordance with Article 5;
- (c) transitional measures required in the case of the accession of new Contracting Parties.

Decisions referred to in this paragraph shall be put into effect by the Contracting Parties in accordance with their own legislation.

4. If a representative of a Contracting Party in the Joint Committee has accepted a decision subject to the fulfilment of fundamental legal requirements, the decision shall enter into force, if no date is contained therein, on the first day of the second month after the lifting of the reservation is notified.

PART III

ACCESSION OF THIRD PARTIES

ARTICLE 5

- 1. A third party may become a Contracting Party to this Convention, provided that the candidate country or territory has a free trade agreement in force, providing for preferential rules of origin, with at least one of the Contracting Parties.
- 2. A third party shall submit a written request for accession to the depositary.
- 3. The depositary shall submit the request to the Joint Committee for its consideration.
- 4. The decision of the Joint Committee inviting a third party to accede to this Convention shall be sent to the depositary, which shall, within two months, forward it, together with a text of the Convention in force on that date, to the requesting third party. One single Contracting Party may not oppose that decision.
- 5. A third party invited to become a Contracting Party to this Convention shall do so by depositing an instrument of accession with the depositary. The said instruments shall be accompanied by a translation of the Convention into the official language(s) of the acceding third party.

- 6. The accession shall become effective on the first day of the second month following the depositing of the instrument of accession.
- 7. The depositary shall notify all Contracting Parties of the date on which the instrument of accession was deposited and the date on which the accession will become effective.
- 8. Recommendations and decisions of the Joint Committee referred to in Article 4(2) and (3) adopted between the date of submission of the request referred to in paragraph 2 of this Article and the date on which accession becomes effective shall also be communicated to the acceding third party via the depositary.

A declaration accepting such acts shall be inserted either in the instrument of accession or in a separate instrument deposited with the depositary within six months of the communication. If the declaration is not deposited within that period, the accession shall be considered void.

9. From the date referred to in paragraph 4, the third party concerned may be represented with observer status in the Joint Committee and any sub-committee and working groups.

PART IV

MISCELLANEOUS AND FINAL PROVISIONS

ARTICLE 6

Each Contracting Party shall take appropriate measures to ensure that this Convention is effectively applied, taking account of the need to achieve mutually satisfactory solutions of any difficulties arising from its application.

ARTICLE 7

The Contracting Parties shall keep each other informed via the depositary of the measures which they adopt for the implementation of this Convention.

ARTICLE 8

The Appendixes to this Convention shall form an integral part thereof.

Any Contracting Party may withdraw from this Convention provided it gives 12 months' notice in writing to the depositary, which shall notify all other Contracting Parties.

ARTICLE 10

- 1. This Convention shall enter into force on 1 January 2011, in relation to those Contracting Parties which, by then, have deposited their instrument of acceptance with the depositary, provided that at least two Contracting Parties have deposited their instruments of acceptance with the depositary by 31.12.2010.
- 2. If this Convention does not enter into force on 1 January 2011, it shall enter into force on the first day of the second month following the deposit of the last instrument of acceptance by at least two Contracting Parties.
- 3. In relation to any other Contracting Party than those referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2, this Convention shall enter into force on the first day of the second month following the deposit of its instrument of acceptance.

4. The depositary shall notify to the Contracting Parties the date of the deposit of the instrument of acceptance of each Contracting Party and the date of the entry into force of this Convention by publishing this information in the Official Journal of the European Union (C series).

ARTICLE 11

The General Secretariat of the Council of the European Union shall act as depositary of this Convention.

Appendix I

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TITLE I

GENERAL PROVISIONS

ARTICLE 1

Definitions

For the purposes of this Convention:

- (a) "manufacture" means any kind of working or processing including assembly or specific operations;
- (b) "material" means any ingredient, raw material, component or part, *etc.*, used in the manufacture of a product;
- (c) "product" means a product being manufactured, even if it is intended for later use in another manufacturing operation;
- (d) "goods" means both materials and products;
- (e) "customs value" means the value as determined in accordance with the Agreement on implementation of Article VII of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade 1994;

- (f) "ex-works price" means the price paid for the product ex works to the manufacturer in the Contracting Party in whose undertaking the last working or processing is carried out, provided the price includes the value of all the materials used, minus any internal taxes which are, or may be, repaid when the product obtained is exported;
- (g) "value of materials" means the customs value at the time of importation of the non-originating materials used, or, if this is not known and cannot be ascertained, the first ascertainable price paid for the materials in the exporting Contracting Party;
- (h) "value of originating materials" means the value of such materials as defined in (g) applied *mutatis mutandis*;
- (i) "value added" means the ex-works price minus the customs value of each of the materials incorporated which originate in the other Contracting Parties with which cumulation is applicable or, where the customs value is not known or cannot be ascertained, the first ascertainable price paid for the materials in the exporting Contracting Party;
- (j) "chapters" and "headings" mean the chapters and the headings (four-digit codes) used in the nomenclature which makes up the Harmonised Commodity Description and Coding System, referred to in this Convention as "the Harmonised System" or "HS";
- (k) "classified" refers to the classification of a product or material under a particular heading;

- (l) "consignment" means products which are either sent simultaneously from one exporter to one consignee or covered by a single transport document covering their shipment from the exporter to the consignee or, in the absence of such a document, by a single invoice;
- (m) "territories" includes territorial waters;
- (n) "customs authorities of the Contracting Party" for the European Union means any of the customs authorities of the Member States of the European Union.

TITLE II

DEFINITION OF THE CONCEPT OF "ORIGINATING PRODUCTS"

ARTICLE 2

General requirements

- 1. For the purpose of implementing the relevant Agreement, the following products shall be considered as originating in a Contracting Party when exported to another Contracting Party:
- (a) products wholly obtained in the Contracting Party, within the meaning of Article 4;

- (b) products obtained in the Contracting Party incorporating materials which have not been wholly obtained there, provided that such materials have undergone sufficient working or processing in that Contracting Party within the meaning of Article 5;
- (c) goods originating in the European Economic Area (EEA) within the meaning of Protocol 4 to the Agreement on the European Economic Area. Such goods shall be considered as originating in the European Union, Iceland, Liechtenstein¹ or Norway ("EEA Parties") when exported respectively from the European Union, Iceland, Liechtenstein or Norway to a Contracting Party other than the EEA Parties.
- 2. The provisions of paragraph 1(c) shall apply only provided that free trade agreements are applicable between the importing Contracting Party and the EEA Parties.

Due to the Customs Union between Liechtenstein and Switzerland, products originating in Liechtenstein are cosidered as originating in Switzerland.

Cumulation of origin

- 1. Without prejudice to the provisions of Article 2(1), products shall be considered as originating in the exporting Contracting Party when exported to another Contracting Party if they are obtained there, incorporating materials originating in Switzerland (including Liechtenstein)¹, Iceland, Norway, Turkey or in the European Union, provided that the working or processing carried out in the exporting Contracting Party goes beyond the operations referred to in Article 6. It shall not be necessary for such materials to have undergone sufficient working or processing.
- 2. Without prejudice to the provisions of Article 2(1), products shall be considered as originating in the exporting Contracting Party when exported to another Contracting Party if they are obtained there, incorporating materials originating in the Faroe Islands, any participant in the Barcelona Process other than Turkey, or any Contracting Party other than those referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article, provided that the working or processing carried out in the exporting Contracting Party goes beyond the operations referred to in Article 6. It shall not be necessary for such materials to have undergone sufficient working or processing.

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The Principality of Liechtenstein has a customs union with Switzerland and is a Contracting Party to the Agreement on the European Economic Area..

- 3. Where the working or processing carried out in the exporting Contracting Party does not go beyond the operations referred to in Article 6, the product obtained shall be considered as originating in the exporting Contracting Party only where the value added there is greater than the value of the materials used originating in any one of the other Contracting Parties referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2. If this is not so, the product obtained shall be considered as originating in the Contracting Party which accounts for the highest value of originating materials used in the manufacture in the exporting Contracting Party.
- 4. Products originating in the Contracting Parties referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 which do not undergo any working or processing in the exporting Contracting Party shall retain their origin if exported into one of the other Contracting Parties.
- 5. The cumulation provided for in this Article may be applied only provided that:
- (a) a preferential trade agreement in accordance with Article XXIV of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade is applicable between the Contracting Parties involved in the acquisition of the originating status and the Contracting Party of destination;
- (b) materials and products have acquired originating status by the application of rules of origin identical to those given in this Convention; and

(c) notices indicating the fulfilment of the necessary requirements to apply cumulation have been published in the Official Journal of the European Union (C series) and in the Contracting Parties which are party to the relevant Agreements, according to their own procedures.

The cumulation provided for in this Article shall apply from the date indicated in the notice published in the Official Journal of the European Union (C series).

The Contracting Parties shall provide the other Contracting Parties which are party to the relevant Agreements, through the European Commission, with details of the Agreements, including their dates of entry into force, which are applied with the other Contracting Parties referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2.

ARTICLE 4

Wholly obtained products

- 1. The following shall be considered as wholly obtained in a Contracting Party when exported to another Contracting Party:
- (a) mineral products extracted from its soil or from its seabed;
- (b) vegetable products harvested there;

| (c) | live animals born and raised there; |
|-----|---|
| (d) | products from live animals raised there; |
| (e) | products obtained by hunting or fishing conducted there; |
| (f) | products of sea fishing and other products taken from the sea outside the territorial waters of the exporting Contracting Party by its vessels; |
| (g) | products made aboard its factory ships exclusively from products referred to in (f); |
| (h) | used articles collected there fit only for the recovery of raw materials, including used tyres fit only for retreading or for use as waste; |
| (i) | waste and scrap resulting from manufacturing operations conducted there; |
| (j) | products extracted from marine soil or subsoil outside its territorial waters provided that it has sole rights to work that soil or subsoil; |
| (k) | goods produced there exclusively from the products specified in (a) to (j). |
| | |

- 2. The terms "its vessels" and "its factory ships" in paragraph 1(f) and (g) shall apply only to vessels and factory ships:
- (a) which are registered or recorded in the exporting Contracting Party;
- (b) which sail under the flag of the exporting Contracting Party;
- (c) which are owned to an extent of at least 50 % by nationals of the exporting Contracting Party, or by a company with its head office in the exporting Contracting Party, of which the manager or managers, Chairman of the Board of Directors or the Supervisory Board, and the majority of the members of such boards are nationals of the exporting Contracting Party and of which, in addition, in the case of partnerships or limited companies, at least half the capital belongs to the exporting Contracting Party or to public bodies or nationals of the said Contracting Party;
- (d) of which the master and officers are nationals of the exporting Contracting Party; and
- (e) of which at least 75 % of the crew are nationals of the exporting Contracting Party.
- 3. For the purpose of paragraph 2 (a) and (b), when the exporting Contracting Party is the European Union, it means a Member State of the European Union.

Sufficiently worked or processed products

1. For the purposes of Article 2, products which are not wholly obtained shall be considered to be sufficiently worked or processed when the conditions set out in the list in Annex II are fulfilled.

The conditions referred to above indicate the working or processing which must be carried out on non-originating materials used in manufacturing and apply only in relation to such materials. It follows that if a product which has acquired originating status by fulfilling the conditions set out in the list is used in the manufacture of another product, the conditions applicable to the product in which it is incorporated do not apply to it, and no account shall be taken of the non-originating materials which may have been used in its manufacture.

- 2. Notwithstanding paragraph 1, non-originating materials which, according to the conditions set out in the list in Annex II, should not be used in the manufacture of a product may nevertheless be used, provided that:
- (a) their total value does not exceed 10 % of the ex-works price of the product;
- (b) any of the percentages given in the list for the maximum value of non-originating materials are not exceeded by virtue of this paragraph.

This paragraph shall not apply to products falling within Chapters 50 to 63 of the Harmonised System.

3. Paragraphs 1 and 2 shall apply subject to the provisions of Article 6.

ARTICLE 6

Insufficient working or processing

- 1. Without prejudice to paragraph 2, the following operations shall be considered as insufficient working or processing to confer the status of originating products, whether or not the requirements of Article 5 are satisfied:
- (a) preserving operations to ensure that the products remain in good condition during transport and storage;
- (b) breaking-up and assembly of packages;
- (c) washing, cleaning; removal of dust, oxide, oil, paint or other coverings;
- (d) ironing or pressing of textiles;
- (e) simple painting and polishing operations;

| (f) | husking, partial or total bleaching, polishing, and glazing of cereals and rice; |
|-----|---|
| (g) | operations to colour sugar or form sugar lumps; |
| (h) | peeling, stoning and shelling, of fruits, nuts and vegetables; |
| (i) | sharpening, simple grinding or simple cutting; |
| (j) | sifting, screening, sorting, classifying, grading, matching; (including the making-up of sets of articles); |
| (k) | simple placing in bottles, cans, flasks, bags, cases, boxes, fixing on cards or boards and all other simple packaging operations; |
| (1) | affixing or printing marks, labels, logos and other like distinguishing signs on products or their packaging; |
| (m) | simple mixing of products, whether or not of different kinds; |
| (n) | mixing of sugar with any material; |
| (0) | simple assembly of parts of articles to constitute a complete article or disassembly of products into parts; |
| | |
| | |
| | |

- (p) a combination of two or more operations specified in (a) to (n);
- (q) slaughter of animals.
- 2. All operations carried out in the exporting Contracting Party on a given product shall be considered together when determining whether the working or processing undergone by that product is to be regarded as insufficient within the meaning of paragraph 1.

Unit of qualification

1. The unit of qualification for the application of the provisions of this Convention shall be the particular product which is considered as the basic unit when determining classification using the nomenclature of the Harmonised System.

It follows that:

- (a) when a product composed of a group or assembly of articles is classified under the terms of the Harmonised System in a single heading, the whole constitutes the unit of qualification;
- (b) when a consignment consists of a number of identical products classified under the same heading of the Harmonised System, each product must be taken individually when applying the provisions of this Convention.

2. Where, under General Rule 5 of the Harmonised System, packaging is included with the product for classification purposes, it shall be included for the purposes of determining origin.

ARTICLE 8

Accessories, spare parts and tools

Accessories, spare parts and tools dispatched with a piece of equipment, machine, apparatus or vehicle, which are part of the normal equipment and included in the price thereof or which are not separately invoiced, shall be regarded as one with the piece of equipment, machine, apparatus or vehicle in question.

ARTICLE 9

Sets

Sets, as defined in General Rule 3 of the Harmonised System, shall be regarded as originating when all component products are originating. Nevertheless, when a set is composed of originating and non-originating products, the set as a whole shall be regarded as originating, provided that the value of the non-originating products does not exceed 15% of the ex-works price of the set.

Neutral elements

In order to determine whether a product is an originating product, it shall not be necessary to determine the origin of the following which might be used in its manufacture:

| (a) | energy and fuel; |
|-----|--|
| (b) | plant and equipment; |
| (c) | machines and tools; |
| (d) | goods which neither enter into the final composition of the product nor are intended to do so. |

TITLE III

TERRITORIAL REQUIREMENTS

ARTICLE 11

Principle of territoriality

- 1. Except as provided for in Article 2(1)(c), Article 3 and paragraph 3 of this Article, the conditions for acquiring originating status set out in Title II shall be fulfilled without interruption in the exporting Contracting Party.
- 2. Except as provided for in Article 3, where originating goods exported from a Contracting Party to another country return, they shall be considered as non-originating, unless it can be demonstrated to the satisfaction of the customs authorities that:
- (a) the returning goods are the same as those exported; and
- (b) they have not undergone any operation beyond that necessary to preserve them in good condition while in that country or while being exported.

- 3. The acquisition of originating status in accordance with the conditions set out in Title II shall not be affected by working or processing done outside the exporting Contracting Party on materials exported from the latter Contracting Party and subsequently re-imported there, provided:
- (a) the said materials are wholly obtained in the exporting Contracting Party or have undergone working or processing beyond the operations referred to in Article 6 prior to being exported; and
- (b) it can be demonstrated to the satisfaction of the customs authorities that:
 - (i) the re-imported goods have been obtained by working or processing the exported materials; and
 - (ii) the total added value acquired outside the exporting Contracting Party by applying the provisions of this Article does not exceed 10 % of the ex-works price of the end product for which originating status is claimed.
- 4. For the purposes of paragraph 3, the conditions for acquiring originating status set out in Title II shall not apply to working or processing done outside the exporting Contracting Party. However, where, in the list in Annex II, a rule setting a maximum value for all the non-originating materials incorporated is applied in determining the originating status of the end product, the total value of the non-originating materials incorporated in the territory of the exporting Contracting Party, taken together with the total added value acquired outside this Contracting Party by applying the provisions of this Article, shall not exceed the stated percentage.

- 5. For the purposes of applying the provisions of paragraphs 3 and 4, "total added value" means all costs arising outside the exporting Contracting Party, including the value of the materials incorporated there.
- 6. The provisions of paragraphs 3 and 4 shall not apply to products which do not fulfil the conditions set out in the list in Annex II or which can be considered sufficiently worked or processed only if the general tolerance fixed in Article 5(2) is applied.
- 7. The provisions of paragraphs 3 and 4 shall not apply to products of Chapters 50 to 63 of the Harmonised System.
- 8. Any working or processing of the kind covered by the provisions of this Article and done outside the exporting Contracting Party shall be done under the outward processing arrangements, or similar arrangements.

Direct transport

1. The preferential treatment provided for under the relevant Agreement shall apply only to products satisfying the requirements of this Convention which are transported directly between or through the territories of the Contracting Parties with which cumulation is applicable in accordance with Article 3. However, products constituting one single consignment may be transported through other territories with, should the occasion arise, trans-shipment or temporary warehousing in such territories, provided that they remain under the surveillance of the customs authorities in the country of transit or warehousing and do not undergo operations other than unloading, reloading or any operation designed to preserve them in good condition.

Originating products may be transported by pipeline across territory other than that of the Contracting Parties acting as exporting and importing parties.

- 2. Evidence that the conditions set out in paragraph 1 have been fulfilled shall be supplied to the customs authorities of the importing Contracting Party by the production of:
- (a) a single transport document covering the passage from the exporting Contracting Party through the country of transit; or
- (b) a certificate issued by the customs authorities of the country of transit:
 - (i) giving an exact description of the products;

- (ii) stating the dates of unloading and reloading of the products and, where applicable, the names of the ships, or the other means of transport used; and
- (iii) certifying the conditions under which the products remained in the transit country; or
- (c) failing these, any substantiating documents.

Exhibitions

- 1. Originating products, sent for exhibition in a country other than those referred to in Article 3 with which cumulation is applicable and sold after the exhibition for importation in a Contracting Party, shall benefit on importation from the provisions of the relevant Agreement provided it is shown to the satisfaction of the customs authorities that:
- (a) an exporter has consigned these products from a Contracting Party to the country in which the exhibition is held and has exhibited them there;
- (b) the products have been sold or otherwise disposed of by that exporter to a person in another Contracting Party;

- (c) the products have been consigned during the exhibition or immediately thereafter in the state in which they were sent for exhibition; and
- (d) the products have not, since they were consigned for exhibition, been used for any purpose other than demonstration at the exhibition.
- 2. A proof of origin shall be issued or made out in accordance with the provisions of Title V and submitted to the customs authorities of the importing Contracting Party in the normal manner. The name and address of the exhibition shall be indicated thereon. Where necessary, additional documentary evidence of the conditions under which they have been exhibited may be required.
- 3. Paragraph 1 shall apply to any trade, industrial, agricultural or crafts exhibition, fair or similar public show or display which is not organised for private purposes in shops or business premises with a view to the sale of foreign products, and during which the products remain under customs control.

TITLE IV

DRAWBACK OR EXEMPTION

ARTICLE 14

Prohibition of drawback of, or exemption from, customs duties

- 1. Non-originating materials used in the manufacture of products originating in a Contracting Party for which a proof of origin is issued or made out in accordance with the provisions of Title V shall not be subject in the exporting Contracting Party to drawback of, or exemption from, customs duties of whatever kind.
- 2. The prohibition in paragraph 1 shall apply to any arrangement for refund, remission or non-payment, partial or complete, of customs duties or charges having an equivalent effect, applicable in the exporting Contracting Party to materials used in the manufacture, where such refund, remission or non-payment applies, expressly or in effect, when products obtained from the said materials are exported and not when they are retained for home use there.
- 3. The exporter of products covered by a proof of origin shall be prepared to submit at any time, upon request from the customs authorities, all appropriate documents proving that no drawback has been obtained in respect of the non-originating materials used in the manufacture of the products concerned and that all customs duties or charges having equivalent effect applicable to such materials have actually been paid.

- 4. The provisions of paragraphs 1, 2 and 3 of this Article shall also apply in respect of packaging within the meaning of Article 7(2), accessories, spare parts and tools within the meaning of Article 8 and products in a set within the meaning of Article 9 when such items are non-originating.
- 5. The provisions of paragraphs 1 to 4 shall apply only in respect of materials which are of the kind to which the relevant Agreement applies.
- 6. (a) The prohibition in paragraph 1 of this Article shall not apply in bilateral trade between one of the Contracting Parties referred to in Article 3(1) with one of the Contracting Parties referred to in Article 3(2), excluding Israel, the Faroe Islands and the participants in the European Union's Stabilisation and Association Process, if the products are considered as originating in the exporting or importing Contracting Party without application of cumulation with materials originating in one of the other Contracting Parties referred to in Article 3.
 - (b) The prohibition in paragraph 1 of this Article shall not apply in bilateral trade between Egypt, Jordan, Morocco and Tunisia, if the products are considered as originating in one of these countries without application of cumulation with materials originating in one of the other Contracting Parties referred to in Article 3.

- 7. Notwithstanding paragraph 1, the exporting Contracting Party may, except for products falling within Chapters 1 to 24 of the Harmonised System, apply arrangements for drawback of, or exemption from, customs duties or charges having an equivalent effect, applicable to non-originating materials used in the manufacture of originating products, subject to the following provisions:
- (a) a 4 % rate of customs charge shall be retained in respect of products falling within
 Chapters 25 to 49 and 64 to 97 of the Harmonised System, or such lower rate as is in force in
 the exporting Contracting Party;
- (b) a 8 % rate of customs charge shall be retained in respect of products falling within Chapters 50 to 63 of the Harmonised System, or such lower rate as is in force in the exporting Contracting Party.

The provisions of this paragraph shall not be applied by the Contracting Parties listed in Annex V.

8. The provisions of paragraph 7 shall apply until 31 December 2012 and may be reviewed by common accord.

TITLE V

PROOF OF ORIGIN

ARTICLE 15

General requirements

- 1. Products originating in one of the Contracting Parties shall, on importation into other Contracting Parties, benefit from the provisions of the relevant Agreements upon submission of one of the following proofs of origin:
- (a) a movement certificate EUR.1, a specimen of which appears in Annex III a;
- (b) a movement certificate EUR-MED, a specimen of which appears in Annex III b;
- (c) in the cases specified in Article 21(1), a declaration (hereinafter referred to as the "origin declaration" or "the origin declaration EUR-MED") given by the exporter on an invoice, a delivery note or any other commercial document which describes the products concerned in sufficient detail to enable them to be identified. The texts of the origin declarations appear in Annexes IV a and b.
- 2. Notwithstanding paragraph 1, originating products within the meaning of this Convention shall, in the cases specified in Article 26, benefit from the provisions of the relevant Agreements without it being necessary to submit any of the proofs of origin referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article.

Procedure for the issue of a movement certificate EUR.1 or EUR-MED

- 1. A movement certificate EUR.1 or EUR-MED shall be issued by the customs authorities of the exporting Contracting Party on application having been made in writing by the exporter or, under the exporter's responsibility, by his authorised representative.
- 2. For this purpose, the exporter or his authorised representative shall fill in both the movement certificate EUR.1 or EUR-MED and the application form, specimens of which appear in the Annexes III a and b. These forms shall be completed in one of the languages in which the relevant Agreement is drawn up and in accordance with the provisions of the national law of the exporting country. If the completion of the forms is done in handwriting, they shall be completed in ink in printed characters. The description of the products shall be given in the box reserved for this purpose without leaving any blank lines. Where the box is not completely filled, a horizontal line shall be drawn below the last line of the description, the empty space being crossed through.
- 3. The exporter applying for the issue of a movement certificate EUR.1 or EUR-MED shall be prepared to submit at any time, at the request of the customs authorities of the exporting Contracting Party where the movement certificate EUR.1 or EUR-MED is issued, all appropriate documents proving the originating status of the products concerned as well as the fulfilment of the other requirements of this Convention.

- 4. Without prejudice to paragraph 5, a movement certificate EUR.1 shall be issued by the customs authorities of the exporting Contracting Party in the following cases:
- (a) if the products are exported from one of the Contracting Parties referred to in Article 3(1) to one of the other Contracting Parties referred to in Article 3(1) and
 - (i) the products concerned can be considered as products originating in the exporting Contracting Party, in the importing Contracting Party or in one of the other Contracting Parties referred to in Article 3(1) with which cumulation is applicable, without application of cumulation with materials originating in one of the Contracting Parties referred to in Article 3(2), and fulfil the other requirements of this Convention, or
 - (ii) the products concerned can be considered as products originating in one of the Contracting Parties referred to in Article 3(2) with which cumulation is applicable, without application of cumulation with materials originating in one of the Contracting Parties referred to in Article 3, and fulfil the other requirements of this Convention, provided a certificate EUR-MED or an origin declaration EUR-MED has been issued in the country of origin;

- (b) if the products are exported from one of the Contracting Parties referred to in Article 3(1) to one of the Contracting Parties referred to in Article 3(2) or from one of the Contracting Parties referred to in Article 3(2) to one of the Contracting Parties referred to in Article 3(1) and
 - (i) the products concerned can be considered as products originating in the exporting Contracting Party or in the importing Contracting Party, without application of cumulation with materials originating in one of the other Contracting Parties, and fulfil the other requirements of this Convention, or
 - (ii) the products concerned can be considered as products originating in one of the other Contracting Parties referred to in Article 3, with which cumulation is applicable, without application of cumulation with materials originating in one of the Contracting Parties referred to in Article 3, and fulfil the other requirements of this Convention, provided a certificate EUR-MED or an origin declaration EUR-MED has been issued in the country of origin;
- (c) if the products are exported from one of the Contracting Parties referred to in Article 3(2) to one of the Contracting Parties referred to in Article 3(2) and
 - (i) the products concerned can be considered as products originating in the exporting

 Contracting Party or in the importing Contracting Party, without application of

 cumulation with materials originating in one of the other Contracting Parties, and fulfil

 the other requirements of this Convention, or

- (ii) the products concerned can be considered as products originating in one of the other Contracting Parties referred to in Article 3, with which cumulation is applicable, without application of cumulation with materials originating in one of the Contracting Parties referred to in Article 3, and fulfil the other requirements of this Convention, provided a certificate EUR-MED or an origin declaration EUR-MED has been issued in the country of origin.
- 5. A movement certificate EUR-MED shall be issued by the customs authorities of the exporting Contracting Party, if the products concerned can be considered as products originating in the exporting Contracting Party, in the importing Contracting Party or in one of the other Contracting Parties referred to in Article 3 with which cumulation is applicable and fulfil the requirements of this Convention, in the following cases:
- (a) if the products are exported from one of the Contracting Parties referred to in Article 3 (1) to one of the other Contracting Parties referred to in Article 3(1) and
 - (i) cumulation was applied with materials originating in one or more of the Contracting Parties referred to in Article 3(2), provided a certificate EUR-MED or an origin declaration EUR-MED has been issued in the country of origin, or
 - (ii) the products may be used in the importing Contracting Party as materials in the context of cumulation for the manufacture of products for export from the importing Contracting Party to one of the Contracting Parties referred to in Article 3(2), or

- (iii) the products may be re-exported from the importing Contracting Party to one of the Contracting Parties referred to in Article 3(2);
- (b) if the products are exported from one of the Contracting Parties referred to in Article 3(1) to one of the Contracting Parties referred to in Article 3(2) or from one of the Contracting Parties referred to in Article 3(2) to one of the Contracting Parties referred to in Article 3(1) and
 - (i) cumulation was applied with materials originating in one or more of the other Contracting Parties referred to in Article 3, provided a certificate EUR-MED or an origin declaration EUR-MED has been issued in the country of origin, or
 - (ii) the products may be used in the importing Contracting Party as materials in the context of cumulation for the manufacture of products for export from the importing Contracting Party to one of the other Contracting Parties referred to in Article 3, or
 - (iii) the products may be re-exported from the importing Contracting Party to one of the Contracting Parties referred to in Article 3;
- (c) if the products are exported from one of the Contracting Parties referred to in Article 3(2) to one of the Contracting Parties referred to in Article 3(2) and
 - (i) cumulation was applied with materials originating in one or more of the other Contracting Parties referred to in Article 3, provided a certificate EUR-MED or an origin declaration EUR-MED has been issued in the country of origin, or

- (ii) the products may be used in the importing Contracting Party as materials in the context of cumulation for the manufacture of products for export from the importing Contracting Party to one of the other Contracting Parties referred to in Article 3, or
- (iii) the products may be re-exported from the importing Contracting Party to one of the Contracting Parties referred to in Article 3.
- 6. A movement certificate EUR-MED shall contain one of the following statements in English in box 7:
- (a) if origin has been obtained by application of cumulation with materials originating in one or more of the Contracting Parties:

"CUMULATION APPLIED WITH(name of the country/countries)"

(b) if origin has been obtained without the application of cumulation with materials originating in one or more of the Contracting Parties:

"NO CUMULATION APPLIED"

- 7. The customs authorities issuing movement certificates EUR.1 or EUR-MED shall take any steps necessary to verify the originating status of the products and the fulfilment of the other requirements of this Convention. For this purpose, they shall have the right to call for any evidence and to carry out any inspection of the exporter's accounts or any other check considered appropriate. They shall also ensure that the forms referred to in paragraph 2 are duly completed. In particular, they shall check whether the space reserved for the description of the products has been completed in such a manner as to exclude all possibility of fraudulent additions.
- 8. The date of issue of the movement certificate EUR.1 or EUR-MED shall be indicated in Box 11 of the certificate.
- 9. A movement certificate EUR.1 or EUR-MED shall be issued by the customs authorities and made available to the exporter as soon as actual exportation has been effected or ensured.

Movement certificates EUR.1 or EUR-MED issued retrospectively

- 1. Notwithstanding Article 16(9), a movement certificate EUR.1 or EUR-MED may exceptionally be issued after exportation of the products to which it relates if:
- (a) it was not issued at the time of exportation because of errors or involuntary omissions or special circumstances; or

- (b) it is demonstrated to the satisfaction of the customs authorities that a movement certificate EUR.1 or EUR-MED was issued but was not accepted at importation for technical reasons.
- 2. Notwithstanding Article 16(9), a movement certificate EUR-MED may be issued after exportation of the products to which it relates and for which a movement certificate EUR.1 was issued at the time of exportation, provided that it is demonstrated to the satisfaction of the customs authorities that the conditions referred to in Article 16(5) are satisfied.
- 3. For the implementation of paragraphs 1 and 2, the exporter shall indicate in his application the place and date of exportation of the products to which the movement certificate EUR.1 or EUR-MED relates, and state the reasons for his request.
- 4. The customs authorities may issue a movement certificate EUR.1 or EUR-MED retrospectively only after verifying that the information supplied in the exporter's application complies with that in the corresponding file.
- 5. Movement certificates EUR.1 or EUR-MED issued retrospectively shall be endorsed with the following phrase in English:

"ISSUED RETROSPECTIVELY"

Movement certificates EUR-MED issued retrospectively by application of paragraph 2 shall be endorsed with the following phrase in English:

"ISSUED RETROSPECTIVELY (Original EUR.1 No[date and place of issue])"

6. The endorsement referred to in paragraph 5 shall be inserted in Box 7 of the movement certificate EUR.1 or EUR-MED.

ARTICLE 18

Issue of a duplicate movement certificate EUR.1 or EUR-MED

- 1. In the event of theft, loss or destruction of a movement certificate EUR.1 or EUR-MED, the exporter may apply to the customs authorities which issued it for a duplicate made out on the basis of the export documents in their possession.
- 2. The duplicate issued in this way shall be endorsed with the following word in English:

"DUPLICATE"

3. The endorsement referred to in paragraph 2 shall be inserted in Box 7 of the duplicate movement certificate EUR.1 or EUR-MED.

4. The duplicate, which shall bear the date of issue of the original movement certificate EUR.1 or EUR-MED, shall take effect as from that date.

ARTICLE 19

Issue of movement certificates EUR.1 or EUR-MED on the basis of a proof of origin issued or made out previously

When originating products are placed under the control of a customs office in a Contracting Party, it shall be possible to replace the original proof of origin by one or more movement certificates EUR.1 or EUR-MED for the purpose of sending all or some of these products elsewhere within that Contracting Party. The replacement movement certificate(s) EUR.1 or EUR-MED shall be issued by the customs office under whose control the products are placed.

ARTICLE 20

Accounting segregation

1. Where considerable cost or material difficulties arise in keeping separate stocks of originating and non-originating materials which are identical and interchangeable, the customs authorities may, at the written request of those concerned, authorise the so-called "accounting segregation" method (hereinafter referred to as the "method") to be used for managing such stocks.

- 2. The method shall ensure that, for a specific reference period, the number of products obtained which could be considered as "originating" is the same as that which would have been obtained had there been physical segregation of the stocks.
- 3. The customs authorities may make the grant of authorisation referred to in paragraph 1 subject to any conditions deemed appropriate.
- 4. The method shall be applied and the application thereof shall be recorded on the basis of the general accounting principles applicable in the country where the product was manufactured.
- 5. The beneficiary of the method may make out or apply for proofs of origin, as the case may be, for the quantity of products which may be considered as originating. At the request of the customs authorities, the beneficiary shall provide a statement of how the quantities have been managed.
- 6. The customs authorities shall monitor the use made of the authorisation and may withdraw it whenever the beneficiary makes improper use of the authorisation in any manner whatsoever or fails to fulfil any of the other conditions laid down in this Convention.

Conditions for making out an origin declaration or an origin declaration EUR-MED

- 1. An origin declaration or an origin declaration EUR-MED as referred to in Article 15(1)(c) may be made out:
- (a) by an approved exporter within the meaning of Article 22, or
- (b) by any exporter for any consignment consisting of one or more packages containing originating products the total value of which does not exceed EUR 6 000.
- 2. Without prejudice to paragraph 3, an origin declaration may be made out in the following cases:
- (a) if the products are exported from one of the Contracting Parties referred to in Article 3(1) to one of the other Contracting Parties referred to in Article 3(1) and
 - (i) the products concerned can be considered as products originating in the exporting Contracting Party, in the importing Contracting Party or in one of the other Contracting Parties referred to in Article 3(1) with which cumulation is applicable, without application of cumulation with materials originating in one of the Contracting Parties referred to in Articles 3(2), and fulfil the other requirements of this Convention, or

- (ii) the products concerned can be considered as products originating in one of the Contracting Parties referred to in Article 3(2) with which cumulation is applicable, without application of cumulation with materials originating in one of the Contracting Parties referred to in Article 3, and fulfil the other requirements of this Convention, provided a certificate EUR-MED or an origin declaration EUR-MED has been issued in the country of origin;
- (b) if the products are exported from one of the Contracting Parties referred to in Article 3(1) to one of the Contracting Parties referred to in Article 3(2) or from one of the Contracting Parties referred to in Article 3(2) to one of the Contracting Parties referred to in Article 3(1) and
 - (i) the products concerned can be considered as products originating in the exporting Contracting Party or in the importing Contracting Party, without application of cumulation with materials originating in one of the other Contracting Parties, and fulfil the other requirements of this Convention, or
 - (ii) the products concerned can be considered as products originating in one of the other Contracting Parties referred to in Article 3, with which cumulation is applicable, without application of cumulation with materials originating in one of the Contracting Parties referred to in Article 3, and fulfil the other requirements of this Convention, provided a certificate EUR-MED or an origin declaration EUR-MED has been issued in the country of origin;

- (c) if the products are exported from one of the Contracting Parties referred to in Article 3(2) to one of the Contracting Parties referred to in Article 3(2) and
 - (i) the products concerned can be considered as products originating in the exporting Contracting Party or in the importing Contracting Party, without application of cumulation with materials originating in one of the other Contracting Parties, and fulfil the other requirements of this Convention, or
 - (ii) the products concerned can be considered as products originating in one of the other Contracting Parties referred to in Article 3, with which cumulation is applicable, without application of cumulation with materials originating in one of the Contracting Parties referred to in Article 3, and fulfil the other requirements of this Convention, provided a certificate EUR-MED or an origin declaration EUR-MED has been issued in the country of origin.
- 3. An origin declaration EUR-MED may be made out if the products concerned can be considered as products originating in the exporting Contracting Party, in the importing Contracting Party or in one of the other Contracting Parties referred to in Article 3 with which cumulation is applicable and fulfil the requirements of this Convention, in the following cases:

- (a) if the products are exported from one of the Contracting Parties referred to in Article 3(1) to one of the other Contracting Parties referred to in Article 3(1) and
 - (i) cumulation was applied with materials originating in one or more of the Contracting Parties referred to in Article 3(2), provided a certificate EUR-MED or an origin declaration EUR-MED has been issued in the country of origin or
 - (ii) the products may be used in the importing Contracting Party as materials in the context of cumulation for the manufacture of products for export from the importing Contracting Party to one of the Contracting Parties referred to in Article 3(2), or
 - (iii) the products may be re-exported from the importing Contracting Party to one of the Contracting Parties referred to in Article 3(2);
- (b) if the products are exported from one of the Contracting Parties referred to in Article 3(1) to one of the Contracting Parties referred to in Article 3(2) or from one of the Contracting Parties referred to in Article 3(2) to one of the Contracting Parties referred to in Article 3(1) and
 - (i) cumulation was applied with materials originating in one or more of the other Contracting Parties referred to in Article 3, provided a certificate EUR-MED or an origin declaration EUR-MED has been issued in the country of origin, or

- (ii) the products may be used in the importing Contracting Party as materials in the context of cumulation for the manufacture of products for export from the importing Contracting Party to one of the other Contracting Parties referred to in Article 3, or
- (iii) the products may be re-exported from the importing Contracting Party to one of the Contracting Parties referred to in Article 3;
- (c) if the products are exported from one of the Contracting Parties referred to in Article 3(2) to one of the Contracting Parties referred to in Article 3(2) and
 - (i) cumulation was applied with materials originating in one or more of the other Contracting Parties referred to in Article 3, provided a certificate EUR-MED or an origin declaration EUR-MED has been issued in the country of origin, or
 - (ii) the products may be used in the importing Contracting Party as materials in the context of cumulation for the manufacture of products for export from the importing Contracting Party to one of the other Contracting Parties referred to in Article 3, or
 - (iii) the products may be re-exported from the importing Contracting Party to one of the Contracting Parties referred to in Article 3.

- 4. An origin declaration EUR-MED shall contain one of the following statements in English:
- (a) if origin has been obtained by application of cumulation with materials originating in one or more of the Contracting Parties:

"CUMULATION APPLIED WITH(name of the country/countries)"

(b) if origin has been obtained without the application of cumulation with materials originating in one or more of the Contracting Parties:

"NO CUMULATION APPLIED"

- 5. The exporter making out an origin declaration or an origin declaration EUR-MED shall be prepared to submit at any time, at the request of the customs authorities of the exporting Contracting Party, all appropriate documents proving the originating status of the products concerned as well as the fulfilment of the other requirements of this Convention.
- 6. An origin declaration or an origin declaration EUR-MED shall be made out by the exporter by typing, stamping or printing on the invoice, the delivery note or another commercial document, the declaration, the texts of which appear in Annexes IV a and b, using one of the linguistic versions set out in those Annexes and in accordance with the provisions of the national law of the exporting country. If the declaration is handwritten, it shall be written in ink in printed characters.

- 7. Origin declarations and origin declarations EUR-MED shall bear the original signature of the exporter in manuscript. However, an approved exporter within the meaning of Article 22 shall not be required to sign such declarations provided that he gives the customs authorities of the exporting Contracting Party a written undertaking that he accepts full responsibility for any origin declaration which identifies him as if it had been signed in manuscript by him.
- 8. An origin declaration or an origin declaration EUR-MED may be made out by the exporter when the products to which it relates are exported, or after exportation on condition that it is presented in the importing country at the latest two years after the importation of the products to which it relates

Approved exporter

1. The customs authorities of the exporting Contracting Party may authorise any exporter (hereinafter referred to as "approved exporter"), who makes frequent shipments of products in accordance to the provisions of this Convention to make out origin declarations or origin declarations EUR-MED irrespective of the value of the products concerned. An exporter seeking such authorisation shall offer to the satisfaction of the customs authorities all guarantees necessary to verify the originating status of the products as well as the fulfilment of the other requirements of this Convention.

- 2. The customs authorities may grant the status of approved exporter subject to any conditions which they consider appropriate.
- 3. The customs authorities shall grant to the approved exporter a customs authorisation number which shall appear on the origin declaration or on the origin declaration EUR-MED.
- 4. The customs authorities shall monitor the use of the authorisation by the approved exporter.
- 5. The customs authorities may withdraw the authorisation at any time. They shall do so where the approved exporter no longer offers the guarantees referred to in paragraph 1, no longer fulfils the conditions referred to in paragraph 2 or otherwise makes an incorrect use of the authorisation.

Validity of proof of origin

1. A proof of origin shall be valid for four months from the date of issue in the exporting Contracting Party, and shall be submitted within that period to the customs authorities of the importing Contracting Party.

- 2. Proofs of origin which are submitted to the customs authorities of the importing Contracting Party after the final date for presentation specified in paragraph 1 may be accepted for the purpose of applying preferential treatment, where the failure to submit these documents by the final date set is due to exceptional circumstances.
- 3. In other cases of belated presentation, the customs authorities of the importing Contracting Party may accept the proofs of origin where the products have been submitted before the said final date.

Submission of proof of origin

Proofs of origin shall be submitted to the customs authorities of the importing Contracting Party in accordance with the procedures applicable in that country. The said authorities may require a translation of a proof of origin and may also require the import declaration to be accompanied by a statement from the importer to the effect that the products meet the conditions required for the implementation of the relevant Agreement.

Importation by instalments

Where, at the request of the importer and subject to the conditions laid down by the customs authorities of the importing Contracting Party, dismantled or non-assembled products within the meaning of General Rule 2(a) of the Harmonised System falling within Sections XVI and XVII or headings 7308 and 9406 of the Harmonised System are imported by instalments, a single proof of origin for such products shall be submitted to the customs authorities upon importation of the first instalment

ARTICLE 26

Exemptions from proof of origin

1. Products sent as small packages from private persons to private persons or forming part of travellers' personal luggage shall be admitted as originating products without requiring the submission of a proof of origin, provided that such products are not imported by way of trade and have been declared as meeting the requirements of this Convention and where there is no doubt as to the veracity of such a declaration. In the case of products sent by post, that declaration may be made on the customs declaration CN22/CN23 or on a sheet of paper annexed to that document.

- 2. Imports which are occasional and consist solely of products for the personal use of the recipients or travellers or their families shall not be considered as imports by way of trade if it is evident from the nature and quantity of the products that no commercial purpose is in view.
- 3. Furthermore, the total value of these products shall not exceed EUR 500 in the case of small packages or EUR 1 200 in the case of products forming part of travellers' personal luggage.

Supporting documents

The documents referred to in Articles 16(3) and 21(5) used for the purpose of proving that products covered by a movement certificate EUR.1 or EUR-MED or an origin declaration or origin declaration EUR-MED may be considered as products originating in a Contracting Party and fulfil the other requirements of this Convention may consist *inter alia* of the following:

- (1) direct evidence of the processes carried out by the exporter or supplier to obtain the goods concerned, contained for example in his accounts or internal bookkeeping;
- (2) documents proving the originating status of materials used, issued or made out in the relevant Contracting Party where these documents are used in accordance with national law;

- (3) documents proving the working or processing of materials in the relevant Contracting Party, issued or made out in the relevant Contracting Party, where these documents are used in accordance with national law;
- (4) movement certificates EUR.1 or EUR-MED or origin declarations or origin declarations EUR-MED proving the originating status of materials used, issued or made out in the Contracting Parties in accordance with this Convention;
- (5) appropriate evidence concerning working or processing undergone outside the relevant Contracting Party by application of Article 11, proving that the requirements of that Article have been satisfied.

Preservation of proof of origin and supporting documents

- 1. The exporter applying for the issue of a movement certificate EUR.1 or EUR-MED shall keep for at least three years the documents referred to in Article 16(3).
- 2. The exporter making out an origin declaration or origin declaration EUR-MED shall keep for at least three years a copy of this origin declaration as well as the documents referred to in Article 21(5).

- 3. The customs authorities of the exporting Contracting Party issuing a movement certificate EUR.1 or EUR-MED shall keep for at least three years the application form referred to in Article 16(2).
- 4. The customs authorities of the importing Contracting Party shall keep for at least three years the movement certificates EUR.1 and EUR-MED and the origin declarations and origin declarations EUR-MED submitted to them.

Discrepancies and formal errors

- 1. The discovery of slight discrepancies between the statements made in the proof of origin and those made in the documents submitted to the customs office for the purpose of carrying out the formalities for importing the products shall not *ipso facto* render the proof of origin null and void if it is duly established that this document does correspond to the products submitted.
- 2. Obvious formal errors such as typing errors on a proof of origin shall not cause this document to be rejected if these errors are not such as to create doubts concerning the correctness of the statements made in this document.

Amounts expressed in euro

- 1. For the application of the provisions of Article 21(1)(b) and Article 26(3) in cases where products are invoiced in a currency other than euro, amounts in the national currencies of the Contracting Parties equivalent to the amounts expressed in euro shall be fixed annually by each of the countries concerned.
- 2. A consignment shall benefit from the provisions of Article 21(1)(b) or Article 26(3) by reference to the currency in which the invoice is drawn up, according to the amount fixed by the country concerned.
- 3. The amounts to be used in any given national currency shall be the equivalent in that currency of the amounts expressed in euro as at the first working day of October. The amounts shall be communicated to the European Commission by 15 October and shall apply from 1 January the following year. The European Commission shall notify all countries concerned of the relevant amounts.

- 4. A country may round up or down the amount resulting from the conversion into its national currency of an amount expressed in euro. The rounded-off amount may not differ from the amount resulting from the conversion by more than 5 %. A country may retain unchanged its national currency equivalent of an amount expressed in euro if, at the time of the annual adjustment provided for in paragraph 3, the conversion of that amount, prior to any rounding-off, results in an increase of less than 15 % in the national currency equivalent. The national currency equivalent may be retained unchanged if the conversion were to result in a decrease in that equivalent value.
- 5. The amounts expressed in euro shall be reviewed by the Joint Committee at the request of any Contracting Party. When carrying out this review, the Joint Committee shall consider the desirability of preserving the effects of the limits concerned in real terms. For this purpose, it may decide to modify the amounts expressed in euro.

TITLE VI ARRANGEMENTS FOR ADMINISTRATIVE COOPERATION

ARTICLE 31

Administrative cooperation

- 1. The customs authorities of the Contracting Parties shall provide each other, through the European Commission, with specimen impressions of stamps used in their customs offices for the issue of movement certificates EUR.1 and EUR-MED, and with the addresses of the customs authorities responsible for verifying those certificates, origin declarations and origin declarations EUR-MED.
- 2. In order to ensure the proper application of this Convention, the Contracting Parties shall assist each other, through the competent customs administrations, in checking the authenticity of the movement certificates EUR.1 and EUR-MED, the origin declarations and the origin declarations EUR-MED and the correctness of the information given in these documents.

Verification of proofs of origin

- 1. Subsequent verifications of proofs of origin shall be carried out at random or whenever the customs authorities of the importing Contracting Party have reasonable doubts as to the authenticity of such documents, the originating status of the products concerned or the fulfilment of the other requirements of this Convention.
- 2. For the purposes of implementing the provisions of paragraph 1, the customs authorities of the importing Contracting Party shall return the movement certificate EUR.1 or EUR-MED and the invoice, if it has been submitted, the origin declaration or the origin declaration EUR-MED, or a copy of these documents, to the customs authorities of the exporting Contracting Party giving, where appropriate, the reasons for the request for verification. Any documents and information obtained suggesting that the information given on the proof of origin is incorrect shall be forwarded in support of the request for verification.
- 3. The verification shall be carried out by the customs authorities of the exporting Contracting Party. For this purpose, they shall have the right to call for any evidence and to carry out any inspection of the exporter's accounts or any other check considered appropriate.
- 4. If the customs authorities of the importing Contracting Party decide to suspend the granting of preferential treatment to the products concerned while awaiting the results of the verification, release of the products shall be offered to the importer subject to any precautionary measures judged necessary.

- 5. The customs authorities requesting the verification shall be informed of the results thereof as soon as possible. These results shall indicate clearly whether the documents are authentic and whether the products concerned may be considered as products originating in one of the Contracting Parties and fulfil the other requirements of this Convention.
- 6. If in cases of reasonable doubt there is no reply within ten months of the date of the verification request or if the reply does not contain sufficient information to determine the authenticity of the document in question or the real origin of the products, the requesting customs authorities shall, except in exceptional circumstances, refuse entitlement to the preferences.

ARTICLE 33

Dispute settlement

Where disputes arise in relation to the verification procedures of Article 32 which cannot be settled between the customs authorities requesting a verification and the customs authorities responsible for carrying out this verification, they shall be submitted to the bilateral body established by the relevant Agreement. Where disputes other than those related to the verification procedures of Article 32 arise in relation to the interpretation of this Convention, they shall be submitted to the Joint Committee.

In all cases the settlement of disputes between the importer and the customs authorities of the importing Contracting Party shall take place under the legislation of that country.

ARTICLE 34

Penalties

Penalties shall be imposed on any person who draws up, or causes to be drawn up, a document which contains incorrect information for the purpose of obtaining a preferential treatment for products.

ARTICLE 35

Free zones

- 1. The Contracting Parties shall take all necessary steps to ensure that products traded under cover of a proof of origin, which in the course of transport use a free zone situated in their territory, are not substituted by other goods and do not undergo handling other than normal operations designed to prevent their deterioration.
- 2. By way of derogation from paragraph 1, when products originating in a Contracting Party are imported into a free zone under cover of a proof of origin and undergo treatment or processing, the authorities concerned shall issue a new movement certificate EUR.1 or EUR-MED at the exporter's request, if the treatment or processing undergone complies with this Convention.

INTRODUCTORY NOTES TO THE LIST IN ANNEX II

Note 1:

The list sets out the conditions required for all products to be considered as sufficiently worked or processed within the meaning of Article 5 of this Appendix.

Note 2:

- 2.1. The first two columns in the list describe the product obtained. The first column gives the heading number or chapter number used in the Harmonised System and the second column gives the description of goods used in that system for that heading or chapter. For each entry in the first two columns, a rule is specified in column 3 or 4. Where, in some cases, the entry in the first column is preceded by an "ex", this signifies that the rules in column 3 or 4 apply only to the part of that heading as described in column 2.
- 2.2. Where several heading numbers are grouped together in column 1 or a chapter number is given and the description of products in column 2 is therefore given in general terms, the adjacent rules in column 3 or 4 apply to all products which, under the Harmonised System, are classified in headings of the chapter or in any of the headings grouped together in column 1.

- 2.3. Where there are different rules in the list applying to different products within a heading, each indent contains the description of that part of the heading covered by the adjacent rules in column 3 or 4.
- 2.4. Where, for an entry in the first two columns, a rule is specified in both columns 3 and 4, the exporter may opt to apply either the rule set out in column 3 or that set out in column 4. If no origin rule is given in column 4, the rule set out in column 3 is to be applied.

Note 3:

3.1. The provisions of Article 5 of this Appendix, concerning products having acquired originating status which are used in the manufacture of other products, shall apply regardless of whether this status has been acquired inside the factory where these products are used or in another factory in a Contracting Party.

Example:

An engine of heading 8407, for which the rule states that the value of the non-originating materials which may be incorporated may not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price, is made from "other alloy steel roughly shaped by forging" of heading ex 7224.

If this forging has been forged in the European Union from a non-originating ingot, it has already acquired originating status by virtue of the rule for heading ex 7224 in the list. The forging can then count as originating in the value-calculation for the engine, regardless of whether it was produced in the same factory or in another factory in the European Union. The value of the non-originating ingot is thus not taken into account when adding up the value of the non-originating materials used.

- 3.2. The rule in the list represents the minimum amount of working or processing required, and the carrying-out of more working or processing also confers originating status; conversely, the carrying-out of less working or processing cannot confer originating status. Thus, if a rule provides that non-originating material, at a certain level of manufacture, may be used, the use of such material at an earlier stage of manufacture is allowed, and the use of such material at a later stage is not.
- 3.3. Without prejudice to Note 3.2, where a rule uses the expression "Manufacture from materials of any heading", then materials of any heading(s) (even materials of the same description and heading as the product) may be used, subject, however, to any specific limitations which may also be contained in the rule.

However, the expression "Manufacture from materials of any heading, including other materials of heading ..." or "Manufacture from materials of any heading, including other materials of the same heading as the product" means that materials of any heading(s) may be used, except those of the same description as the product as given in column 2 of the list.

3.4. When a rule in the list specifies that a product may be manufactured from more than one material, this means that one or more materials may be used. It does not require that all be used.

Example:

The rule for fabrics of headings 5208 to 5212 provides that natural fibres may be used and that chemical materials, among other materials, may also be used. This does not mean that both have to be used; it is possible to use one or the other, or both.

3.5. Where a rule in the list specifies that a product must be manufactured from a particular material, the condition does not prevent the use of other materials which, because of their inherent nature, cannot satisfy the rule. (See also Note 6.2 below in relation to textiles).

Example:

The rule for prepared foods of heading 1904, which specifically excludes the use of cereals and their derivatives, does not prevent the use of mineral salts, chemicals and other additives which are not products from cereals.

However, this does not apply to products which, although they cannot be manufactured from the particular materials specified in the list, can be produced from a material of the same nature at an earlier stage of manufacture.

In the case of an article of apparel of ex Chapter 62 made from non-woven materials, if the use of only non-originating yarn is allowed for this class of article, it is not possible to start from non-woven cloth – even if non-woven cloths cannot normally be made from yarn. In such cases, the starting material would normally be at the stage before yarn – that is, the fibre stage.

3.6. Where, in a rule in the list, two percentages are given for the maximum value of non-originating materials that can be used, then these percentages may not be added together. In other words, the maximum value of all the non-originating materials used may never exceed the higher of the percentages given. Furthermore, the individual percentages must not be exceeded, in relation to the particular materials to which they apply.

Note 4:

4.1. The term "natural fibres" is used in the list to refer to fibres other than artificial or synthetic fibres. It is restricted to the stages before spinning takes place, including waste, and, unless otherwise specified, includes fibres which have been carded, combed or otherwise processed, but not spun.

- 4.2. The term "natural fibres" includes horsehair of heading 0511, silk of headings 5002 and 5003, as well as wool fibres and fine or coarse animal hair of headings 5101 to 5105, cotton fibres of headings 5201 to 5203, and other vegetable fibres of headings 5301 to 5305.
- 4.3. The terms "textile pulp", "chemical materials" and "paper-making materials" are used in the list to describe the materials, not classified in Chapters 50 to 63, which can be used to manufacture artificial, synthetic or paper fibres or yarns.
- 4.4. The term "man-made staple fibres" is used in the list to refer to synthetic or artificial filament tow, staple fibres or waste, of headings 5501 to 5507.

Note 5:

- 5.1. Where, for a given product in the list, reference is made to this Note, the conditions set out in column 3 shall not be applied to any basic textile materials used in the manufacture of this product and which, taken together, represent 10 % or less of the total weight of all the basic textile materials used. (See also Notes 5.3 and 5.4).
- 5.2. However, the tolerance mentioned in Note 5.1 may be applied only to mixed products which have been made from two or more basic textile materials.

The following are the basic textile materials:

- silk,
- wool,
- coarse animal hair,
- fine animal hair,
- horsehair,
- cotton,
- paper-making materials and paper,
- flax,
- true hemp,
- jute and other textile bast fibres,
- sisal and other textile fibres of the genus Agave,
- coconut, abaca, ramie and other vegetable textile fibres,
- synthetic man-made filaments,
- artificial man-made filaments,
- current-conducting filaments,
- synthetic man-made staple fibres of polypropylene,
- synthetic man-made staple fibres of polyester,
- synthetic man-made staple fibres of polyamide,
- synthetic man-made staple fibres of polyacrylonitrile,
- synthetic man-made staple fibres of polyimide,
- synthetic man-made staple fibres of polytetrafluoroethylene,
- synthetic man-made staple fibres of poly(phenylene sulphide),
- synthetic man-made staple fibres of poly(vinyl chloride),

- other synthetic man-made staple fibres,
- artificial man-made staple fibres of viscose,
- other artificial man-made staple fibres,
- yarn made of polyurethane segmented with flexible segments of polyether, whether or not gimped,
- yarn made of polyurethane segmented with flexible segments of polyester, whether or not gimped,
- products of heading 5605 (metallised yarn) incorporating strip consisting of a core of aluminium foil or of a core of plastic film whether or not coated with aluminium powder, of a width not exceeding 5 mm, sandwiched by means of a transparent or coloured adhesive between two layers of plastic film,
- other products of heading 5605.

A yarn, of heading 5205, made from cotton fibres of heading 5203 and synthetic staple fibres of heading 5506, is a mixed yarn. Therefore, non-originating synthetic staple fibres which do not satisfy the origin-rules (which require manufacture from chemical materials or textile pulp) may be used, provided that their total weight does not exceed 10 % of the weight of the yarn.

A woollen fabric, of heading 5112, made from woollen yarn of heading 5107 and synthetic yarn of staple fibres of heading 5509, is a mixed fabric. Therefore, synthetic yarn which does not satisfy the origin-rules (which require manufacture from chemical materials or textile pulp), or woollen yarn which does not satisfy the origin-rules (which require manufacture from natural fibres, not carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning), or a combination of the two, may be used, provided that their total weight does not exceed 10 % of the weight of the fabric.

Example:

Tufted textile fabric, of heading 5802, made from cotton yarn of heading 5205 and cotton fabric of heading 5210, is a only mixed product if the cotton fabric is itself a mixed fabric made from yarns classified in two separate headings, or if the cotton yarns used are themselves mixtures.

Example:

If the tufted textile fabric concerned had been made from cotton yarn of heading 5205 and synthetic fabric of heading 5407, then, obviously, the yarns used are two separate basic textile materials and the tufted textile fabric is, accordingly, a mixed product.

- 5.3. In the case of products incorporating "yarn made of polyurethane segmented with flexible segments of polyether, whether or not gimped", this tolerance is 20 % in respect of this yarn.
- 5.4. In the case of products incorporating "strip consisting of a core of aluminium foil or of a core of plastic film whether or not coated with aluminium powder, of a width not exceeding 5 mm, sandwiched by means of a transparent or coloured adhesive between two layers of plastic film", this tolerance is 30 % in respect of this strip.

Note 6:

- 6.1. Where, in the list, reference is made to this Note, textile materials (with the exception of linings and interlinings), which do not satisfy the rule set out in the list in column 3 for the made-up product concerned, may be used, provided that they are classified in a heading other than that of the product and that their value does not exceed 8 % of the ex-works price of the product.
- 6.2. Without prejudice to Note 6.3, materials, which are not classified within Chapters 50 to 63, may be used freely in the manufacture of textile products, whether or not they contain textiles.

If a rule in the list provides that, for a particular textile item (such as trousers), yarn must be used, this does not prevent the use of metal items, such as buttons, because buttons are not classified within Chapters 50 to 63. For the same reason, it does not prevent the use of slide-fasteners, even though slide-fasteners normally contain textiles.

6.3. Where a percentage rule applies, the value of materials which are not classified within Chapters 50 to 63 must be taken into account when calculating the value of the non-originating materials incorporated.

Note 7:

- 7.1. For the purposes of headings ex 2707, 2713 to 2715, ex 2901, ex 2902 and ex 3403, the "specific processes" are the following:
 - (a) vacuum-distillation;
 - (b) redistillation by a very thorough fractionation process;
 - (c) cracking;
 - (d) reforming;
 - (e) extraction by means of selective solvents;

| (f) | the process comprising all of the following operations: processing with concentrated sulphuric acid, oleum or sulphuric anhydride; neutralisation with alkaline agents; decolourisation and purification with naturally active earth, activated earth, activated charcoal or bauxite; |
|-------|---|
| (g) | polymerisation; |
| (h) | alkylation; |
| (i) | isomerisation. |
| For t | the purposes of headings 2710, 2711 and 2712, the "specific processes" are the following |
| (a) | vacuum-distillation; |
| (b) | redistillation by a very thorough fractionation process; |
| (c) | cracking; |
| (d) | reforming; |
| (e) | extraction by means of selective solvents; |
| | |

7.2.

| (f) | the process comprising all of the following operations: processing with concentrated |
|-----|--|
| | sulphuric acid, oleum or sulphuric anhydride; neutralisation with alkaline agents; |
| | decolourisation and purification with naturally active earth, activated earth, activated |
| | charcoal or bauxite; |

- (g) polymerisation;
- (h) alkylation;
- (i) isomerisation;
- (j) in respect of heavy oils of heading ex 2710 only, desulphurisation with hydrogen,
 resulting in a reduction of at least 85 % of the sulphur content of the products processed
 (ASTM D 1266-59 T method);
- (k) in respect of products of heading 2710 only, deparaffining by a process other than filtering;
- (l) in respect of heavy oils of heading ex 2710 only, treatment with hydrogen, at a pressure of more than 20 bar and a temperature of more than 250 °C, with the use of a catalyst, other than to effect desulphurisation, when the hydrogen constitutes an active element in a chemical reaction. The further treatment, with hydrogen, of lubricating oils of heading ex 2710 (e.g. hydrofinishing or decolourisation), in order, more especially, to improve colour or stability shall not, however, be deemed to be a specific process;

- (m) in respect of fuel oils of heading ex 2710 only, atmospheric distillation, on condition that less than 30 % of these products distils, by volume, including losses, at 300 °C, by the ASTM D 86 method;
- (n) in respect of heavy oils other than gas oils and fuel oils of heading ex 2710 only, treatment by means of a high-frequency electrical brush discharge;
- (o) in respect of crude products (other than petroleum jelly, ozokerite, lignite wax or peat wax, paraffin wax containing by weight less than 0.75 % of oil) of heading ex 2712 only, de-oiling by fractional crystallisation.
- 7.3. For the purposes of headings ex 2707, 2713 to 2715, ex 2901, ex 2902 and ex 3403, simple operations, such as cleaning, decanting, desalting, water separation, filtering, colouring, marking, obtaining a sulphur content as a result of mixing products with different sulphur contents, or any combination of these operations or like operations, do not confer origin.

LIST OF WORKING OR PROCESSING REQUIRED TO BE CARRIED OUT ON NON-ORIGINATING MATERIALS IN ORDER FOR THE PRODUCT MANUFACTURED TO OBTAIN ORIGINATING STATUS

| HS heading | Description of product | Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which |
|--------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| | | confers originating status |
| (1) | (2) | (3) or (4) |
| Chapter 1 | Live animals | All the animals of Chapter 1 shall |
| | | be wholly obtained |
| Chapter 2 | Meat and edible meat offal | Manufacture in which all the |
| | | materials of Chapters 1 and 2 used |
| | | are wholly obtained |
| Chapter 3 | Fish and crustaceans, molluses and | Manufacture in which all the |
| | other aquatic invertebrates | materials of Chapter 3 used are |
| | | wholly obtained |
| ex Chapter 4 | Dairy produce; birds' eggs; natural | Manufacture in which all the |
| | honey; edible products of animal | materials of Chapter 4 used are |
| | origin, not elsewhere specified or | wholly obtained |
| | included; except for: | |
| 0403 | Buttermilk, curdled milk and | Manufacture in which: |
| | cream, yoghurt, kephir and other | - all the materials of Chapter 4 |
| | fermented or acidified milk and | used are wholly obtained, |
| | cream, whether or not | - all the fruit juice (except that of |
| | concentrated or containing added | pineapple, lime or grapefruit) of |
| | sugar or other sweetening matter | heading 2009 used is originating, |
| | or flavoured or containing added | and |
| | fruit, nuts or cocoa | - the value of all the materials of |
| | | Chapter 17 used does not exceed |
| | | 30 % of the ex-works price of the |
| | | product |
| ex Chapter 5 | Products of animal origin, not | Manufacture in which all the |
| | elsewhere specified or included; | materials of Chapter 5 used are |
| | except for: | wholly obtained |
| ex 0502 | Prepared pigs', hogs' or boars' | Cleaning, disinfecting, sorting and |
| | bristles and hair | straightening of bristles and hair |

| HS heading | Description of product | Working or processing, carried out on non-originat | ng materials, which |
|---------------|---------------------------------------|--|---------------------|
| | | confers originating status | |
| (1) | (2) | (3) or (4) | |
| Chapter 6 | Live trees and other plants; bulbs, | Manufacture in which: | |
| | roots and the like; cut flowers and | - all the materials of Chapter 6 | |
| | ornamental foliage | used are wholly obtained, and | |
| | | - the value of all the materials used | |
| | | does not exceed 50 % of the ex- | |
| | | works price of the product | |
| Chapter 7 | Edible vegetables and certain roots | Manufacture in which all the | |
| | and tubers | materials of Chapter 7 used are | |
| | | wholly obtained | |
| Chapter 8 | Edible fruit and nuts; peel of citrus | Manufacture in which: | |
| | fruits or melons | - all the fruit and nuts used are | |
| | | wholly obtained, and | |
| | | - the value of all the materials of | |
| | | Chapter 17 used does not exceed | |
| | | 30 % of the value of the ex-works | |
| | | price of the product | |
| ex Chapter 9 | Coffee, tea, maté and spices; | Manufacture in which all the | |
| | except for: | materials of Chapter 9 used are | |
| | | wholly obtained | |
| 0901 | Coffee, whether or not roasted or | Manufacture from materials of any | |
| | decaffeinated; coffee husks and | heading | |
| | skins; coffee substitutes containing | | |
| | coffee in any proportion | | |
| 0902 | Tea, whether or not flavoured | Manufacture from materials of any | |
| | | heading | |
| ex 0910 | Mixtures of spices | Manufacture from materials of any | |
| | | heading | |
| Chapter 10 | Cereals | Manufacture in which all the | |
| | | materials of Chapter 10 used are | |
| | | wholly obtained | |
| ex Chapter 11 | Products of the milling industry; | Manufacture in which all the | |
| | malt; starches; inulin; wheat | cereals, edible vegetables, roots and | |
| | gluten; except for: | tubers of heading 0714 or fruit used | |
| | | are wholly obtained | |
| ex 1106 | Flour, meal and powder of the | Drying and milling of leguminous | |
| | dried, shelled leguminous | vegetables of heading 0708 | |
| | vegetables of heading 0713 | | |

| HS heading | Description of product | Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which |
|---------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| | | confers originating status |
| (1) | (2) | (3) or (4) |
| Chapter 12 | Oil seeds and oleaginous fruits; | Manufacture in which all the |
| | miscellaneous grains, seeds and | materials of Chapter 12 used are |
| | fruit; industrial or medicinal | wholly obtained |
| | plants; straw and fodder | |
| 1301 | Lac; natural gums, resins, gum- | Manufacture in which the value of |
| | resins and oleoresins (for example, | all the materials of heading 1301 |
| | balsams) | used does not exceed 50 % of the |
| | | ex-works price of the product |
| 1302 | Vegetable saps and extracts; pectic | |
| | substances, pectinates and | |
| | pectates; agar-agar and other | |
| | mucilages and thickeners, whether | |
| | or not modified, derived from | |
| | vegetable products: | |
| | - Mucilages and thickeners, | Manufacture from non-modified |
| | modified, derived from vegetable | mucilages and thickeners |
| | products | |
| | - Other | Manufacture in which the value of |
| | | all the materials used does not |
| | | exceed 50 % of the ex-works price |
| | | of the product |
| Chapter 14 | Vegetable plaiting materials; | Manufacture in which all the |
| | vegetable products not elsewhere | materials of Chapter 14 used are |
| | specified or included | wholly obtained |
| ex Chapter 15 | Animal or vegetable fats and oils | Manufacture from materials of any |
| | and their cleavage products; | heading, except that of the product |
| | prepared edible fats; animal or | |
| | vegetable waxes; except for: | |
| 1501 | Pig fat (including lard) and poultry | |
| | fat, other than that of heading 0209 | |
| | or 1503: | |
| | - Fats from bones or waste | Manufacture from materials of any |
| | | heading, except those of |
| | | heading 0203, 0206 or 0207 or |
| | | bones of heading 0506 |
| | - Other | Manufacture from meat or edible |
| | | offal of swine of heading 0203 |
| | | or 0206 or of meat and edible offal |
| | | of poultry of heading 0207 |

| HS heading | Description of product | Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which |
|------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| | | confers originating status |
| (1) | (2) | (3) or (4) |
| 1502 | Fats of bovine animals, sheep or | |
| | goats, other than those of | |
| | heading 1503 | |
| | - Fats from bones or waste | Manufacture from materials of any |
| | | heading, except those of |
| | | heading 0201, 0202, 0204 or 0206 |
| | | or bones of heading 0506 |
| | - Other | Manufacture in which all the |
| | | materials of Chapter 2 used are |
| | | wholly obtained |
| 1504 | Fats and oils and their fractions, of | |
| | fish or marine mammals, whether | |
| | or not refined, but not chemically | |
| | modified: | |
| | - Solid fractions | Manufacture from materials of any |
| | | heading, including other materials |
| | | of heading 1504 |
| | - Other | Manufacture in which all the |
| | | materials of Chapters 2 and 3 used |
| | | are wholly obtained |
| ex 1505 | Refined lanolin | Manufacture from crude wool |
| | | grease of heading 1505 |
| 1506 | Other animal fats and oils and their | |
| | fractions, whether or not refined, | |
| | but not chemically modified: | |
| | - Solid fractions | Manufacture from materials of any |
| | | heading, including other materials |
| | | of heading 1506 |
| | - Other | Manufacture in which all the |
| | | materials of Chapter 2 used are |
| | | wholly obtained |
| | | |

| HS heading | Description of product | Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which |
|--------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| | | confers originating status |
| (1) | (2) | (3) or (4) |
| 1507 to 1515 | Vegetable oils and their fractions: | |
| | - Soya, ground nut, palm, copra, | Manufacture from materials of any |
| | palm kernel, babassu, tung and | heading, except that of the product |
| | oiticica oil, myrtle wax and Japan | |
| | wax, fractions of jojoba oil and | |
| | oils for technical or industrial | |
| | uses other than the manufacture | |
| | of foodstuffs for human | |
| | consumption | |
| | - Solid fractions, except for that of | Manufacture from other materials |
| | jojoba oil | of headings 1507 to 1515 |
| | - Other | Manufacture in which all the |
| | | vegetable materials used are wholly |
| | | obtained |
| 1516 | Animal or vegetable fats and oils | Manufacture in which: |
| | and their fractions, partly or | - all the materials of Chapter 2 |
| | wholly hydrogenated, inter- | used are wholly obtained, and |
| | esterified, re-esterified or | - all the vegetable materials used |
| | elaidinised, whether or not refined, | are wholly obtained. However, |
| | but not further prepared | materials of headings 1507, 1508, |
| | | 1511 and 1513 may be used |
| 1517 | Margarine; edible mixtures or | Manufacture in which: |
| | preparations of animal or vegetable | - all the materials of Chapters 2 |
| | fats or oils or of fractions of | and 4 used are wholly obtained, |
| | different fats or oils of this | and |
| | Chapter, other than edible fats or | - all the vegetable materials used |
| | oils or their fractions of | are wholly obtained. However, |
| | heading 1516 | materials of headings 1507, 1508, |
| | | 1511 and 1513 may be used |
| Chapter 16 | Preparations of meat, of fish or of | Manufacture: |
| | crustaceans, molluses or other | - from animals of Chapter 1, and/or |
| | aquatic invertebrates | - in which all the materials of |
| | | Chapter 3 used are wholly |
| | | obtained |

| HS heading | Description of product | Working or processing, carried out | on non-originating materials, which |
|---------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| | | confers origi | nating status |
| (1) | (2) | (3) 01 | r (4) |
| ex Chapter 17 | Sugars and sugar confectionery; | Manufacture from materials of any | |
| | except for: | heading, except that of the product | |
| ex 1701 | Cane or beet sugar and chemically | Manufacture in which the value of | |
| | pure sucrose, in solid form, | all the materials of Chapter 17 used | |
| | containing added flavouring or | does not exceed 30 % of the ex- | |
| | colouring matter | works price of the product | |
| 1702 | Other sugars, including chemically | | |
| | pure lactose, maltose, glucose and | | |
| | fructose, in solid form; sugar | | |
| | syrups not containing added | | |
| | flavouring or colouring matter; | | |
| | artificial honey, whether or not | | |
| | mixed with natural honey; | | |
| | caramel: | | |
| | - Chemically-pure maltose and | Manufacture from materials of any | |
| | fructose | heading, including other materials | |
| | | of heading 1702 | |
| | - Other sugars in solid form, | Manufacture in which the value of | |
| | containing added flavouring or | all the materials of Chapter 17 used | |
| | colouring matter | does not exceed 30 % of the ex- | |
| | | works price of the product | |
| | - Other | Manufacture in which all the | |
| | | materials used are originating | |
| ex 1703 | Molasses resulting from the | Manufacture in which the value of | |
| | extraction or refining of sugar, | all the materials of Chapter 17 used | |
| | containing added flavouring or | does not exceed 30 % of the ex- | |
| | colouring matter | works price of the product | |
| 1704 | Sugar confectionery (including | Manufacture: | |
| | white chocolate), not containing | - from materials of any heading, | |
| | cocoa | except that of the product, and | |
| | | - in which the value of all the | |
| | | materials of Chapter 17 used does | |
| | | not exceed 30 % of the ex-works | |
| | | price of the product | |

| HS heading | Description of product | Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which |
|------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| | | confers originating status |
| (1) | (2) | (3) or (4) |
| Chapter 18 | Cocoa and cocoa preparations | Manufacture: |
| | | - from materials of any heading, |
| | | except that of the product, and |
| | | - in which the value of all the |
| | | materials of Chapter 17 used does |
| | | not exceed 30 % of the ex-works |
| | | price of the product |
| 1901 | Malt extract; food preparations of | |
| | flour, groats, meal, starch or malt | |
| | extract, not containing cocoa or | |
| | containing less than 40 % by | |
| | weight of cocoa calculated on a | |
| | totally defatted basis, not | |
| | elsewhere specified or included; | |
| | food preparations of goods of | |
| | headings 0401 to 0404, not | |
| | containing cocoa or containing less | |
| | than 5 % by weight of cocoa | |
| | calculated on a totally defatted | |
| | basis, not elsewhere specified or | |
| | included: | |
| | - Malt extract | Manufacture from cereals of |
| | | Chapter 10 |
| | - Other | Manufacture: |
| | | - from materials of any heading, |
| | | except that of the product, and |
| | | - in which the value of all the |
| | | materials of Chapter 17 used does |
| | | not exceed 30 % of the ex-works |
| | | price of the product |

| HS heading | Description of product | Working or processing, carried out of | on non-originating materials, which |
|------------|--|---|-------------------------------------|
| | | confers origin | nating status |
| (1) | (2) | (3) or | (4) |
| 1902 | Pasta, whether or not cooked or stuffed (with meat or other substances) or otherwise prepared, such as spaghetti, macaroni, noodles, lasagne, gnocchi, ravioli, cannelloni; couscous, whether or not prepared: | | |
| | - Containing 20 % or less by weight of meat, meat offal, fish, crustaceans or molluses | Manufacture in which all the cereals and derivatives (except durum wheat and its derivatives) used are wholly obtained | |
| | - Containing more than 20 % by weight of meat, meat offal, fish, crustaceans or molluscs | Manufacture in which: - all the cereals and their derivatives (except durum wheat and its derivatives) used are wholly obtained, and - all the materials of Chapters 2 and 3 used are wholly obtained | |
| 1903 | Tapioca and substitutes therefor prepared from starch, in the form of flakes, grains, pearls, siftings or similar forms | Manufacture from materials of any heading, except potato starch of heading 1108 | |
| 1904 | Prepared foods obtained by the swelling or roasting of cereals or cereal products (for example, corn flakes); cereals (other than maize (corn)) in grain form or in the form of flakes or other worked grains (except flour, groats and meal), pre-cooked or otherwise prepared, not elsewhere specified or included | Manufacture: - from materials of any heading, except those of heading 1806, - in which all the cereals and flour (except durum wheat and <i>Zea indurata</i> maize, and their derivatives) used are wholly obtained, and - in which the value of all the materials of Chapter 17 used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works | |

| HS heading | Description of product | Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which |
|---------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| | | confers originating status |
| (1) | (2) | (3) or (4) |
| 1905 | Bread, pastry, cakes, biscuits and | Manufacture from materials of any |
| | other bakers' wares, whether or not | heading, except those of Chapter 11 |
| | containing cocoa; communion | |
| | wafers, empty cachets of a kind | |
| | suitable for pharmaceutical use, | |
| | sealing wafers, rice paper and | |
| | similar products | |
| ex Chapter 20 | Preparations of vegetables, fruit, | Manufacture in which all the fruit, |
| | nuts or other parts of plants; except | nuts or vegetables used are wholly |
| | for: | obtained |
| ex 2001 | Yams, sweet potatoes and similar | Manufacture from materials of any |
| | edible parts of plants containing | heading, except that of the product |
| | 5 % or more by weight of starch, | |
| | prepared or preserved by vinegar | |
| | or acetic acid | |
| ex 2004 and | Potatoes in the form of flour, meal | Manufacture from materials of any |
| ex 2005 | or flakes, prepared or preserved | heading, except that of the product |
| | otherwise than by vinegar or acetic | |
| | acid | |
| 2006 | Vegetables, fruit, nuts, fruit-peel | Manufacture in which the value of |
| | and other parts of plants, preserved | all the materials of Chapter 17 used |
| | by sugar (drained, glacé or | does not exceed 30 % of the ex- |
| | crystallized) | works price of the product |
| 2007 | Jams, fruit jellies, marmalades, | Manufacture: |
| | fruit or nut purée and fruit or nut | - from materials of any heading, |
| | pastes, obtained by cooking, | except that of the product, and |
| | whether or not containing added | - in which the value of all the |
| | sugar or other sweetening matter | materials of Chapter 17 used does |
| | | not exceed 30 % of the ex-works |
| | | price of the product |
| | | 1 |

| HS heading | Description of product | Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which |
|---------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| | | confers originating status |
| (1) | (2) | (3) or (4) |
| ex 2008 | - Nuts, not containing added sugar | Manufacture in which the value of |
| | or spirits | all the originating nuts and oil |
| | | seeds of headings 0801, 0802 and |
| | | 1202 to 1207 used exceeds 60 % of |
| | | the ex-works price of the product |
| | - Peanut butter; mixtures based on | Manufacture from materials of any |
| | cereals; palm hearts; maize | heading, except that of the product |
| | (corn) | |
| | - Other except for fruit and nuts | Manufacture: |
| | cooked otherwise than by | - from materials of any heading, |
| | steaming or boiling in water, not | except that of the product, and |
| | containing added sugar, frozen | - in which the value of all the |
| | | materials of Chapter 17 used does |
| | | not exceed 30 % of the ex-works |
| | | price of the product |
| 2009 | Fruit juices (including grape must) | Manufacture: |
| | and vegetable juices, unfermented | - from materials of any heading, |
| | and not containing added spirit, | except that of the product, and |
| | whether or not containing added | - in which the value of all the |
| | sugar or other sweetening matter | materials of Chapter 17 used does |
| | | not exceed 30 % of the ex-works |
| | | price of the product |
| ex Chapter 21 | Miscellaneous edible preparations; | Manufacture from materials of any |
| | except for: | heading, except that of the product |
| 2101 | Extracts, essences and | Manufacture: |
| | concentrates, of coffee, tea or maté | - from materials of any heading, |
| | and preparations with a basis of | except that of the product, and |
| | these products or with a basis of | - in which all the chicory used is |
| | coffee, tea or maté; roasted chicory | wholly obtained |
| | and other roasted coffee | |
| | substitutes, and extracts, essences | |
| | and concentrates thereof | |
| | | |

| HS heading | Description of product | Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which |
|---------------|---|---|
| | | confers originating status |
| (1) | (2) | (3) or (4) |
| 2103 | Sauces and preparations therefor; mixed condiments and mixed seasonings; mustard flour and meal and prepared mustard: | |
| | - Sauces and preparations therefor; mixed condiments and mixed seasonings | Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product. However, mustard flour or meal or prepared mustard may be used |
| | - Mustard flour and meal and prepared mustard | Manufacture from materials of any heading |
| ex 2104 | Soups and broths and preparations therefor | Manufacture from materials of any heading, except prepared or preserved vegetables of headings 2002 to 2005 |
| 2106 | Food preparations not elsewhere specified or included | Manufacture: - from materials of any heading, except that of the product, and - in which the value of all the materials of Chapter 17 used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product |
| ex Chapter 22 | Beverages, spirits and vinegar; except for: | Manufacture: - from materials of any heading, except that of the product, and - in which all the grapes or materials derived from grapes used are wholly obtained |
| 2202 | Waters, including mineral waters and aerated waters, containing added sugar or other sweetening matter or flavoured, and other non-alcoholic beverages, not including fruit or vegetable juices of heading 2009 | Manufacture: - from materials of any heading, except that of the product, - in which the value of all the materials of Chapter 17 used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product, and - in which all the fruit juice used (except that of pineapple, lime or grapefruit) is originating |

| HS heading | Description of product | Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which |
|---------------|---|---|
| | | confers originating status |
| (1) | (2) | (3) or (4) |
| 2207 | Undenatured ethyl alcohol of an | Manufacture: |
| | alcoholic strength by volume of | - from materials of any heading, |
| | 80 % vol or higher; ethyl alcohol | except heading 2207 or 2208, and |
| | and other spirits, denatured, of any | - in which all the grapes or |
| | strength | materials derived from grapes |
| | | used are wholly obtained or, if all |
| | | the other materials used are |
| | | already originating, arrack may |
| | | be used up to a limit of 5 % by |
| | | volume |
| 2208 | Undenatured ethyl alcohol of an | Manufacture: |
| | alcoholic strength by volume of | - from materials of any heading, |
| | less than 80 % vol; spirits, liqueurs | except heading 2207 or 2208, and |
| | and other spirituous beverages | - in which all the grapes or |
| | | materials derived from grapes |
| | | used are wholly obtained or, if all |
| | | the other materials used are |
| | | already originating, arrack may |
| | | be used up to a limit of 5 % by |
| | | volume |
| ex Chapter 23 | Residues and waste from the food | Manufacture from materials of any |
| | industries; prepared animal fodder; | heading, except that of the product |
| | except for: | |
| ex 2301 | Whale meal; flours, meals and | Manufacture in which all the |
| | pellets of fish or of crustaceans, | materials of Chapters 2 and 3 used |
| | molluses or other aquatic | are wholly obtained |
| | invertebrates, unfit for human | |
| | consumption | |
| ex 2303 | Residues from the manufacture of | Manufacture in which all the maize |
| | starch from maize (excluding | used is wholly obtained |
| | concentrated steeping liquors), of a | |
| | protein content, calculated on the | |
| | dry product, exceeding 40 % by | |
| | weight | |
| ex 2306 | Oil cake and other solid residues | Manufacture in which all the olives |
| | resulting from the extraction of | used are wholly obtained |
| | olive oil, containing more than 3 % | |
| | of olive oil | |
| 2309 | Preparations of a kind used in | Manufacture in which: |
| | animal feeding | - all the cereals, sugar or molasses, |
| | | meat or milk used are originating, |
| | | and |
| | | - all the materials of Chapter 3 |
| | | used are wholly obtained |
| | protein content, calculated on the dry product, exceeding 40 % by weight Oil cake and other solid residues resulting from the extraction of olive oil, containing more than 3 % of olive oil Preparations of a kind used in | used are wholly obtained Manufacture in which: - all the cereals, sugar or molasses, meat or milk used are originating, and - all the materials of Chapter 3 |

| HS heading | Description of product | Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which |
|---------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| | | confers originating status |
| (1) | (2) | (3) or (4) |
| ex Chapter 24 | Tobacco and manufactured | Manufacture in which all the |
| | tobacco substitutes; except for: | materials of Chapter 24 used are |
| | | wholly obtained |
| 2402 | Cigars, cheroots, cigarillos and | Manufacture in which at least 70 % |
| | cigarettes, of tobacco or of tobacco | by weight of the unmanufactured |
| | substitutes | tobacco or tobacco refuse of |
| | | heading 2401 used is originating |
| ex 2403 | Smoking tobacco | Manufacture in which at least 70 % |
| | | by weight of the unmanufactured |
| | | tobacco or tobacco refuse of |
| | | heading 2401 used is originating |
| ex Chapter 25 | Salt; sulphur; earths and stone; | Manufacture from materials of any |
| - | plastering materials, lime and | heading, except that of the product |
| | cement; except for: | |
| ex 2504 | Natural crystalline graphite, with | Enriching of the carbon content, |
| | enriched carbon content, purified | purifying and grinding of crude |
| | and ground | crystalline graphite |
| ex 2515 | Marble, merely cut, by sawing or | Cutting, by sawing or otherwise, of |
| | otherwise, into blocks or slabs of a | marble (even if already sawn) of a |
| | rectangular (including square) | thickness exceeding 25 cm |
| | shape, of a thickness not exceeding | |
| | 25 cm | |
| ex 2516 | Granite, porphyry, basalt, | Cutting, by sawing or otherwise, of |
| | sandstone and other monumental | stone (even if already sawn) of a |
| | or building stone, merely cut, by | thickness exceeding 25 cm |
| | sawing or otherwise, into blocks or | |
| | slabs of a rectangular (including | |
| | square) shape, of a thickness not | |
| | exceeding 25 cm | |
| ex 2518 | Calcined dolomite | Calcination of dolomite not |
| 0.1 20 10 | Culomea delemino | calcined |
| ex 2519 | Crushed natural magnesium | Manufacture from materials of any |
| ex 2319 | carbonate (magnesite), in | heading, except that of the product. |
| | hermetically-sealed containers, and | However, natural magnesium |
| | magnesium oxide, whether or not | carbonate (magnesite) may be used |
| | pure, other than fused magnesia or | caroonate (magnesite) may be used |
| | dead-burned (sintered) magnesia | |
| | ucau-burneu (sintereu) magnesia | |
| | | |

| HS heading | Description of product | Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which |
|---------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| | | confers originating status |
| (1) | (2) | (3) or (4) |
| ex 2520 | Plasters specially prepared for | Manufacture in which the value of |
| | dentistry | all the materials used does not |
| | | exceed 50 % of the ex-works price |
| | | of the product |
| ex 2524 | Natural asbestos fibres | Manufacture from asbestos |
| | | concentrate |
| ex 2525 | Mica powder | Grinding of mica or mica waste |
| ex 2530 | Earth colours, calcined or | Calcination or grinding of earth |
| | powdered | colours |
| Chapter 26 | Ores, slag and ash | Manufacture from materials of any |
| | | heading, except that of the product |
| ex Chapter 27 | Mineral fuels, mineral oils and | Manufacture from materials of any |
| | products of their distillation; | heading, except that of the product |
| | bituminous substances; mineral | |
| | waxes; except for: | |
| ex 2707 | Oils in which the weight of the | Operations of refining and/or one |
| | aromatic constituents exceeds that | or more specific process(es) (1) |
| | of the non-aromatic constituents, | or |
| | being oils similar to mineral oils | Other operations in which all the |
| | obtained by distillation of high | materials used are classified within |
| | temperature coal tar, of which | a heading other than that of the |
| | more than 65 % by volume distils | product. However, materials of the |
| | at a temperature of up to 250 °C | same heading as the product may |
| | (including mixtures of petroleum | be used, provided that their total |
| | spirit and benzole), for use as | value does not exceed 50 % of the |
| | power or heating fuels | ex-works price of the product |
| ex 2709 | Crude oils obtained from | Destructive distillation of |
| | bituminous minerals | bituminous materials |
| 2710 | Petroleum oils and oils obtained | Operations of refining and/or one |
| | from bituminous materials, other | or more specific process(es) (²) |
| | than crude; preparations not | or |
| | elsewhere specified or included, | Other operations in which all the |
| | containing by weight 70 % or more | materials used are classified within |
| | of petroleum oils or of oils | a heading other than that of the |
| | obtained from bituminous | product. However, materials of the |
| | materials, these oils being the basic | same heading as the product may |
| | constituents of the preparations; | be used, provided that their total |
| | waste oils | value does not exceed 50 % of the |
| | | ex-works price of the product |

| HS heading | Description of product | Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which |
|------------|------------------------------------|--|
| | (2) | confers originating status |
| (1) | (2) | (3) or (4) |
| 2711 | Petroleum gases and other gaseous | Operations of refining and/or one |
| | hydrocarbons | or more specific process(es) (²) |
| | | or |
| | | Other operations in which all the |
| | | materials used are classified within |
| | | a heading other than that of the |
| | | product. However, materials of the |
| | | same heading as the product may |
| | | be used, provided that their total |
| | | value does not exceed 50 % of the |
| | | ex-works price of the product |
| 2712 | Petroleum jelly; paraffin wax, | Operations of refining and/or one |
| | microcrystalline petroleum wax, | or more specific process(es) (²) |
| | slack wax, ozokerite, lignite wax, | or |
| | peat wax, other mineral waxes, and | Other operations in which all the |
| | similar products obtained by | materials used are classified within |
| | synthesis or by other processes, | a heading other than that of the |
| | whether or not coloured | product. However, materials of the |
| | | same heading as the product may |
| | | be used, provided that their total |
| | | value does not exceed 50 % of the |
| | | ex-works price of the product |
| 2713 | Petroleum coke, petroleum | Operations of refining and/or one |
| | bitumen and other residues of | or more specific process(es) (¹) |
| | petroleum oils or of oils obtained | or |
| | from bituminous materials | Other operations in which all the |
| | | materials used are classified within |
| | | a heading other than that of the |
| | | product. However, materials of the |
| | | same heading as the product may |
| | | be used, provided that their total |
| | | value does not exceed 50 % of the |
| | | ex-works price of the product |

| | | | on non-originating materials, which |
|---------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| | | confers origi | inating status |
| (1) | (2) | (3) 0 | r (4) |
| 2714 | Bitumen and asphalt, natural; | Operations of refining and/or one | |
| | bituminous or oil shale and tar | or more specific process(es) (1) | |
| | sands; asphaltites and asphaltic | or | |
| | rocks | Other operations in which all the | |
| | | materials used are classified within | |
| | | a heading other than that of the | |
| | | product. However, materials of the | |
| | | same heading as the product may | |
| 1 | | be used, provided that their total | |
| | | value does not exceed 50 % of the | |
| | | ex-works price of the product | |
| 2715 | Bituminous mixtures based on | Operations of refining and/or one | |
| | natural asphalt, on natural bitumen, | or more specific process(es) (1) | |
| | on petroleum bitumen, on mineral | or | |
| | tar or on mineral tar pitch (for | Other operations in which all the | |
| | example, bituminous mastics, cut- | materials used are classified within | |
| | backs) | a heading other than that of the | |
| | | product. However, materials of the | |
| | | same heading as the product may | |
| | | be used, provided that their total | |
| | | value does not exceed 50 % of the | |
| | | ex-works price of the product | |
| ex Chapter 28 | Inorganic chemicals; organic or | Manufacture from materials of any | Manufacture in which the value of |
| | inorganic compounds of precious | heading, except that of the product. | all the materials used does not |
| | metals, of rare-earth metals, of | However, materials of the same | exceed 40 % of the ex-works price |
| | radioactive elements or of | heading as the product may be | of the product |
| | isotopes; except for: | used, provided that their total value | |
| | | does not exceed 20 % of the ex- | |
| | | works price of the product | |
| ex 2805 | "Mischmetall" | Manufacture by electrolytic or | |
| | | thermal treatment in which the | |
| | | value of all the materials used does | |
| | | not exceed 50 % of the ex-works | |
| | | price of the product | |

| HS heading | Description of product | | on non-originating materials, which inating status |
|---------------|--|---|--|
| (1) | (2) | - | or (4) |
| (1) | | (3) | |
| ex 2811 | Sulphur trioxide | Manufacture from sulphur dioxide | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product |
| ex 2833 | Aluminium sulphate | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product | |
| ex 2840 | Sodium perborate | Manufacture from disodium tetraborate pentahydrate | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product |
| ex 2852 | - Mercury compounds of internal ethers and their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives | Manufacture from materials of any heading. However, the value of all the materials of heading 2909 used shall not exceed 20 % of the exworks price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product |
| | - Mercury compounds of nucleic acids and their salts, whether or not chemically defined; other heterocyclic compounds | Manufacture from materials of any heading. However, the value of all the materials of headings 2852, 2932, 2933 and 2934 used shall not exceed 20 % of the ex-works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product |
| ex Chapter 29 | Organic chemicals; except for: | Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product. However, materials of the same heading as the product may be used, provided that their total value does not exceed 20 % of the exworks price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product |

| HS heading | Description of product | | on non-originating materials, which |
|------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| (1) | (2) | _ | inating status or (4) |
| ex 2901 | Acyclic hydrocarbons for use as | Operations of refining and/or one | (1) |
| CX 2701 | power or heating fuels | or more specific process(es) (1) | |
| | power or nearing rucis | Or | |
| | | Other operations in which all the | |
| | | materials used are classified within | |
| | | a heading other than that of the | |
| | | product. However, materials of the | |
| | | same heading as the product may | |
| | | | |
| | | be used, provided that their total | |
| | | value does not exceed 50 % of the | |
| 2002 | | ex-works price of the product | |
| ex 2902 | Cyclanes and cyclenes (other than | Operations of refining and/or one | |
| | azulenes), benzene, toluene, | or more specific process(es) (1) | |
| | xylenes, for use as power or | or | |
| | heating fuels | Other operations in which all the | |
| | | materials used are classified within | |
| | | a heading other than that of the | |
| | | product. However, materials of the | |
| | | same heading as the product may | |
| | | be used, provided that their total | |
| | | value does not exceed 50 % of the | |
| | | ex-works price of the product | |
| ex 2905 | Metal alcoholates of alcohols of | Manufacture from materials of any | Manufacture in which the value of |
| | this heading and of ethanol | heading, including other materials | all the materials used does not |
| | | of heading 2905. However, metal | exceed 40 % of the ex-works price |
| | | alcoholates of this heading may be | of the product |
| | | used, provided that their total value | |
| | | does not exceed 20 % of the ex- | |
| | | works price of the product | |
| 2915 | Saturated acyclic monocarboxylic | Manufacture from materials of any | Manufacture in which the value of |
| | acids and their anhydrides, halides, | heading. However, the value of all | all the materials used does not |
| | peroxides and peroxyacids; their | the materials of headings 2915 | exceed 40 % of the ex-works price |
| | halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated | and 2916 used shall not exceed | of the product |
| | or nitrosated derivatives | 20 % of the ex-works price of the | |
| | | product | |
| ex 2932 | - Internal ethers and their | Manufacture from materials of any | Manufacture in which the value of |
| | halogenated, sulphonated, | heading. However, the value of all | all the materials used does not |
| | nitrated or nitrosated derivatives | the materials of heading 2909 used | exceed 40 % of the ex-works price |
| | | shall not exceed 20 % of the ex- | of the product |
| | | works price of the product | |

| HS heading | Description of product | Working or processing, carried out | on non-originating materials, which |
|---------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| | | confers orig | inating status |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | or (4) |
| | - Cyclic acetals and internal | Manufacture from materials of any | Manufacture in which the value of |
| | hemiacetals and their | heading | all the materials used does not |
| | halogenated, sulphonated, | | exceed 40 % of the ex-works price |
| | nitrated or nitrosated derivatives | | of the product |
| 2933 | Heterocyclic compounds with | Manufacture from materials of any | Manufacture in which the value of |
| | nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only | heading. However, the value of all | all the materials used does not |
| | | the materials of headings 2932 | exceed 40 % of the ex-works price |
| | | and 2933 used shall not exceed | of the product |
| | | 20 % of the ex-works price of the | |
| | | product | |
| 2934 | Nucleic acids and their salts, | Manufacture from materials of any | Manufacture in which the value of |
| | whether or not chemically defined; | heading. However, the value of all | all the materials used does not |
| | other heterocyclic compounds | the materials of headings 2932, | exceed 40 % of the ex-works price |
| | | 2933 and 2934 used shall not | of the product |
| | | exceed 20 % of the ex-works price | |
| | | of the product | |
| ex 2939 | Concentrates of poppy straw | Manufacture in which the value of | |
| | containing not less than 50 % by | all the materials used does not | |
| | weight of alkaloids | exceed 50 % of the ex-works price | |
| | | of the product | |
| ex Chapter 30 | Pharmaceutical products; except | Manufacture from materials of any | |
| | for: | heading, except that of the product. | |
| | | However, materials of the same | |
| | | heading as the product may be | |
| | | used, provided that their total value | |
| | | does not exceed 20 % of the ex- | |
| | | works price of the product | |
| 3002 | Human blood; animal blood | | |
| | prepared for therapeutic, | | |
| | prophylactic or diagnostic uses; | | |
| | antisera and other blood fractions | | |
| | and modified immunological | | |
| | products, whether or not obtained | | |
| | by means of biotechnological | | |
| | processes; vaccines, toxins, | | |
| | cultures of micro-organisms | | |
| | (excluding yeasts) and similar | | |
| | products: | | |

| HS heading | Description of product | Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which |
|------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| | | confers originating status |
| (1) | (2) | (3) or (4) |
| | - Products consisting of two or | Manufacture from materials of any |
| | more constituents which have | heading, including other materials |
| | been mixed together for | of heading 3002. However, |
| | therapeutic or prophylactic uses | materials of the same description as |
| | or unmixed products for these | the product may be used, provided |
| | uses, put up in measured doses or | that their total value does not |
| | in forms or packings for retail | exceed 20 % of the ex-works price |
| | sale | of the product |
| | - Other | |
| | Human blood | Manufacture from materials of any |
| | | heading, including other materials |
| | | of heading 3002. However, |
| | | materials of the same description as |
| | | the product may be used, provided |
| | | that their total value does not |
| | | exceed 20 % of the ex-works price |
| | | of the product |
| | Animal blood prepared for | Manufacture from materials of any |
| | therapeutic or prophylactic uses | heading, including other materials |
| | | of heading 3002. However, |
| | | materials of the same description as |
| | | the product may be used, provided |
| | | that their total value does not |
| | | exceed 20 % of the ex-works price |
| | | of the product |
| | Blood fractions other than | Manufacture from materials of any |
| | antisera, haemoglobin, blood | heading, including other materials |
| | globulins and serum globulins | of heading 3002. However, |
| | | materials of the same description as |
| | | the product may be used, provided |
| | | that their total value does not |
| | | exceed 20 % of the ex-works price |
| | | of the product |
| | Haemoglobin, blood globulins | Manufacture from materials of any |
| | and serum globulins | heading, including other materials |
| | | of heading 3002. However, |
| | | materials of the same description as |
| | | the product may be used, provided |
| | | that their total value does not |
| | | exceed 20 % of the ex-works price |
| | | of the product |

| HS heading | Description of product | Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which |
|---------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| | | confers originating status |
| (1) | (2) | (3) or (4) |
| | Other | Manufacture from materials of any |
| | | heading, including other materials |
| | | of heading 3002. However, |
| | | materials of the same description as |
| | | the product may be used, provided |
| | | that their total value does not |
| | | exceed 20 % of the ex-works price |
| | | of the product |
| 3003 and 3004 | Medicaments (excluding goods of | |
| | heading 3002, 3005 or 3006): | |
| | - Obtained from amikacin of | Manufacture from materials of any |
| | heading 2941 | heading, except that of the product. |
| | | However, materials of |
| | | headings 3003 and 3004 may be |
| | | used, provided that their total value |
| | | does not exceed 20 % of the ex- |
| | | works price of the product |
| | - Other | Manufacture: |
| | | - from materials of any heading, |
| | | except that of the product. |
| | | However, materials of |
| | | headings 3003 and 3004 may be |
| | | used, provided that their total |
| | | value does not exceed 20 % of the |
| | | ex-works price of the product, |
| | | and |
| | | - in which the value of all the |
| | | materials used does not exceed |
| | | 50 % of the ex-works price of the |
| | | product |
| ex 3006 | - Waste pharmaceuticals specified | The origin of the product in its |
| CA 3000 | in note 4(k) to this Chapter | original classification shall be |
| | in note 4(k) to this chapter | retained |
| | | Tetamed |
| | - Sterile surgical or dental adhesion | |
| | barriers, whether or not | |
| | absorbable: | |
| | ausorbable. | |

| HS heading | Description of product | Working or processing, carried out | on non-originating materials, which |
|---------------|--|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| | | confers orig | inating status |
| (1) | (2) | (3) 0 | r (4) |
| | made of plastics | Manufacture in which the value of | Manufacture in which the value of |
| | | all the materials of Chapter 39 used | all the materials used does not |
| | | does not exceed 20 % of the ex- | exceed 25 % of the ex-works price |
| | | works price of the product (5) | of the product |
| | made of fabrics | Manufacture from (⁷): | |
| | | – natural fibres | |
| | | - man-made staple fibres, not | |
| | | carded or combed or otherwise | |
| | | processed for spinning, | |
| | | or | |
| | | - chemical materials or textile pulp | |
| | - Appliances identifiable for | Manufacture in which the value of | |
| | ostomy use | all the materials used does not | |
| | | exceed 50 % of the ex-works price | |
| | | of the product | |
| ex Chapter 31 | Fertilizers; except for: | Manufacture from materials of any | Manufacture in which the value of |
| | | heading, except that of the product. | all the materials used does not |
| | | However, materials of the same | exceed 40 % of the ex-works price |
| | | heading as the product may be | of the product |
| | | used, provided that their total value | |
| | | does not exceed 20 % of the ex- | |
| | | works price of the product | |
| ex 3105 | Mineral or chemical fertilizers | Manufacture: | Manufacture in which the value of |
| | containing two or three of the | - from materials of any heading, | all the materials used does not |
| | fertilizing elements nitrogen, | except that of the product. | exceed 40 % of the ex-works price |
| | phosphorous and potassium; other | However, materials of the same | of the product |
| | fertilizers; goods of this chapter, in | heading as the product may be | |
| | tablets or similar forms or in | used, provided that their total | |
| | packages of a gross weight not | value does not exceed 20 % of the | |
| | exceeding 10 kg, except for: | ex-works price of the product, | |
| | - sodium nitrate | and | |
| | - calcium cyanamide | - in which the value of all the | |
| | - potassium sulphate | materials used does not exceed | |
| | - magnesium potassium sulphate | 50 % of the ex-works price of the | |
| | | product | |

| HS heading | Description of product | Working or processing, carried out | on non-originating materials, which |
|---------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| | | confers origi | inating status |
| (1) | (2) | (3) 0 | r (4) |
| ex Chapter 32 | Tanning or dyeing extracts; tannins | Manufacture from materials of any | Manufacture in which the value of |
| | and their derivatives; dyes, | heading, except that of the product. | all the materials used does not |
| | pigments and other colouring | However, materials of the same | exceed 40 % of the ex-works price |
| | matter; paints and varnishes; putty | heading as the product may be | of the product |
| | and other mastics; inks; except for: | used, provided that their total value | |
| | | does not exceed 20 % of the ex- | |
| | | works price of the product | |
| ex 3201 | Tannins and their salts, ethers, | Manufacture from tanning extracts | Manufacture in which the value of |
| | esters and other derivatives | of vegetable origin | all the materials used does not |
| | | | exceed 40 % of the ex-works price |
| | | | of the product |
| 3205 | Colour lakes; preparations as | Manufacture from materials of any | Manufacture in which the value of |
| | specified in note 3 to this chapter | heading, except headings 3203, | all the materials used does not |
| | based on colour lakes (3) | 3204 and 3205. However, materials | exceed 40 % of the ex-works price |
| | | of heading 3205 may be used, | of the product |
| | | provided that their total value does | |
| | | not exceed 20 % of the ex-works | |
| | | price of the product | |
| ex Chapter 33 | Essential oils and resinoids; | Manufacture from materials of any | Manufacture in which the value of |
| | perfumery, cosmetic or toilet | heading, except that of the product. | all the materials used does not |
| | preparations; except for: | However, materials of the same | exceed 40 % of the ex-works price |
| | | heading as the product may be | of the product |
| | | used, provided that their total value | |
| | | does not exceed 20 % of the ex- | |
| | | works price of the product | |
| 3301 | Essential oils (terpeneless or not), | Manufacture from materials of any | Manufacture in which the value of |
| | including concretes and absolutes; | heading, including materials of a | all the materials used does not |
| | resinoids; extracted oleoresins; | different "group" (4) in this | exceed 40 % of the ex-works price |
| | concentrates of essential oils in | heading. However, materials of the | of the product |
| | fats, in fixed oils, in waxes or the | same group as the product may be | |
| | like, obtained by enfleurage or | used, provided that their total value | |
| | maceration; terpenic by-products | does not exceed 20 % of the ex- | |
| | of the deterpenation of essential | works price of the product | |
| | oils; aqueous distillates and | | |
| | aqueous solutions of essential oils | | |

| HS heading | Description of product | Working or processing, carried out | on non-originating materials, which |
|---------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| | | confers origi | inating status |
| (1) | (2) | (3) 0 | r (4) |
| ex Chapter 34 | Soap, organic surface-active | Manufacture from materials of any | Manufacture in which the value of |
| | agents, washing preparations, | heading, except that of the product. | all the materials used does not |
| | lubricating preparations, artificial | However, materials of the same | exceed 40 % of the ex-works price |
| | waxes, prepared waxes, polishing | heading as the product may be | of the product |
| | or scouring preparations, candles | used, provided that their total value | |
| | and similar articles, modelling | does not exceed 20 % of the ex- | |
| | pastes, "dental waxes" and dental | works price of the product | |
| | preparations with a basis of plaster; | | |
| | except for: | | |
| ex 3403 | Lubricating preparations | Operations of refining and/or one | |
| | containing less than 70 % by | or more specific process(es) (1) | |
| | weight of petroleum oils or oils | or | |
| | obtained from bituminous minerals | Other operations in which all the | |
| | | materials used are classified within | |
| | | a heading other than that of the | |
| | | product. However, materials of the | |
| | | same heading as the product may | |
| | | be used, provided that their total | |
| | | value does not exceed 50 % of the | |
| | | ex-works price of the product | |
| 3404 | Artificial waxes and prepared | | |
| | waxes: | | |
| | - With a basis of paraffin, | Manufacture from materials of any | |
| | petroleum waxes, waxes obtained | heading, except that of the product. | |
| | from bituminous minerals, slack | However, materials of the same | |
| | wax or scale wax | heading as the product may be | |
| | | used, provided that their total value | |
| | | does not exceed 50 % of the ex- | |
| | | works price of the product | |

| HS heading | Description of product | Working or processing, carried out | on non-originating materials, which |
|---------------|--|---|--|
| | | confers orig | inating status |
| (1) | (2) | (3) 0 | or (4) |
| | - Other | Manufacture from materials of any heading, except: - hydrogenated oils having the character of waxes of heading 1516, - fatty acids not chemically defined or industrial fatty alcohols having the character of waxes of heading 3823, and - materials of heading 3404 However, these materials may be used, provided that their total value does not exceed 20 % of the exworks price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product |
| ex Chapter 35 | Albuminoidal substances; modified starches; glues; enzymes; except for: | Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product. However, materials of the same heading as the product may be used, provided that their total value does not exceed 20 % of the ex- | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product |
| 3505 | Dextrins and other modified starches (for example, pregelatinised or esterified starches); glues based on starches, or on dextrins or other modified starches: | works price of the product | |
| | - Starch ethers and esters - Other | Manufacture from materials of any heading, including other materials of heading 3505 Manufacture from materials of any heading, except those of heading 1108 | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product |
| ex 3507 | Prepared enzymes not elsewhere specified or included | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product | of the product |

| HS heading | Description of product | Working or processing, carried out | on non-originating materials, which |
|---------------|--|--|--|
| | | confers orig | inating status |
| (1) | (2) | (3) 0 | r (4) |
| Chapter 36 | Explosives; pyrotechnic products; matches; pyrophoric alloys; certain combustible preparations | Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product. However, materials of the same heading as the product may be used, provided that their total value | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product |
| ex Chapter 37 | Photographic or cinematographic goods; except for: | does not exceed 20 % of the ex- works price of the product Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product. | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not |
| | | However, materials of the same heading as the product may be used, provided that their total value does not exceed 20 % of the exworks price of the product | exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product |
| 3701 | Photographic plates and film in the flat, sensitised, unexposed, of any material other than paper, paperboard or textiles; instant print film in the flat, sensitised, unexposed, whether or not in packs: | | |
| | - Instant print film for colour photography, in packs | Manufacture from materials of any heading, except those of headings 3701 and 3702. However, materials of heading 3702 may be used, provided that their total value does not exceed 30 % of the exworks price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product |
| | - Other | Manufacture from materials of any heading, except those of headings 3701 and 3702. However, materials of headings 3701 and 3702 may be used, provided that their total value does not exceed 20 % of the ex-works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product |

| HS heading | Description of product | Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which confers originating status | |
|---------------|---------------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|
| | | | |
| (1) | (2) | ` ' | or (4) |
| 3702 | Photographic film in rolls, | Manufacture from materials of any | Manufacture in which the value of |
| | sensitised, unexposed, of any | heading, except those of | all the materials used does not |
| | material other than paper, | headings 3701 and 3702 | exceed 40 % of the ex-works price |
| | paperboard or textiles; instant print | | of the product |
| | film in rolls, sensitised, unexposed | | |
| 3704 | Photographic plates, film paper, | Manufacture from materials of any | Manufacture in which the value o |
| | paperboard and textiles, exposed | heading, except those of | all the materials used does not |
| | but not developed | headings 3701 to 3704 | exceed 40 % of the ex-works pric |
| | - | | of the product |
| ex Chapter 38 | Miscellaneous chemical products; | Manufacture from materials of any | Manufacture in which the value of |
| * | except for: | heading, except that of the product. | all the materials used does not |
| | 1 | However, materials of the same | exceed 40 % of the ex-works pric |
| | | heading as the product may be | of the product |
| | | used, provided that their total value | or the product |
| | | does not exceed 20 % of the ex- | |
| | | works price of the product | |
| ex 3801 | - Colloidal graphite in suspension | Manufacture in which the value of | |
| CX 3801 | in oil and semi-colloidal | all the materials used does not | |
| | | | |
| | graphite; carbonaceous pastes for | exceed 50 % of the ex-works price | |
| | electrodes | of the product | M 6 4 1 1 1 4 1 |
| | - Graphite in paste form, being a | Manufacture in which the value of | Manufacture in which the value o |
| | mixture of more than 30 % by | all the materials of heading 3403 | all the materials used does not |
| | weight of graphite with mineral | used does not exceed 20 % of the | exceed 40 % of the ex-works price |
| | oils | ex-works price of the product | of the product |
| ex 3803 | Refined tall oil | Refining of crude tall oil | Manufacture in which the value o |
| | | | all the materials used does not |
| | | | exceed 40 % of the ex-works pric |
| | | | of the product |
| ex 3805 | Spirits of sulphate turpentine, | Purification by distillation or | Manufacture in which the value o |
| | purified | refining of raw spirits of sulphate | all the materials used does not |
| | | turpentine | exceed 40 % of the ex-works pric |
| | | | of the product |
| ex 3806 | Ester gums | Manufacture from resin acids | Manufacture in which the value o |
| | | | all the materials used does not |
| | | | exceed 40 % of the ex-works pric |
| | | | of the product |

| HS heading | Description of product | Working or processing, carried out | t on non-originating materials, which |
|------------|--|------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| | | confers orig | ginating status |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | or (4) |
| ex 3807 | Wood pitch (wood tar pitch) | Distillation of wood tar | Manufacture in which the value of |
| | | | all the materials used does not |
| | | | exceed 40 % of the ex-works price |
| | | | of the product |
| 3808 | Insecticides, rodenticides, | Manufacture in which the value of | |
| | fungicides, herbicides, anti- | all the materials used does not | |
| | sprouting products and plant- | exceed 50 % of the ex-works price | |
| | growth regulators, disinfectants | of the products | |
| | and similar products, put up in | | |
| | forms or packings for retail sale or | | |
| | as preparations or articles (for | | |
| | example, sulphur-treated bands, | | |
| | wicks and candles, and fly-papers) | | |
| 3809 | Finishing agents, dye carriers to | Manufacture in which the value of | |
| | accelerate the dyeing or fixing of | all the materials used does not | |
| | dyestuffs and other products and | exceed 50 % of the ex-works price | |
| | preparations (for example, | of the products | |
| | dressings and mordants), of a kind | | |
| | used in the textile, paper, leather or | | |
| | like industries, not elsewhere | | |
| | specified or included | | |
| 3810 | Pickling preparations for metal | Manufacture in which the value of | |
| | surfaces; fluxes and other auxiliary | all the materials used does not | |
| | preparations for soldering, brazing | exceed 50 % of the ex-works price | |
| | or welding; soldering, brazing or | of the products | |
| | welding powders and pastes | | |
| | consisting of metal and other | | |
| | materials; preparations of a kind | | |
| | used as cores or coatings for | | |
| | welding electrodes or rods | | |
| | • | | 1 |

| HS heading | Description of product | Working or processing, carried out on non | - |
|------------|---------------------------------------|---|-----|
| | | confers originating | |
| (1) | (2) | (3) or | (4) |
| 3811 | Anti-knock preparations, oxidation | | |
| | inhibitors, gum inhibitors, | | |
| | viscosity improvers, anti-corrosive | | |
| | preparations and other prepared | | |
| | additives, for mineral oils | | |
| | (including gasoline) or for other | | |
| | liquids used for the same purposes | | |
| | as mineral oils: | | |
| | - Prepared additives for lubricating | Manufacture in which the value of | |
| | oil, containing petroleum oils or | all the materials of heading 3811 | |
| | oils obtained from bituminous | used does not exceed 50 % of the | |
| | minerals | ex-works price of the product | |
| | - Other | Manufacture in which the value of | |
| | | all the materials used does not | |
| | | exceed 50 % of the ex-works price | |
| | | of the product | |
| 3812 | Prepared rubber accelerators; | Manufacture in which the value of | |
| | compound plasticisers for rubber | all the materials used does not | |
| | or plastics, not elsewhere specified | exceed 50 % of the ex-works price | |
| | or included; anti-oxidizing | of the product | |
| | preparations and other compound | | |
| | stabilizers for rubber or plastics | | |
| 3813 | Preparations and charges for fire- | Manufacture in which the value of | |
| | extinguishers; charged fire- | all the materials used does not | |
| | extinguishing grenades | exceed 50 % of the ex-works price | |
| | | of the product | |
| 3814 | Organic composite solvents and | Manufacture in which the value of | |
| | thinners, not elsewhere specified or | all the materials used does not | |
| | included; prepared paint or varnish | exceed 50 % of the ex-works price | |
| | removers | of the product | |
| 3818 | Chemical elements doped for use | Manufacture in which the value of | |
| | in electronics, in the form of discs, | all the materials used does not | |
| | wafers or similar forms; chemical | exceed 50 % of the ex-works price | |
| | compounds doped for use in | of the product | |
| | electronics | | |

| HS heading | Description of product | Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which |
|------------|------------------------------------|--|
| | | confers originating status |
| (1) | (2) | (3) or (4) |
| 3819 | Hydraulic brake fluids and other | Manufacture in which the value of |
| | prepared liquids for hydraulic | all the materials used does not |
| | transmission, not containing or | exceed 50 % of the ex-works price |
| | containing less than 70 % by | of the product |
| | weight of petroleum oils or oils | |
| | obtained from bituminous minerals | |
| 3820 | Anti-freezing preparations and | Manufacture in which the value of |
| | prepared de-icing fluids | all the materials used does not |
| | | exceed 50 % of the ex-works price |
| | | of the product |
| Ex 3821 | Prepared culture media for the | Manufacture in which the value of |
| | development or maintenance of | all the materials used does not |
| | micro-organisms (including | exceed 50 % of the ex-works price |
| | viruses and the like) or of plant, | of the product |
| | human or animal cells | |
| 3822 | | |
| | Diagnostic or laboratory reagents | Manufacture in which the value of |
| | on a backing, prepared diagnostic | all the materials used does not |
| | or laboratory reagents whether or | exceed 50 % of the ex-works price |
| | not on a backing, other than those | of the product |
| | of heading 3002 or 3006; certified | |
| | reference materials | |
| 3823 | Industrial monocarboxylic fatty | |
| | acids; acid oils from refining; | |
| | industrial fatty alcohols: | |
| | - Industrial monocarboxylic fatty | Manufacture from materials of any |
| | acids, acid oils from refining | heading, except that of the product |
| | - Industrial fatty alcohols | Manufacture from materials of any |
| | | heading, including other materials |
| | | of heading 3823 |

| HS heading | Description of product | Working or processing, carried out | on non-originating materials, which |
|------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| | | confers origi | inating status |
| (1) | (2) | (3) 0 | r (4) |
| 3824 | Prepared binders for foundry | | |
| | moulds or cores; chemical | | |
| | products and preparations of the | | |
| | chemical or allied industries | | |
| | (including those consisting of | | |
| | mixtures of natural products), not | | |
| | elsewhere specified or included: | | |
| | - The following of this heading: | Manufacture from materials of any | Manufacture in which the value of |
| | | heading, except that of the product. | all the materials used does not |
| | Prepared binders for foundry | However, materials of the same | exceed 40 % of the ex-works price |
| | moulds or cores based on | heading as the product may be | of the product |
| | natural resinous products | used, provided that their total value | |
| | Naphthenic acids, their water- | does not exceed 20 % of the ex- | |
| | insoluble salts and their esters | works price of the product | |
| | Sorbitol other than that of | | |
| | heading 2905 | | |
| | Petroleum sulphonates, | | |
| | excluding petroleum | | |
| | sulphonates of alkali metals, of | | |
| | ammonium or of | | |
| | ethanolamines; thiophenated | | |
| | sulphonic acids of oils obtained | | |
| | from bituminous minerals, and | | |
| | their salts | | |
| | Ion exchangers | | |
| | Getters for vacuum tubes | | |
| | Alkaline iron oxide for the | | |
| | purification of gas | | |
| | Ammoniacal gas liquors and | | |
| | spent oxide produced in coal | | |
| | gas purification | | |
| | Sulphonaphthenic acids, their | | |
| | water-insoluble salts and their | | |
| | esters | | |
| | Fusel oil and Dippel's oil | | |
| | Mixtures of salts having | | |
| | different anions | | |
| | Copying pastes with a basis of | | |
| | gelatin, whether or not on a | | |
| | paper or textile backing | | |

| HS heading | Description of product | | on non-originating materials, which |
|--------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| (1) | (2) | _ | inating status |
| (1) | (2) | Manufacture in which the value of | or (4) |
| | - Other | all the materials used does not | |
| | | exceed 50 % of the ex-works price | |
| | | of the product | |
| 3901 to 3915 | Plastics in primary forms, waste, | or and product | |
| | parings and scrap, of plastic; | | |
| | except for headings ex 3907 | | |
| | and 3912 for which the rules are | | |
| | set out below: | | |
| | - Addition homopolymerisation | Manufacture in which: | Manufacture in which the value of |
| | products in which a single | - the value of all the materials used | all the materials used does not |
| | monomer contributes more than | does not exceed 50 % of the ex- | exceed 25 % of the ex-works price |
| | 99 % by weight to the total | works price of the product, and | of the product |
| | polymer content | - within the above limit, the value | |
| | | of all the materials of Chapter 39 | |
| | | used does not exceed 20 % of the | |
| | | ex-works price of the product (5) | |
| | - Other | Manufacture in which the value of | Manufacture in which the value of |
| | | all the materials of Chapter 39 used | all the materials used does not |
| | | does not exceed 20 % of the ex- | exceed 25 % of the ex-works price |
| | | works price of the product (5) | of the product |
| ex 3907 | - Copolymer, made from | Manufacture from materials of any | |
| | polycarbonate and acrylonitrile- | heading, except that of the product. | |
| | butadiene-styrene copolymer | However, materials of the same | |
| | (ABS) | heading as the product may be | |
| | | used, provided that their total value | |
| | | does not exceed 50 % of the ex- | |
| | | works price of the product (5) | |
| | - Polyester | Manufacture in which the value of | |
| | | all the materials of Chapter 39 used | |
| | | does not exceed 20 % of the ex- | |
| | | works price of the product and/or | |
| | | manufacture from polycarbonate of | |
| | | tetrabromo-(bisphenol A) | |
| 3912 | Cellulose and its chemical | Manufacture in which the value of | |
| | derivatives, not elsewhere | all the materials of the same | |
| | specified or included, in primary | heading as the product used does | |
| | forms | not exceed 20 % of the ex-works | |
| | | price of the product | |

| HS heading | Description of product | Working or processing, carried out | on non-originating materials, which |
|--------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| | | | inating status |
| (1) | (2) | (3) 0 | |
| 3916 to 3921 | Semi-manufactures and articles of | | |
| | plastics; except for headings | | |
| | ex 3916, ex 3917, ex 3920 and | | |
| | ex 3921, for which the rules are set | | |
| | out below: | | |
| | - Flat products, further worked | Manufacture in which the value of | Manufacture in which the value of |
| | than only surface-worked or cut | all the materials of Chapter 39 used | all the materials used does not |
| | into forms other than rectangular | does not exceed 50 % of the ex- | exceed 25 % of the ex-works price |
| | (including square); other | works price of the product | of the product |
| | products, further worked than | | |
| | only surface-worked | | |
| | - Other: | | |
| | Addition homopolymerisation | Manufacture in which: | Manufacture in which the value of |
| | products in which a single | - the value of all the materials used | all the materials used does not |
| | monomer contributes more | does not exceed 50 % of the ex- | exceed 25 % of the ex-works price |
| | than 99 % by weight to the | works price of the product, and | of the product |
| | total polymer content | - within the above limit, the value | |
| | | of all the materials of Chapter 39 | |
| | | used does not exceed 20 % of the | |
| | | ex-works price of the product (5) | |
| | Other | Manufacture in which the value of | Manufacture in which the value of |
| | | all the materials of Chapter 39 used | all the materials used does not |
| | | does not exceed 20 % of the ex- | exceed 25 % of the ex-works price |
| | | works price of the product (5) | of the product |
| ex 3916 and | Profile shapes and tubes | Manufacture in which: | Manufacture in which the value of |
| ex 3917 | | - the value of all the materials used | all the materials used does not |
| | | does not exceed 50 % of the ex- | exceed 25 % of the ex-works price |
| | | works price of the product, and | of the product |
| | | - within the above limit, the value | |
| | | of all the materials of the same | |
| | | heading as the product used does | |
| | | not exceed 20 % of the ex-works | |
| | | price of the product | |
| ex 3920 | - Ionomer sheet or film | Manufacture from a thermoplastic | Manufacture in which the value of |
| | | partial salt which is a copolymer of | all the materials used does not |
| | | ethylene and metacrylic acid partly | exceed 25 % of the ex-works price |
| | | neutralised with metal ions, mainly | of the product |
| | | zinc and sodium | |

| HS heading | Description of product | | on non-originating materials, which |
|---------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| (1) | (2) | | inating status |
| (1) | (2) | () | or (4) |
| | - Sheets of regenerated cellulose, | Manufacture in which the value of | |
| | polyamides or polyethylene | all the materials of the same | |
| | | heading as the product used does | |
| | | not exceed 20 % of the ex-works | |
| | | price of the product | |
| ex 3921 | Foils of plastic, metallised | Manufacture from highly- | Manufacture in which the value of |
| | | transparent polyester-foils with a | all the materials used does not |
| | | thickness of less than 23 micron (⁶) | exceed 25 % of the ex-works price |
| | | l | of the product |
| 3922 to 3926 | Articles of plastics | Manufacture in which the value of | |
| | | all the materials used does not | |
| | | exceed 50 % of the ex-works price | |
| | | of the product | |
| ex Chapter 40 | Rubber and articles thereof; except | Manufacture from materials of any | |
| | for: | heading, except that of the product | |
| ex 4001 | Laminated slabs of crepe rubber | Lamination of sheets of natural | |
| 1005 | for shoes | rubber | |
| 4005 | Compounded rubber, | Manufacture in which the value of | |
| | unvulcanised, in primary forms or | all the materials used, except | |
| | in plates, sheets or strip | natural rubber, does not exceed | |
| | | 50 % of the ex-works price of the | |
| 4012 | | product | |
| 4012 | Retreaded or used pneumatic tyres | | |
| | of rubber; solid or cushion tyres, | | |
| | tyre treads and tyre flaps, of | | |
| | rubber: | D. C. L. | |
| | - Retreaded pneumatic, solid or | Retreading of used tyres | |
| | cushion tyres, of rubber | M 6 4 6 4 11 6 | |
| | - Other | Manufacture from materials of any | |
| | | heading, except those of headings 4011 and 4012 | |
| ex 4017 | Articles of hard rubber | Manufacture from hard rubber | |
| | Raw hides and skins (other than | | |
| ex Chapter 41 | , | Manufacture from materials of any | |
| ov. 4102 | furskins) and leather; except for: | heading, except that of the product | |
| ex 4102 | Raw skins of sheep or lambs, | Removal of wool from sheep or | |
| | without wool on | lamb skins, with wool on | |

| HS heading | Description of product | Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, whic |
|----------------|-------------------------------------|---|
| | | confers originating status |
| (1) | (2) | (3) or (4) |
| 4104 to 4106 | Tanned or crust hides and skins, | Retanning of tanned leather |
| | without wool or hair on, whether | or |
| | or not split, but not further | Manufacture from materials of any |
| | prepared | heading, except that of the product |
| 4107, 4112 and | Leather further prepared after | Manufacture from materials of any |
| 4113 | tanning or crusting, including | heading, except headings 4104 to |
| | parchment-dressed leather, without | 4113 |
| | wool or hair on, whether or not | |
| | split, other than leather of | |
| | heading 4114 | |
| ex 4114 | Patent leather and patent laminated | Manufacture from materials of |
| | leather; metallised leather | headings 4104 to 4106, 4107, 4112 |
| | | or 4113, provided that their total |
| | | value does not exceed 50 % of the |
| | | ex-works price of the product |
| Chapter 42 | Articles of leather; saddlery and | Manufacture from materials of any |
| | harness; travel goods, handbags | heading, except that of the product |
| | and similar containers; articles of | |
| | animal gut (other than silk worm | |
| | gut) | |
| ex Chapter 43 | Furskins and artificial fur; | Manufacture from materials of any |
| | manufactures thereof; except for: | heading, except that of the product |
| ex 4302 | Tanned or dressed furskins, | |
| | assembled: | |
| | - Plates, crosses and similar forms | Bleaching or dyeing, in addition to |
| | | cutting and assembly of non- |
| | | assembled tanned or dressed |
| | | furskins |
| | - Other | Manufacture from non-assembled, |
| | | tanned or dressed furskins |
| 4303 | Articles of apparel, clothing | Manufacture from non-assembled |
| | accessories and other articles of | tanned or dressed furskins of |
| | furskin | heading 4302 |
| ex Chapter 44 | Wood and articles of wood; wood | Manufacture from materials of any |
| • | charcoal; except for: | heading, except that of the product |
| ex 4403 | Wood roughly squared | Manufacture from wood in the |
| | 5 , 1 | rough, whether or not stripped of |
| | • | Ŭ / 11 |

| HS heading | Description of product | Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, whic |
|------------|--------------------------------------|---|
| | | confers originating status |
| (1) | (2) | (3) or (4) |
| ex 4407 | Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, | Planing, sanding or end-jointing |
| | sliced or peeled, of a thickness | |
| | exceeding 6 mm, planed, sanded or | |
| | end-jointed | |
| ex 4408 | Sheets for veneering (including | Splicing, planing, sanding or end- |
| | those obtained by slicing laminated | jointing |
| | wood) and for plywood, of a | |
| | thickness not exceeding 6 mm, | |
| | spliced, and other wood sawn | |
| | lengthwise, sliced or peeled of a | |
| | thickness not exceeding 6 mm, | |
| | planed, sanded or end-jointed | |
| ex 4409 | Wood continuously shaped along | |
| | any of its edges, ends or faces, | |
| | whether or not planed, sanded or | |
| | end-jointed: | |
| | - Sanded or end-jointed | Sanding or end-jointing |
| | - Beadings and mouldings | Beading or moulding |
| ex 4410 to | Beadings and mouldings, including | Beading or moulding |
| ex 4413 | moulded skirting and other | |
| | moulded boards | |
| ex 4415 | Packing cases, boxes, crates, | Manufacture from boards not cut to |
| | drums and similar packings, of | size |
| | wood | |
| ex 4416 | Casks, barrels, vats, tubs and other | Manufacture from riven staves, not |
| | coopers' products and parts thereof, | further worked than sawn on the |
| | of wood | two principal surfaces |
| ex 4418 | - Builders' joinery and carpentry of | Manufacture from materials of any |
| | wood | heading, except that of the product. |
| | | However, cellular wood panels, |
| | | shingles and shakes may be used |
| | - Beadings and mouldings | Beading or moulding |
| ex 4421 | Match splints; wooden pegs or pins | Manufacture from wood of any |
| | for footwear | heading, except drawn wood of |
| | | heading 4409 |

| HS heading | Description of product | Working or processing, carried out on non-originating | ng materials, which |
|---------------|--|---|---------------------|
| | | confers originating status | |
| (1) | (2) | (3) or (4) | |
| ex Chapter 45 | Cork and articles of cork; except | Manufacture from materials of any | |
| | for: | heading, except that of the product | |
| 4503 | Articles of natural cork | Manufacture from cork of | |
| | | heading 4501 | |
| Chapter 46 | Manufactures of straw, of esparto | Manufacture from materials of any | |
| | or of other plaiting materials; | heading, except that of the product | |
| | basketware and wickerwork | | |
| Chapter 47 | Pulp of wood or of other fibrous | Manufacture from materials of any | |
| | cellulosic material; recovered | heading, except that of the product | |
| | (waste and scrap) paper or | | |
| | paperboard | | |
| ex Chapter 48 | Paper and paperboard; articles of | Manufacture from materials of any | |
| | paper pulp, of paper or of | heading, except that of the product | |
| | paperboard; except for: | | |
| ex 4811 | Paper and paperboard, ruled, lined | Manufacture from paper-making | |
| | or squared only | materials of Chapter 47 | |
| 4816 | Carbon paper, self-copy paper and | Manufacture from paper-making | |
| | other copying or transfer papers | materials of Chapter 47 | |
| | (other than those of heading 4809), | | |
| | duplicator stencils and offset | | |
| | plates, of paper, whether or not put | | |
| | up in boxes | | |
| 4817 | Envelopes, letter cards, plain | Manufacture: | |
| | postcards and correspondence | - from materials of any heading, | |
| | cards, of paper or paperboard; | except that of the product, and | |
| | boxes, pouches, wallets and | - in which the value of all the | |
| | writing compendiums, of paper or | materials used does not exceed | |
| | paperboard, containing an | 50 % of the ex-works price of the | |
| | | · · | |
| ov. 4919 | assortment of paper stationery Toilet paper | product Manufacture from paper-making | |
| ex 4818 | Tonet paper | | |
| 4010 | Centerna harras de 1 | materials of Chapter 47 | |
| ex 4819 | Cartons, boxes, cases, bags and | Manufacture: | |
| | other packing containers, of paper, | - from materials of any heading, | |
| | paperboard, cellulose wadding or | except that of the product, and | |
| | webs of cellulose fibres | - in which the value of all the | |
| | | materials used does not exceed | |
| | | 50 % of the ex-works price of the | |
| | | product | |

| HS heading | Description of product | Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which |
|---------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| | | confers originating status |
| (1) | (2) | (3) or (4) |
| ex 4820 | Letter pads | Manufacture in which the value of |
| | | all the materials used does not |
| | | exceed 50 % of the ex-works price |
| | | of the product |
| ex 4823 | Other paper, paperboard, cellulose | Manufacture from paper-making |
| | wadding and webs of cellulose | materials of Chapter 47 |
| | fibres, cut to size or shape | |
| ex Chapter 49 | Printed books, newspapers, | Manufacture from materials of any |
| | pictures and other products of the | heading, except that of the product |
| | printing industry; manuscripts, | |
| | typescripts and plans; except for: | |
| 4909 | Printed or illustrated postcards; | Manufacture from materials of any |
| | printed cards bearing personal | heading, except those of |
| | greetings, messages or | headings 4909 and 4911 |
| | announcements, whether or not | |
| | illustrated, with or without | |
| | envelopes or trimmings | |
| 4910 | Calendars of any kind, printed, | |
| | including calendar blocks: | |
| | - Calendars of the "perpetual" type | Manufacture: |
| | or with replaceable blocks | - from materials of any heading, |
| | mounted on bases other than | except that of the product, and |
| | paper or paperboard | - in which the value of all the |
| | | materials used does not exceed |
| | | 50 % of the ex-works price of the |
| | | product |
| | - Other | Manufacture from materials of any |
| | | heading, except those of |
| | | headings 4909 and 4911 |
| ex Chapter 50 | Silk; except for: | Manufacture from materials of any |
| • | | heading, except that of the product |
| ex 5003 | Silk waste (including cocoons | Carding or combing of silk waste |
| | unsuitable for reeling, yarn waste | |
| | and garnetted stock), carded or | |
| | combed | |

| HS heading | Description of product | Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which |
|-----------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| | | confers originating status |
| (1) | (2) | (3) or (4) |
| 5004 to ex 5006 | Silk yarn and yarn spun from silk | Manufacture from (⁷): |
| | waste | - raw silk or silk waste, carded or |
| | | combed or otherwise prepared for |
| | | spinning, |
| | | - other natural fibres, not carded or |
| | | combed or otherwise prepared for |
| | | spinning, |
| | | - chemical materials or textile pulp, |
| | | or |
| | | - paper-making materials |
| 5007 | Woven fabrics of silk or of silk | |
| | waste: | |
| | - Incorporating rubber thread | Manufacture from single yarn (⁷) |
| | - Other | Manufacture from (⁷): |
| | | - coir yarn, |
| | | - natural fibres, |
| | | - man-made staple fibres, not |
| | | carded or combed or otherwise |
| | | prepared for spinning, |
| | | - chemical materials or textile pulp, |
| | | or |
| | | - paper |
| | | Or |
| | | Printing accompanied by at least |
| | | two preparatory or finishing |
| | | operations (such as scouring, |
| | | bleaching, mercerising, heat |
| | | setting, raising, calendering, shrink |
| | | resistance processing, permanent |
| | | finishing, decatising, impregnating, |
| | | mending and burling), provided |
| | | that the value of the unprinted |
| | | fabric used does not exceed 47.5 % |
| | | of the ex-works price of the product |

| HS heading | Description of product | Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which |
|---------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| | | confers originating status |
| (1) | (2) | (3) or (4) |
| ex Chapter 51 | Wool, fine or coarse animal hair; | Manufacture from materials of any |
| | horsehair yarn and woven fabric; | heading, except that of the product |
| | except for: | |
| 5106 to 5110 | Yarn of wool, of fine or coarse | Manufacture from (⁷): |
| | animal hair or of horsehair | - raw silk or silk waste, carded or |
| | | combed or otherwise prepared for |
| | | spinning, |
| | | - natural fibres, not carded or |
| | | combed or otherwise prepared for |
| | | spinning, |
| | | - chemical materials or textile pulp, |
| | | or |
| | | - paper-making materials |
| 5111 to 5113 | Woven fabrics of wool, of fine or | |
| | coarse animal hair or of horsehair: | |
| | - Incorporating rubber thread | Manufacture from single yarn (7) |
| | - Other | Manufacture from (⁷): |
| | | - coir yarn, |
| | | - natural fibres, |
| | | - man-made staple fibres, not |
| | | carded or combed or otherwise |
| | | prepared for spinning, |
| | | - chemical materials or textile pulp, |
| | | or |
| | | - paper |
| | | Or |
| | | Printing accompanied by at least |
| | | two preparatory or finishing |
| | | operations (such as scouring, |
| | | bleaching, mercerising, heat |
| | | setting, raising, calendering, shrink |
| | | resistance processing, permanent |
| | | finishing, decatising, impregnating, |
| | | mending and burling), provided |
| | | that the value of the unprinted |
| | | fabric used does not exceed 47.5% |
| | | of the ex-works price of the product |

| HS heading | Description of product | Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which |
|---------------|-------------------------------|--|
| | | confers originating status |
| (1) | (2) | (3) or (4) |
| ex Chapter 52 | Cotton; except for: | Manufacture from materials of any |
| | | heading, except that of the product |
| 5204 to 5207 | Yarn and thread of cotton | Manufacture from (⁷): |
| | | - raw silk or silk waste, carded or |
| | | combed or otherwise prepared for |
| | | spinning, |
| | | - natural fibres, not carded or |
| | | combed or otherwise prepared for |
| | | spinning, |
| | | - chemical materials or textile pulp, |
| | | or |
| | | - paper-making materials |
| 5208 to 5212 | Woven fabrics of cotton: | |
| | - Incorporating rubber thread | Manufacture from single yarn (7) |
| | - Other | Manufacture from (⁷): |
| | | - coir yarn, |
| | | - natural fibres, |
| | | - man-made staple fibres, not |
| | | carded or combed or otherwise |
| | | prepared for spinning, |
| | | - chemical materials or textile pulp, |
| | | or |
| | | - paper |
| | | Or |
| | | Printing accompanied by at least |
| | | two preparatory or finishing |
| | | operations (such as scouring, |
| | | bleaching, mercerising, heat |
| | | setting, raising, calendering, shrink |
| | | resistance processing, permanent |
| | | finishing, decatising, impregnating, |
| | | mending and burling), provided |
| | | that the value of the unprinted |
| | | fabric used does not exceed 47.5 % |
| | | of the ex-works price of the product |

| HS heading | Description of product | Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which |
|---------------|----------------------------------|--|
| _ | | confers originating status |
| (1) | (2) | (3) or (4) |
| ex Chapter 53 | Other vegetable textile fibres; | Manufacture from materials of any |
| | paper yarn and woven fabrics of | heading, except that of the product |
| | paper yarn; except for: | |
| 5306 to 5308 | Yarn of other vegetable textile | Manufacture from (⁷): |
| | fibres; paper yarn | - raw silk or silk waste, carded or |
| | | combed or otherwise prepared for |
| | | spinning, |
| | | - natural fibres, not carded or |
| | | combed or otherwise prepared for |
| | | spinning, |
| | | - chemical materials or textile pulp, |
| | | or |
| | | - paper-making materials |
| 5309 to 5311 | Woven fabrics of other vegetable | |
| | textile fibres; woven fabrics of | |
| | paper yarn: | |
| | - Incorporating rubber thread | Manufacture from single yarn (⁷) |
| | - Other | Manufacture from (⁷): |
| | | - coir yarn, |
| | | - jute yarn, |
| | | - natural fibres, |
| | | - man-made staple fibres, not |
| | | carded or combed or otherwise |
| | | prepared for spinning, |
| | | - chemical materials or textile pulp, |
| | | or |
| | | - paper |
| | | Or |
| | | Printing accompanied by at least |
| | | two preparatory or finishing |
| | | operations (such as scouring, |
| | | bleaching, mercerising, heat |
| | | setting, raising, calendering, shrink |
| | | resistance processing, permanent |
| | | finishing, decatising, impregnating, |
| | | mending and burling), provided |
| | | that the value of the unprinted |
| | | fabric used does not exceed 47.5 % |
| | | of the ex-works price of the product |
| | | of the ex-works price of the product |

| HS heading | Description of product | Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which |
|---------------|----------------------------------|--|
| | | confers originating status |
| (1) | (2) | (3) or (4) |
| 5401 to 5406 | Yarn, monofilament and thread of | Manufacture from ('): |
| | man-made filaments | - raw silk or silk waste, carded or |
| | | combed or otherwise prepared for |
| | | spinning, |
| | | - natural fibres, not carded or |
| | | combed or otherwise prepared for |
| | | spinning, |
| | | - chemical materials or textile pulp, |
| | | or |
| | | - paper-making materials |
| 5407 and 5408 | Woven fabrics of man-made | |
| | filament yarn: | |
| | - Incorporating rubber thread | Manufacture from single yarn (7) |
| | - Other | Manufacture from (⁷): |
| | | - coir yarn, |
| | | - natural fibres, |
| | | - man-made staple fibres, not |
| | | carded or combed or otherwise |
| | | prepared for spinning, |
| | | - chemical materials or textile pulp, |
| | | or |
| | | - paper |
| | | Or |
| | | Printing accompanied by at least |
| | | two preparatory or finishing |
| | | operations (such as scouring, |
| | | bleaching, mercerising, heat |
| | | setting, raising, calendering, shrink |
| | | resistance processing, permanent |
| | | finishing, decatising, impregnating, |
| | | mending and burling), provided |
| | | that the value of the unprinted |
| | | fabric used does not exceed 47.5 % |
| | | of the ex-works price of the product |
| 5501 to 5507 | Man-made staple fibres | Manufacture from chemical |
| | * | materials or textile pulp |

| HS heading | Description of product | Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which |
|---------------|----------------------------------|--|
| | | confers originating status |
| (1) | (2) | (3) or (4) |
| 5508 to 5511 | Yarn and sewing thread of man- | Manufacture from (7): |
| | made staple fibres | - raw silk or silk waste, carded or |
| | | combed or otherwise prepared for |
| | | spinning, |
| | | - natural fibres, not carded or |
| | | combed or otherwise prepared for |
| | | spinning, |
| | | - chemical materials or textile pulp, |
| | | or |
| | | - paper-making materials |
| 5512 to 5516 | Woven fabrics of man-made staple | |
| | fibres: | |
| | - Incorporating rubber thread | Manufacture from single yarn (7) |
| | - Other | Manufacture from (⁷): |
| | | - coir yarn, |
| | | - natural fibres, |
| | | - man-made staple fibres, not |
| | | carded or combed or otherwise |
| | | prepared for spinning, |
| | | - chemical materials or textile pulp, |
| | | or |
| | | - paper |
| | | Or |
| | | Printing accompanied by at least |
| | | two preparatory or finishing |
| | | operations (such as scouring, |
| | | bleaching, mercerising, heat |
| | | setting, raising, calendering, shrink |
| | | resistance processing, permanent |
| | | finishing, decatising, impregnating, |
| | | mending and burling), provided |
| | | that the value of the unprinted |
| | | fabric used does not exceed 47.5 % |
| | | of the ex-works price of the product |
| ex Chapter 56 | Wadding, felt and non-wovens; | Manufacture from (⁷): |
| | special yarns; twine, cordage, | - coir yarn, |
| | ropes and cables and articles | - natural fibres, |
| | thereof; except for: | - chemical materials or textile pulp, |
| | | or |
| | | - paper-making materials |

| | | , which |
|--------------------------------------|--|---|
| | confers originating status | |
| (2) | (3) or (4) | |
| Felt, whether or not impregnated, | | |
| coated, covered or laminated: | | |
| - Needleloom felt | Manufacture from (7): | |
| | - natural fibres, or | |
| | - chemical materials or textile pulp | |
| | However: | |
| 1 | - polypropylene filament of | |
| | heading 5402, | |
| | - polypropylene fibres of | |
| | heading 5503 or 5506, or | |
| 1 | - polypropylene filament tow of | |
| | heading 5501, | |
| | of which the denomination in all | |
| 1 | cases of a single filament or fibre is | |
| 1 | | |
| 1 | | |
| | not exceed 40 % of the ex-works | |
| | price of the product | |
| - Other | Manufacture from (⁷): | |
| 1 | - natural fibres, | |
| | - man-made staple fibres made | |
| | from casein, or | |
| 1 | - chemical materials or textile pulp | |
| Rubber thread and cord, textile | | |
| covered; textile yarn, and strip and | | |
| the like of heading 5404 or 5405, | | |
| impregnated, coated, covered or | | |
| sheathed with rubber or plastics: | | |
| - Rubber thread and cord, textile | Manufacture from rubber thread or | |
| covered | cord, not textile covered | |
| - Other | Manufacture from $(^{7})$: | |
| | - natural fibres, not carded or | |
| | combed or otherwise processed | |
| | for spinning, | |
| | - chemical materials or textile pulp, | |
| | or | |
| | - paper-making materials | |
| | Felt, whether or not impregnated, coated, covered or laminated: - Needleloom felt - Other Rubber thread and cord, textile covered; textile yarn, and strip and the like of heading 5404 or 5405, impregnated, coated, covered or sheathed with rubber or plastics: - Rubber thread and cord, textile covered | Felt, whether or not impregnated, coated, covered or laminated: - Needleloom felt Manufacture from (¯): - natural fibres, or - chemical materials or textile pulp However: - polypropylene filament of heading 5402, - polypropylene filament tow of heading 5503 or 5506, or - polypropylene filament tow of heading 5501, of which the denomination in all cases of a single filament or fibre is less than 9 decitex, may be used, provided that their total value does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product Manufacture from (¯): - natural fibres, - man-made staple fibres made from casein, or - chemical materials or textile pulp Rubber thread and cord, textile covered; textile yarn, and strip and the like of heading 5404 or 5405, impregnated, coated, covered or sheathed with rubber or plastics: - Rubber thread and cord, textile covered - Other Manufacture from rubber thread or cord, not textile covered Manufacture from (¯): - natural fibres, not carded or combed or otherwise processed for spinning, - chemical materials or textile pulp, |

| HS heading | Description of product | Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which |
|------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| | | confers originating status |
| (1) | (2) | (3) or (4) |
| 5605 | Metallised yarn, whether or not | Manufacture from (⁷): |
| | gimped, being textile yarn, or strip | - natural fibres, |
| | or the like of heading 5404 | - man-made staple fibres, not |
| | or 5405, combined with metal in | carded or combed or otherwise |
| | the form of thread, strip or powder | processed for spinning, |
| | or covered with metal | - chemical materials or textile pulp, |
| | | or |
| | | - paper-making materials |
| 5606 | Gimped yarn, and strip and the like | Manufacture from (⁷): |
| | of heading 5404 or 5405, gimped | - natural fibres, |
| | (other than those of heading 5605 | - man-made staple fibres, not |
| | and gimped horsehair yarn); | carded or combed or otherwise |
| | chenille yarn (including flock | processed for spinning, |
| | chenille yarn); loop wale-yarn | - chemical materials or textile pulp, |
| | | or |
| | | - paper-making materials |
| Chapter 57 | Carpets and other textile floor | |
| | coverings: | |
| | - Of needleloom felt | Manufacture from (⁷): |
| | | - natural fibres, or |
| | | - chemical materials or textile pulp |
| | | However: |
| | | - polypropylene filament of |
| | | heading 5402, |
| | | - polypropylene fibres of |
| | | heading 5503 or 5506, or |
| | | - polypropylene filament tow of |
| | | heading 5501, |
| | | of which the denomination in all |
| | | cases of a single filament or fibre is |
| | | less than 9 decitex, may be used, |
| | | provided that their total value does |
| | | not exceed 40 % of the ex-works |
| | | price of the product |
| | | Jute fabric may be used as a |
| | | backing |

| HS heading | Description of product | Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which |
|---------------|------------------------------------|--|
| | | confers originating status |
| (1) | (2) | (3) or (4) |
| | - Of other felt | Manufacture from (⁷): |
| | | - natural fibres, not carded or |
| | | combed or otherwise processed |
| | | for spinning, or |
| | | - chemical materials or textile pulp |
| | - Other | Manufacture from (⁷): |
| | | - coir yarn or jute yarn, |
| | | - synthetic or artificial filament |
| | | yarn, |
| | | - natural fibres, or |
| | | - man-made staple fibres, not |
| | | carded or combed or otherwise |
| | | processed for spinning |
| | | Jute fabric may be used as a |
| | | backing |
| ex Chapter 58 | Special woven fabrics; tufted | |
| | textile fabrics; lace; tapestries; | |
| | trimmings; embroidery; except for: | |
| | - Combined with rubber thread | Manufacture from single yarn (⁷) |
| | - Other | Manufacture from (⁷): |
| | | - natural fibres, |
| | | - man-made staple fibres, not |
| | | carded or combed or otherwise |
| | | processed for spinning, or |
| | | - chemical materials or textile pulp |
| | | Or |
| | | Printing accompanied by at least |
| | | two preparatory or finishing |
| | | operations (such as scouring, |
| | | bleaching, mercerising, heat |
| | | setting, raising, calendering, shrink |
| | | resistance processing, permanent |
| | | finishing, decatising, impregnating, |
| | | mending and burling), provided |
| | | that the value of the unprinted |
| | | fabric used does not exceed 47.5 % |
| | | of the ex-works price of the product |

| HS heading | Description of product | Working or processing, carried out on | non-originating materials, which |
|------------|--|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| | | confers origina | ting status |
| (1) | (2) | (3) or | (4) |
| 5805 | Hand-woven tapestries of the types | Manufacture from materials of any | |
| | Gobelins, Flanders, Aubusson, | heading, except that of the product | |
| | Beauvais and the like, and needle- | | |
| | worked tapestries (for example, | | |
| | petit point, cross stitch), whether or | | |
| | not made up | | |
| 5810 | Embroidery in the piece, in strips | Manufacture: | |
| | or in motifs | - from materials of any heading, | |
| | | except that of the product, and | |
| | | - in which the value of all the | |
| | | materials used does not exceed | |
| | | 50 % of the ex-works price of the | |
| | | product | |
| 5901 | Textile fabrics coated with gum or | Manufacture from yarn | |
| | amylaceous substances, of a kind | | |
| | used for the outer covers of books | | |
| | or the like; tracing cloth; prepared | | |
| | painting canvas; buckram and | | |
| | similar stiffened textile fabrics of a | | |
| | kind used for hat foundations | | |
| 5902 | Tyre cord fabric of high tenacity | | |
| | yarn of nylon or other polyamides, | | |
| | polyesters or viscose rayon: | | |
| | - Containing not more than 90 % | Manufacture from yarn | |
| | by weight of textile materials | | |
| | - Other | Manufacture from chemical | |
| | | materials or textile pulp | |
| 5903 | Textile fabrics impregnated, | Manufacture from yarn | |
| | coated, covered or laminated with | or | |
| | plastics, other than those of | Printing accompanied by at least | |
| | heading 5902 | two preparatory or finishing | |
| | | operations (such as scouring, | |
| | | bleaching, mercerising, heat | |
| | | setting, rasing, calendering, shrink | |
| | | resistance processing, permanent | |
| | | finishing, decatising, impregnating, | |
| | | mending and burling), provided | |
| | | that the value of the unprinted | |
| | | fabric used does not exceed 47.5 % | |
| | | of the ex-works price of the product | |

| HS heading | Description of product | Working or processing, carried out of | |
|------------|--|---|-----|
| (1) | (2) | confers origin | |
| (1) | (2) Linoleum, whether or not cut to | (3) or Manufacture from yarn (⁷) | (4) |
| 3904 | shape; floor coverings consisting | Manufacture from yarri () | |
| | of a coating or covering applied on | | |
| | a textile backing, whether or not | | |
| | cut to shape | | |
| 5905 | | | |
| 3903 | Textile wall coverings: - Impregnated, coated, covered or | Manufacture from yarn | |
| | laminated with rubber, plastics or | Manufacture from yarn | |
| | other materials | | |
| | - Other | Manufacture from (⁷): | |
| | - Other | - coir yarn, | |
| | | - natural fibres, | |
| | | - man-made staple fibres, not | |
| | | carded or combed or otherwise | |
| | | processed for spinning, or | |
| | | - chemical materials or textile pulp | |
| | | Or | |
| | | Printing accompanied by at least | |
| | | two preparatory or finishing | |
| | | operations (such as scouring, | |
| | | bleaching, mercerising, heat | |
| | | setting, raising, calendering, shrink | |
| | | resistance processing, permanent | |
| | | finishing, decatising, impregnating, | |
| | | mending and burling), provided | |
| | | that the value of the unprinted | |
| | | fabric used does not exceed 47.5 % | |
| | | of the ex-works price of the product | |
| 5906 | Rubberised textile fabrics, other | | |
| | than those of heading 5902: | | |
| | - Knitted or crocheted fabrics | Manufacture from (7): | |
| | | - natural fibres, | |
| | | - man-made staple fibres, not | |
| | | carded or combed or otherwise | |
| | | processed for spinning, or | |
| | | - chemical materials or textile pulp | |
| | - Other fabrics made of synthetic | Manufacture from chemical | |
| th | filament yarn, containing more | materials | |
| | than 90 % by weight of textile | | |
| | materials | | |
| | - Other | Manufacture from yarn | |

| HS heading | Description of product | Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which |
|--------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| | | confers originating status |
| (1) | (2) | (3) or (4) |
| 5907 | Textile fabrics otherwise | Manufacture from yarn |
| | impregnated, coated or covered; | or |
| | painted canvas being theatrical | Printing accompanied by at least |
| | scenery, studio back-cloths or the | two preparatory or finishing |
| | like | operations (such as scouring, |
| | | bleaching, mercerising, heat |
| | | setting, rasing, calendering, shrink |
| | | resistance processing, permanent |
| | | finishing, decatising, impregnating, |
| | | mending and burling), provided |
| | | that the value of the unprinted |
| | | fabric used does not exceed 47.5 % |
| | | of the ex-works price of the product |
| 5908 | Textile wicks, woven, plaited or | |
| | knitted, for lamps, stoves, lighters, | |
| | candles or the like; incandescent | |
| | gas mantles and tubular knitted gas | |
| | mantle fabric therefor, whether or | |
| | not impregnated: | |
| | - Incandescent gas mantles, | Manufacture from tubular knitted |
| | impregnated | gas-mantle fabric |
| | - Other | Manufacture from materials of any |
| | | heading, except that of the product |
| 5909 to 5911 | Textile articles of a kind suitable | |
| | for industrial use: | |
| | - Polishing discs or rings other | Manufacture from yarn or waste |
| | than of felt of heading 5911 | fabrics or rags of heading 6310 |
| | - Woven fabrics, of a kind | Manufacture from (⁷): |
| | commonly used in papermaking | - coir yarn, |
| | or other technical uses, felted or | - the following materials: |
| | not, whether or not impregnated | yarn of |
| | or coated, tubular or endless with | polytetrafluoroethylene (⁸), |
| | single or multiple warp and/or | yarn, multiple, of polyamide, |
| | weft, or flat woven with multiple | coated impregnated or covered |
| | warp and/or weft of | with a phenolic resin, |
| | heading 5911 | yarn of synthetic textile fibres |
| | | of aromatic polyamides, |
| | | obtained by polycondensation |
| | | of <i>m</i> -phenylenediamine and |
| | | isophthalic acid, |

| HS heading | Description of product | Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which confers originating status |
|------------|------------------------------|---|
| (1) | (2) | |
| (1) | (2) | (3) or (4) |
| | | monofil of |
| | | polytetrafluoroethylene (⁸), |
| | | yarn of synthetic textile fibres |
| | | of poly(p-phenylene |
| | | terephthalamide), |
| | | glass fibre yarn, coated with |
| | | phenol resin and gimped with |
| | | acrylic yarn (8), |
| | | copolyester monofilaments of a |
| | | polyester and a resin of |
| | | terephthalic acid and 1,4- |
| | | cyclohexanediethanol and |
| | | isophthalic acid, |
| | | natural fibres, |
| | | man-made staple fibres not |
| | | carded or combed or otherwise |
| | | processed for spinning, or |
| | | chemical materials or textile |
| | | pulp |
| | - Other | Manufacture from (⁷): |
| | | - coir yarn, |
| | | - natural fibres, |
| | | - man-made staple fibres, not |
| | | carded or combed or otherwise |
| | | processed for spinning, or |
| | | - chemical materials or textile pulp |
| hapter 60 | Knitted or crocheted fabrics | Manufacture from (⁷): |
| | | - natural fibres, |
| | | - man-made staple fibres, not |
| | | carded or combed or otherwise |
| | | processed for spinning, or |
| | | - chemical materials or textile pulp |

| HS heading | Description of product | Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which |
|-------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| | | confers originating status |
| (1) | (2) | (3) or (4) |
| Chapter 61 | Articles of apparel and clothing | |
| | accessories, knitted or crocheted: | |
| | - Obtained by sewing together or | Manufacture from yarn (7) (9) |
| | otherwise assembling, two or | |
| | more pieces of knitted or | |
| | crocheted fabric which have been | |
| | either cut to form or obtained | |
| | directly to form | |
| | - Other | Manufacture from (⁷): |
| | | - natural fibres, |
| | | - man-made staple fibres, not |
| | | carded or combed or otherwise |
| | | processed for spinning, or |
| | | - chemical materials or textile pulp |
| ex Chapter 62 | Articles of apparel and clothing | Manufacture from yarn (7) (9) |
| | accessories, not knitted or | |
| | crocheted; except for: | |
| ex 6202, ex 6204, | Women's, girls' and babies' | Manufacture from yarn (9) |
| ex 6206, ex 6209 | clothing and clothing accessories | or |
| and ex 6211 | for babies, embroidered | Manufacture from unembroidered |
| | | fabric, provided that the value of |
| | | the unembroidered fabric used does |
| | | not exceed 40 % of the ex-works |
| | | price of the product (9) |
| ex 6210 and | Fire-resistant equipment of fabric | Manufacture from yarn (9) |
| ex 6216 | covered with foil of aluminised | or |
| | polyester | Manufacture from uncoated fabric, |
| | | provided that the value of the |
| | | uncoated fabric used does not |
| | | exceed 40 % of the ex-works price |
| | | of the product (9) |

| HS heading | Description of product | Working or processing, carried out on | non-originating materials, which |
|---------------|--------------------------------------|---|----------------------------------|
| | | confers origina | ting status |
| (1) | (2) | (3) or | (4) |
| 6213 and 6214 | Handkerchiefs, shawls, scarves, | | |
| | mufflers, mantillas, veils and the | | |
| | like: | | |
| | - Embroidered | Manufacture from unbleached | |
| | | single yarn (⁷) (⁹) | |
| | | or | |
| | | Manufacture from unembroidered | |
| | | fabric, provided that the value of | |
| | | the unembroidered fabric used does | |
| | | not exceed 40 % of the ex-works | |
| | | price of the product (9) | |
| | - Other | Manufacture from unbleached | |
| | | single yarn (⁷) (⁹) | |
| | | Or | |
| | | Making up, followed by printing | |
| | | accompanied by at least two | |
| | | preparatory or finishing operations | |
| | | (such as scouring, bleaching, | |
| | | mercerising, heat setting, raising, | |
| | | calendering, shrink resistance | |
| | | processing, permanent finishing, | |
| | | decatising, impregnating, mending | |
| | | and burling), provided that the | |
| | | value of all the unprinted goods of | |
| | | headings 6213 and 6214 used does | |
| | | not exceed 47.5 % of the ex-works | |
| | | price of the product | |
| 6217 | Other made up clothing | | |
| | accessories; parts of garments or of | | |
| | clothing accessories, other than | | |
| | those of heading 6212: | | |
| | - Embroidered | Manufacture from yarn (9) | |
| | | or | |
| | | Manufacture from unembroidered | |
| | | fabric, provided that the value of | |
| | | the unembroidered fabric used does | |
| | | not exceed 40 % of the ex-works | |
| | | price of the product (9) | |

| HS heading | Description of product | Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which |
|---------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| | | confers originating status |
| (1) | (2) | (3) or (4) |
| | - Fire-resistant equipment of fabric | Manufacture from yarn (9) |
| | covered with foil of aluminised | or |
| | polyester | Manufacture from uncoated fabric, |
| | | provided that the value of the |
| | | uncoated fabric used does not |
| | | exceed 40 % of the ex-works price |
| | | of the product (9) |
| | - Interlinings for collars and cuffs, | Manufacture: |
| | cut out | - from materials of any heading, |
| | | except that of the product, and |
| | | - in which the value of all the |
| | | materials used does not exceed |
| | | 40 % of the ex-works price of the |
| | | product |
| | - Other | Manufacture from yarn (°) |
| ex Chapter 63 | Other made-up textile articles; | Manufacture from materials of any |
| | sets; worn clothing and worn | heading, except that of the product |
| | textile articles; rags; except for: | |
| 6301 to 6304 | Blankets, travelling rugs, bed linen | |
| | etc.; curtains etc.; other furnishing | |
| | articles: | |
| | - Of felt, of nonwovens | Manufacture from (7): |
| | | - natural fibres, or |
| | | - chemical materials or textile pulp |
| | - Other: | |
| | Embroidered | Manufacture from unbleached |
| | | single yarn (9) (10) |
| | | or |
| | | Manufacture from unembroidered |
| | | fabric (other than knitted or |
| | | crocheted), provided that the value |
| | | of the unembroidered fabric used |
| | | does not exceed 40 % of the ex- |
| | | works price of the product |
| | Other | Manufacture from unbleached |
| | | single yarn (9) (10) |

| HS heading | Description of product | Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which |
|---------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| | | confers originating status |
| (1) | (2) | (3) or (4) |
| 6305 | Sacks and bags, of a kind used for | Manufacture from (7): |
| | the packing of goods | - natural fibres, |
| | | - man-made staple fibres, not |
| | | carded or combed or otherwise |
| | | processed for spinning, or |
| | | - chemical materials or textile pulp |
| 6306 | Tarpaulins, awnings and sunblinds; | |
| | tents; sails for boats, sailboards or | |
| | landcraft; camping goods: | |
| | - Of nonwovens | Manufacture from (⁷) (⁹): |
| | | - natural fibres, or |
| | | - chemical materials or textile pulp |
| | - Other | Manufacture from unbleached |
| | | single yarn (⁷) (⁹) |
| 6307 | Other made-up articles, including | Manufacture in which the value of |
| | dress patterns | all the materials used does not |
| | | exceed 40 % of the ex-works price |
| | | of the product |
| 6308 | Sets consisting of woven fabric | Each item in the set must satisfy |
| | and yarn, whether or not with | the rule which would apply to it if |
| | accessories, for making up into | it were not included in the set. |
| | rugs, tapestries, embroidered table | However, non-originating articles |
| | cloths or serviettes, or similar | may be incorporated, provided that |
| | textile articles, put up in packings | their total value does not exceed |
| | for retail sale | 15 % of the ex-works price of the |
| | | set |
| ex Chapter 64 | Footwear, gaiters and the like; | Manufacture from materials of any |
| | parts of such articles; except for: | heading, except from assemblies of |
| | particular actions, corresponding | uppers affixed to inner soles or to |
| | | other sole components of |
| | | heading 6406 |
| 6406 | Parts of footwear (including uppers | Manufacture from materials of any |
| 0.00 | whether or not attached to soles | heading, except that of the product |
| | other than outer soles); removable | neumb, except that of the product |
| | in-soles, heel cushions and similar | |
| | articles; gaiters, leggings and | |
| | similar articles, and parts thereof | |
| | similar articles, and parts thereof | |

| HS heading | Description of product | Working or processing, carried out on non-or | |
|---------------|---------------------------------------|--|------|
| | | confers originating sta | itus |
| (1) | (2) | (3) or (4 |) |
| ex Chapter 65 | Headgear and parts thereof; except | Manufacture from materials of any | |
| | for: | heading, except that of the product | |
| 6505 | Hats and other headgear, knitted or | Manufacture from yarn or textile | |
| | crocheted, or made up from lace, | fibres (9) | |
| | felt or other textile fabric, in the | | |
| | piece (but not in strips), whether or | | |
| | not lined or trimmed; hair-nets of | | |
| | any material, whether or not lined | | |
| | or trimmed | | |
| ex Chapter 66 | Umbrellas, sun umbrellas, | Manufacture from materials of any | |
| | walking-sticks, seat-sticks, whips, | heading, except that of the product | |
| | riding-crops, and parts thereof; | | |
| | except for: | | |
| 6601 | Umbrellas and sun umbrellas | Manufacture in which the value of | |
| | (including walking-stick | all the materials used does not | |
| | umbrellas, garden umbrellas and | exceed 50 % of the ex-works price | |
| | similar umbrellas) | of the product | |
| Chapter 67 | Prepared feathers and down and | Manufacture from materials of any | |
| | articles made of feathers or of | heading, except that of the product | |
| | down; artificial flowers; articles of | | |
| | human hair | | |
| ex Chapter 68 | Articles of stone, plaster, cement, | Manufacture from materials of any | |
| | asbestos, mica or similar materials; | heading, except that of the product | |
| | except for: | | |
| ex 6803 | Articles of slate or of agglomerated | Manufacture from worked slate | |
| | slate | | |
| ex 6812 | Articles of asbestos; articles of | Manufacture from materials of any | |
| | mixtures with a basis of asbestos | heading | |
| | or of mixtures with a basis of | | |
| | asbestos and magnesium carbonate | | |
| ex 6814 | Articles of mica, including | Manufacture from worked mica | |
| | agglomerated or reconstituted | (including agglomerated or | |
| | mica, on a support of paper, | reconstituted mica) | |
| | paperboard or other materials | | |

| HS heading | Description of product | Working or processing, carried out on non-originating | g materials, which |
|------------------|---------------------------------------|---|--------------------|
| | | confers originating status | |
| (1) | (2) | (3) or (4) | |
| Chapter 69 | Ceramic products | Manufacture from materials of any | |
| | | heading, except that of the product | |
| ex Chapter 70 | Glass and glassware; except for: | Manufacture from materials of any | |
| | | heading, except that of the product | |
| ex 7003, ex 7004 | Glass with a non-reflecting layer | Manufacture from materials of | |
| and ex 7005 | | heading 7001 | |
| 7006 | Glass of heading 7003, 7004 | | |
| | or 7005, bent, edge-worked, | | |
| | engraved, drilled, enamelled or | | |
| | otherwise worked, but not framed | | |
| | or fitted with other materials: | | |
| | - Glass-plate substrates, coated | Manufacture from non-coated | |
| | with a dielectric thin film, and of | glass-plate substrate of | |
| | a semiconductor grade in | heading 7006 | |
| | accordance with SEMII- | | |
| | standards (11) | | |
| | - Other | Manufacture from materials of | |
| | | heading 7001 | |
| 7007 | Safety glass, consisting of | Manufacture from materials of | |
| | toughened (tempered) or laminated | heading 7001 | |
| | glass | | |
| 7008 | Multiple-walled insulating units of | Manufacture from materials of | |
| | glass | heading 7001 | |
| 7009 | Glass mirrors, whether or not | Manufacture from materials of | |
| | framed, including rear-view | heading 7001 | |
| | mirrors | | |
| 7010 | Carboys, bottles, flasks, jars, pots, | Manufacture from materials of any | |
| | phials, ampoules and other | heading, except that of the product | |
| | containers, of glass, of a kind used | or | |
| | for the conveyance or packing of | Cutting of glassware, provided that | |
| | goods; preserving jars of glass; | the total value of the uncut | |
| | stoppers, lids and other closures, of | glassware used does not exceed | |
| | glass | 50 % of the ex-works price of the | |
| | | product | |

| HS heading | Description of product | Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which |
|------------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| | | confers originating status |
| (1) | (2) | (3) or (4) |
| 7013 | Glassware of a kind used for table, | Manufacture from materials of any |
| | kitchen, toilet, office, indoor | heading, except that of the product |
| | decoration or similar purposes | or |
| | (other than that of heading 7010 | Cutting of glassware, provided that |
| | or 7018) | the total value of the uncut |
| | | glassware used does not exceed |
| | | 50 % of the ex-works price of the |
| | | product |
| | | or |
| | | Hand-decoration (except silk- |
| | | screen printing) of hand-blown |
| | | glassware, provided that the total |
| | | value of the hand-blown glassware |
| | | used does not exceed 50 % of the |
| | | ex-works price of the product |
| ex 7019 | Articles (other than yarn) of glass | Manufacture from: |
| | fibres | - uncoloured slivers, rovings, yarn |
| | | or chopped strands, or |
| | | - glass wool |
| ex Chapter 71 | Natural or cultured pearls, precious | Manufacture from materials of any |
| | or semi-precious stones, precious | heading, except that of the product |
| | metals, metals clad with precious | |
| | metal, and articles thereof; | |
| | imitation jewellery; coin; except | |
| | for: | |
| ex 7101 | Natural or cultured pearls, graded | Manufacture in which the value of |
| | and temporarily strung for | all the materials used does not |
| | convenience of transport | exceed 50 % of the ex-works price |
| | | of the product |
| ex 7102, ex 7103 | Worked precious or semi-precious | Manufacture from unworked |
| and ex 7104 | stones (natural, synthetic or | precious or semi-precious stones |
| | reconstructed) | |
| | • | |

| HS heading | Description of product | Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which |
|------------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| | | confers originating status |
| (1) | (2) | (3) or (4) |
| 7106, 7108 and | Precious metals: | |
| 7110 | | |
| | - Unwrought | Manufacture from materials of any |
| | | heading, except those of |
| | | headings 7106, 7108 and 7110 |
| | | or |
| | | Electrolytic, thermal or chemical |
| | | separation of precious metals of |
| | | heading 7106, 7108 or 7110 |
| | | or |
| | | Alloying of precious metals of |
| | | heading 7106, 7108 or 7110 with |
| | | each other or with base metals |
| | - Semi-manufactured or in powder | Manufacture from unwrought |
| | form | precious metals |
| ex 7107, ex 7109 | Metals clad with precious metals, | Manufacture from metals clad with |
| and ex 7111 | semi-manufactured | precious metals, unwrought |
| 7116 | Articles of natural or cultured | Manufacture in which the value of |
| | pearls, precious or semi-precious | all the materials used does not |
| | stones (natural, synthetic or | exceed 50 % of the ex-works price |
| | reconstructed) | of the product |
| 7117 | Imitation jewellery | Manufacture from materials of any |
| | | heading, except that of the product |
| | | Or |
| | | Manufacture from base metal parts, |
| | | not plated or covered with precious |
| | | metals, provided that the value of |
| | | all the materials used does not |
| | | exceed 50 % of the ex-works price |
| | | of the product |
| ex Chapter 72 | Iron and steel; except for: | Manufacture from materials of any |
| | | heading, except that of the product |
| 7207 | Semi-finished products of iron or | Manufacture from materials of |
| | non-alloy steel | heading 7201, 7202, 7203, 7204 |
| | | or 7205 |
| 7208 to 7216 | Flat-rolled products, bars and rods, | Manufacture from ingots or other |
| | angles, shapes and sections of iron | primary forms of heading 7206 |
| | or non-alloy steel | |
| 7217 | Wire of iron or non-alloy steel | Manufacture from semi-finished |
| | | materials of heading 7207 |

| HS heading | Description of product | Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which |
|------------------|--|--|
| | | confers originating status |
| (1) | (2) | (3) or (4) |
| ex 7218, 7219 to | Semi-finished products, flat-rolled | Manufacture from ingots or other |
| 7222 | products, bars and rods, angles, | primary forms of heading 7218 |
| | shapes and sections of stainless | |
| | steel | |
| 7223 | Wire of stainless steel | Manufacture from semi-finished |
| | | materials of heading 7218 |
| ex 7224, 7225 to | Semi-finished products, flat-rolled | Manufacture from ingots or other |
| 7228 | products, hot-rolled bars and rods, | primary forms of heading 7206, |
| | in irregularly wound coils; angles, | 7218 or 7224 |
| | shapes and sections, of other alloy | |
| | steel; hollow drill bars and rods, of | |
| | alloy or non-alloy steel | |
| 7229 | Wire of other alloy steel | Manufacture from semi-finished |
| | · | materials of heading 7224 |
| ex Chapter 73 | Articles of iron or steel; except for: | Manufacture from materials of any |
| • | , | heading, except that of the product |
| ex 7301 | Sheet piling | Manufacture from materials of |
| | | heading 7206 |
| 7302 | Railway or tramway track | Manufacture from materials of |
| | construction material of iron or | heading 7206 |
| | steel, the following: rails, check- | |
| | rails and rack rails, switch blades, | |
| | crossing frogs, point rods and other | |
| | crossing pieces, sleepers (cross- | |
| | ties), fish-plates, chairs, chair | |
| | wedges, sole plates (base plates), | |
| | rail clips, bedplates, ties and other | |
| | material specialised for jointing or | |
| | fixing rails | |
| 7304, 7305 and | Tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, | Manufacture from materials of |
| 7306 | of iron (other than cast iron) or | heading 7206, 7207, 7218 or 7224 |
| | steel | |
| ex 7307 | Tube or pipe fittings of stainless | Turning, drilling, reaming, |
| | steel (ISO No X5CrNiMo 1712), | threading, deburring and |
| | consisting of several parts | sandblasting of forged blanks, |
| | | provided that the total value of the |
| | | forged blanks used does not exceed |
| | | 35 % of the ex-works price of the |
| | | product |
| | | * |

| HS heading | Description of product | Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which |
|---------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| | | confers originating status |
| (1) | (2) | (3) or (4) |
| 7308 | Structures (excluding prefabricated | Manufacture from materials of any |
| | buildings of heading 9406) and | heading, except that of the product. |
| | parts of structures (for example, | However, welded angles, shapes |
| | bridges and bridge-sections, lock- | and sections of heading 7301 may |
| | gates, towers, lattice masts, roofs, | not be used |
| | roofing frameworks, doors and | |
| | windows and their frames and | |
| | thresholds for doors, shutters, | |
| | balustrades, pillars and columns), | |
| | of iron or steel; plates, rods, | |
| | angles, shapes, sections, tubes and | |
| | the like, prepared for use in | |
| | structures, of iron or steel | |
| ex 7315 | Skid chain | Manufacture in which the value of |
| | | all the materials of heading 7315 |
| | | used does not exceed 50 % of the |
| | | ex-works price of the product |
| ex Chapter 74 | Copper and articles thereof; except | Manufacture: |
| | for: | - from materials of any heading, |
| | | except that of the product, and |
| | | - in which the value of all the |
| | | materials used does not exceed |
| | | 50 % of the ex-works price of the |
| | | product |
| 7401 | Copper mattes; cement copper | Manufacture from materials of any |
| | (precipitated copper) | heading, except that of the product |
| 7402 | Unrefined copper; copper anodes | Manufacture from materials of any |
| | for electrolytic refining | heading, except that of the product |
| 7403 | Refined copper and copper alloys, | |
| | unwrought: | |
| | - Refined copper | Manufacture from materials of any |
| | | heading, except that of the product |
| | - Copper alloys and refined copper | Manufacture from refined copper, |
| | containing other elements | unwrought, or waste and scrap of |
| | | copper |
| 7404 | Copper waste and scrap | Manufacture from materials of any |
| | | heading, except that of the product |
| 7405 | Master alloys of copper | Manufacture from materials of any |
| | | heading, except that of the product |

| Description of product | Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| | confers originating status |
| (2) | (3) or (4) |
| Nickel and articles thereof; except | Manufacture: |
| for: | - from materials of any heading, |
| | except that of the product, and |
| | - in which the value of all the |
| | materials used does not exceed |
| | 50 % of the ex-works price of the |
| | product |
| Nickel mattes, nickel oxide sinters | Manufacture from materials of any |
| and other intermediate products of | heading, except that of the product |
| nickel metallurgy; unwrought | |
| nickel; nickel waste and scrap | |
| Aluminium and articles thereof; | Manufacture: |
| except for: | - from materials of any heading, |
| | except that of the product, and |
| | - in which the value of all the |
| | materials used does not exceed |
| | 50 % of the ex-works price of the |
| | product |
| Unwrought aluminium | Manufacture: |
| | - from materials of any heading, |
| | except that of the product, and |
| | - in which the value of all the |
| | materials used does not exceed |
| | 50 % of the ex-works price of the |
| | product |
| | or |
| | Manufacture by thermal or |
| | electrolytic treatment from |
| | unalloyed aluminium or waste and |
| | scrap of aluminium |
| Aluminium waste or scrap | Manufacture from materials of any |
| The state of setup | heading, except that of the product |
| | (2) Nickel and articles thereof; except for: Nickel mattes, nickel oxide sinters and other intermediate products of nickel metallurgy; unwrought nickel; nickel waste and scrap Aluminium and articles thereof; |

| HS heading | Description of product | Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, whi |
|---------------|--|--|
| | | confers originating status |
| (1) | (2) | (3) or (4) |
| ex 7616 | Aluminium articles other than | Manufacture: |
| | gauze, cloth, grill, netting, fencing, | - from materials of any heading, |
| | reinforcing fabric and similar | except that of the product. |
| | materials (including endless bands) | However, gauze, cloth, grill, |
| | of aluminium wire, and expanded | netting, fencing, reinforcing |
| | metal of aluminium | fabric and similar materials |
| | | (including endless bands) of |
| | | aluminium wire, or expanded |
| | | metal of aluminium may be used; |
| | | and |
| | | - in which the value of all the |
| | | materials used does not exceed |
| | | 50 % of the ex-works price of the |
| | | product |
| Chapter 77 | Reserved for possible future use in | |
| | the HS | |
| ex Chapter 78 | Lead and articles thereof; except | Manufacture: |
| | for: | - from materials of any heading, |
| | | except that of the product, and |
| | | - in which the value of all the |
| | | materials used does not exceed |
| | | 50 % of the ex-works price of the |
| | | product |
| 7801 | Unwrought lead: | |
| | - Refined lead | Manufacture from "bullion" or |
| | | "work" lead |
| | - Other | Manufacture from materials of any |
| | | heading, except that of the product. |
| | | However, waste and scrap of |
| | | heading 7802 may not be used |
| 7802 | Lead waste and scrap | Manufacture from materials of any |
| | | heading, except that of the product |
| ex Chapter 79 | Zinc and articles thereof; except | Manufacture: |
| | for: | - from materials of any heading, |
| | | except that of the product, and |
| | | - in which the value of all the |
| | | materials used does not exceed |
| | | 50 % of the ex-works price of the |
| | | product |

| HS heading | Description of product | Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which |
|---------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| | | confers originating status |
| (1) | (2) | (3) or (4) |
| 7901 | Unwrought zinc | Manufacture from materials of any |
| | | heading, except that of the product. |
| | | However, waste and scrap of |
| | | heading 7902 may not be used |
| 7902 | Zinc waste and scrap | Manufacture from materials of any |
| | | heading, except that of the product |
| ex Chapter 80 | Tin and articles thereof; except for: | Manufacture: |
| | | - from materials of any heading, |
| | | except that of the product, and |
| | | - in which the value of all the |
| | | materials used does not exceed |
| | | 50 % of the ex-works price of the |
| | | product |
| 8001 | Unwrought tin | Manufacture from materials of any |
| | | heading, except that of the product. |
| | | However, waste and scrap of |
| | | heading 8002 may not be used |
| 8002 and 8007 | Tin waste and scrap; other articles | Manufacture from materials of any |
| | of tin | heading, except that of the product |
| Chapter 81 | Other base metals; cermets; | |
| | articles thereof: | |
| | - Other base metals, wrought; | Manufacture in which the value of |
| | articles thereof | all the materials of the same |
| | | heading as the product used does |
| | | not exceed 50 % of the ex-works |
| | | price of the product |
| | - Other | Manufacture from materials of any |
| | | heading, except that of the product |
| ex Chapter 82 | Tools, implements, cutlery, spoons | Manufacture from materials of any |
| | and forks, of base metal; parts | heading, except that of the product |
| | thereof of base metal; except for: | |
| 8206 | Tools of two or more of the | Manufacture from materials of any |
| | headings 8202 to 8205, put up in | heading, except those of |
| | sets for retail sale | headings 8202 to 8205. However, |
| | | tools of headings 8202 to 8205 may |
| | | be incorporated into the set, |
| | | provided that their total value does |
| | | not exceed 15 % of the ex-works |
| | | price of the set |

| HS heading | Description of product | Working or processing, carried out on | non-originating materials, which |
|--------------------------|---|--|----------------------------------|
| | | confers originat | ing status |
| (1) | (2) | (3) or | (4) |
| 8207 | Interchangeable tools for hand tools, whether or not power-operated, or for machine-tools (for example, for pressing, stamping, punching, tapping, threading, drilling, boring, broaching, milling, turning, or screwdriving), including dies for drawing or extruding metal, and rock drilling | Manufacture: - from materials of any heading, except that of the product, and - in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product | |
| 8208 | or earth boring tools Knives and cutting blades, for machines or for mechanical appliances | Manufacture: - from materials of any heading, except that of the product, and - in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product | |
| ex 8211 | Knives with cutting blades, serrated or not (including pruning knives), other than knives of heading 8208 | Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product. However, knife blades and handles of base metal may be used | |
| 8214 | Other articles of cutlery (for example, hair clippers, butchers' or kitchen cleavers, choppers and mincing knives, paper knives); manicure or pedicure sets and instruments (including nail files) | Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product. However, handles of base metal may be used | |
| 8215 | Spoons, forks, ladles, skimmers, cake-servers, fish-knives, butter-knives, sugar tongs and similar kitchen or tableware | Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product. However, handles of base metal may be used | |
| ex Chapter 83 ex 8302 | Miscellaneous articles of base metal; except for: Other mountings, fittings and | Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product Manufacture from materials of any | |
| | similar articles suitable for buildings, and automatic door closers | heading, except that of the product. However, other materials of heading 8302 may be used, provided that their total value does not exceed 20 % of the ex-works price of the product | |

| HS heading | Description of product | | on non-originating materials, which |
|------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| | | confers originating status | |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | or (4) |
| ex 8306 | Statuettes and other ornaments, of | Manufacture from materials of any | |
| | base metal | heading, except that of the product. | |
| | | However, other materials of | |
| | | heading 8306 may be used, | |
| | | provided that their total value does | |
| | | not exceed 30 % of the ex-works | |
| | | price of the product | |
| ex Chapter 84 | Nuclear reactors, boilers, | Manufacture: | Manufacture in which the value of |
| | machinery and mechanical | - from materials of any heading, | all the materials used does not |
| | appliances; parts thereof; except | except that of the product, and | exceed 30 % of the ex-works price |
| | for: | - in which the value of all the | of the product |
| | | materials used does not exceed | |
| | | 40 % of the ex-works price of the | |
| | | product | |
| ex 8401 | Nuclear fuel elements | Manufacture from materials of any | Manufacture in which the value of |
| | | heading, except that of the product | all the materials used does not |
| | | | exceed 30 % of the ex-works price |
| | | | of the product |
| 8402 | Steam or other vapour generating | Manufacture: | Manufacture in which the value of |
| | boilers (other than central heating | - from materials of any heading, | all the materials used does not |
| | hot water boilers capable also of | except that of the product, and | exceed 25 % of the ex-works price |
| | producing low pressure steam); | - in which the value of all the | of the product |
| | super-heated water boilers | materials used does not exceed | |
| | | 40 % of the ex-works price of the | |
| | | product | |
| 8403 and ex 8404 | Central heating boilers other than | Manufacture from materials of any | Manufacture in which the value of |
| | those of heading 8402 and | heading, except those of | all the materials used does not |
| | auxiliary plant for central heating | headings 8403 and 8404 | exceed 40 % of the ex-works price |
| | boilers | | of the product |
| 8406 | Steam turbines and other vapour | Manufacture in which the value of | |
| | turbines | all the materials used does not | |
| | | exceed 40 % of the ex-works price | |
| | | of the product | |

| HS heading | Description of product | Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, | |
|------------|-----------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|
| (1) | (2) | | inating status |
| (1) | (2) | (3) 0 | or (4) |
| 8407 | Spark-ignition reciprocating or | Manufacture in which the value of | |
| | rotary internal combustion piston | all the materials used does not | |
| | engines | exceed 40 % of the ex-works price | |
| | | of the product | |
| 8408 | Compression-ignition internal | Manufacture in which the value of | |
| | combustion piston engines (diesel | all the materials used does not | |
| | or semi-diesel engines) | exceed 40 % of the ex-works price | |
| | | of the product | |
| 8409 | Parts suitable for use solely or | Manufacture in which the value of | |
| | principally with the engines of | all the materials used does not | |
| | heading 8407 or 8408 | exceed 40 % of the ex-works price | |
| | | of the product | |
| 8411 | Turbo-jets, turbo-propellers and | Manufacture: | Manufacture in which the value of |
| | other gas turbines | - from materials of any heading, | all the materials used does not |
| | | except that of the product, and | exceed 25 % of the ex-works price |
| | | - in which the value of all the | of the product |
| | | materials used does not exceed | |
| | | 40 % of the ex-works price of the | |
| | | product | |
| 8412 | Other engines and motors | Manufacture in which the value of | |
| | | all the materials used does not | |
| | | exceed 40 % of the ex-works price | |
| | | of the product | |
| ex 8413 | Rotary positive displacement | Manufacture: | Manufacture in which the value of |
| CX 0113 | pumps | - from materials of any heading, | all the materials used does not |
| | pumps | except that of the product, and | exceed 25 % of the ex-works price |
| | | - in which the value of all the | of the product |
| | | materials used does not exceed | of the product |
| | | | |
| | | 40 % of the ex-works price of the | |
| 0.41.4 | T 1 4:16 11 14 | product | M 6 4 1 1 1 4 1 |
| ex 8414 | Industrial fans, blowers and the | Manufacture: | Manufacture in which the value of |
| | like | - from materials of any heading, | all the materials used does not |
| | | except that of the product, and | exceed 25 % of the ex-works price |
| | | - in which the value of all the | of the product |
| | | materials used does not exceed | |
| | | 40 % of the ex-works price of the | |
| | | product | |

| HS heading | Description of product | Working or processing, carried out | on non-originating materials, which |
|------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| | | confers originating status | |
| (1) | (2) | (3) 0 | r (4) |
| 8415 | Air conditioning machines, | Manufacture in which the value of | |
| | comprising a motor-driven fan and | all the materials used does not | |
| | elements for changing the | exceed 40 % of the ex-works price | |
| | temperature and humidity, | of the product | |
| | including those machines in which | | |
| | the humidity cannot be separately | | |
| | regulated | | |
| 8418 | Refrigerators, freezers and other | Manufacture: | Manufacture in which the value of |
| | refrigerating or freezing | - from materials of any heading, | all the materials used does not |
| | equipment, electric or other; heat | except that of the product, | exceed 25 % of the ex-works price |
| | pumps other than air conditioning | - in which the value of all the | of the product |
| | machines of heading 8415 | materials used does not exceed | |
| | | 40 % of the ex-works price of the | |
| | | product, and | |
| | | - in which the value of all the non- | |
| | | originating materials used does | |
| | | not exceed the value of all the | |
| | | originating materials used | |
| ex 8419 | Machines for wood, paper pulp, | Manufacture in which: | Manufacture in which the value of |
| | paper and paperboard industries | - the value of all the materials used | all the materials used does not |
| | | does not exceed 40 % of the ex- | exceed 30 % of the ex-works price |
| | | works price of the product, and | of the product |
| | | - within the above limit, the value | |
| | | of all the materials of the same | |
| | | heading as the product used does | |
| | | not exceed 25 % of the ex-works | |
| | | price of the product | |
| 8420 | Calendering or other rolling | Manufacture in which: | Manufacture in which the value of |
| | machines, other than for metals or | - the value of all the materials used | all the materials used does not |
| | glass, and cylinders therefore | does not exceed 40 % of the ex- | exceed 30 % of the ex-works price |
| | | works price of the product, and | of the product |
| | | - within the above limit, the value | |
| | | of all the materials of the same | |
| | | heading as the product used does | |
| | | not exceed 25 % of the ex-works | |
| | | price of the product | |
| | | price of the product | |

| HS heading | Description of product | Working or processing, carried out | on non-originating materials, which |
|--------------|---|---|--|
| | | confers originating status | |
| (1) | (2) | (3) 0 | or (4) |
| 8423 | Weighing machinery (excluding balances of a sensitivity of 5 cg or better), including weight operated | Manufacture: - from materials of any heading, except that of the product, and - in which the value of all the | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25 % of the ex-works price |
| | counting or checking machines; weighing machine weights of all kinds | materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product | of the product |
| 8425 to 8428 | Lifting, handling, loading or unloading machinery | Manufacture in which: - the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the exworks price of the product, and - within the above limit, the value of all the materials of heading 8431 used does not exceed 10 % of the ex-works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product |
| 8429 | Self-propelled bulldozers, angledozers, graders, levellers, scrapers, mechanical shovels, excavators, shovel loaders, tamping machines and road rollers: | | |
| | - Road rollers | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product | |
| | - Other | Manufacture in which: - the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the exworks price of the product, and - within the above limit, the value of all the materials of heading 8431 used does not exceed 10 % of the ex-works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product |
| 8430 | Other moving, grading, levelling, scraping, excavating, tamping, compacting, extracting or boring machinery, for earth, minerals or ores; pile-drivers and pile-extractors; snow-ploughs and snow-blowers | Manufacture in which: - the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the exworks price of the product, and - within the above limit, the value of all the materials of heading 8431 used does not exceed 10 % of the ex-works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product |

| HS heading | Description of product | Working or processing, carried out | on non-originating materials, which |
|--------------|---|--|--|
| | | | inating status |
| (1) | (2) | (3) o | r (4) |
| ex 8431 | Parts suitable for use solely or principally with road rollers | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product | |
| 8439 | Machinery for making pulp of fibrous cellulosic material or for making or finishing paper or paperboard | Manufacture in which: - the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the exworks price of the product, and - within the above limit, the value of all the materials of the same heading as the product used does not exceed 25 % of the ex-works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product |
| 8441 | Other machinery for making up paper pulp, paper or paperboard, including cutting machines of all kinds | Manufacture in which: - the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the exworks price of the product, and - within the above limit, the value of all the materials of the same heading as the product used does not exceed 25 % of the ex-works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product |
| ex 8443 | Printers, for office machines (for example automatic data processing machines, word-processing machines, etc.) | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product | |
| 8444 to 8447 | Machines of these headings for use in the textile industry | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product | |
| ex 8448 | Auxiliary machinery for use with machines of headings 8444 and 8445 | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product | |
| 8452 | Sewing machines, other than book- sewing machines of heading 8440; furniture, bases and covers specially designed for sewing machines; sewing machine needles: | | |

| HS heading | Description of product | Working or processing, carried out | on non-originating materials, which |
|--------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| | | confers origi | inating status |
| (1) | (2) | (3) 0. | r (4) |
| | - Sewing machines (lock stitch | Manufacture in which: | |
| | only) with heads of a weight not | - the value of all the materials used | |
| | exceeding 16 kg without motor | does not exceed 40 % of the ex- | |
| | or 17 kg with motor | works price of the product, | |
| | | - the value of all the non- | |
| | | originating materials used in | |
| | | assembling the head (without | |
| | | motor) does not exceed the value | |
| | | of all the originating materials | |
| | | used, and | |
| | | - the thread-tension, crochet and | |
| | | zigzag mechanisms used are | |
| | | originating | |
| | - Other | Manufacture in which the value of | |
| | | all the materials used does not | |
| | | exceed 40 % of the ex-works price | |
| | | of the product | |
| 8456 to 8466 | Machine-tools and machines and | Manufacture in which the value of | |
| | their parts and accessories of | all the materials used does not | |
| | headings 8456 to 8466 | exceed 40 % of the ex-works price | |
| | | of the product | |
| 8469 to 8472 | Office machines (for example, | Manufacture in which the value of | |
| | typewriters, calculating machines, | all the materials used does not | |
| | automatic data processing | exceed 40 % of the ex-works price | |
| | machines, duplicating machines, | of the product | |
| | stapling machines) | | |
| 8480 | Moulding boxes for metal foundry; | Manufacture in which the value of | |
| | mould bases; moulding patterns; | all the materials used does not | |
| | moulds for metal (other than ingot | exceed 50 % of the ex-works price | |
| | moulds), metal carbides, glass, | of the product | |
| | mineral materials, rubber or | | |
| | plastics | | |
| 8482 | Ball or roller bearings | Manufacture: | Manufacture in which the value of |
| | | - from materials of any heading, | all the materials used does not |
| | | except that of the product, and | exceed 25 % of the ex-works price |
| | | - in which the value of all the | of the product |
| | | materials used does not exceed | |
| | | 40 % of the ex-works price of the | |
| | | product | |

| HS heading | Description of product | Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which |
|------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| | | confers originating status |
| (1) | (2) | (3) or (4) |
| 8484 | Gaskets and similar joints of metal | Manufacture in which the value of |
| | sheeting combined with other | all the materials used does not |
| | material or of two or more layers | exceed 40 % of the ex-works price |
| | of metal; sets or assortments of | of the product |
| | gaskets and similar joints, | |
| | dissimilar in composition, put up | |
| | in pouches, envelopes or similar | |
| | packings; mechanical seals | |
| ex 8486 | - Machine tools for working any | Manufacture in which the value of |
| | material by removal of material, by | all the materials used does not |
| | laser or other light or photon beam, | exceed 40 % of the ex-works price |
| | ultrasonic, electrodischarge, | of the product |
| | electrochemical, electron beam, | |
| | ionic-beam or plasma arc | |
| | processes and parts and accessories | |
| | thereof | |
| | | |
| | - machine tools (including presses) | |
| | for working metal by bending, | |
| | folding, straightening, flattening, | |
| | and parts and accessories thereof | |
| | - machine tools for working stone, | |
| | ceramics, concrete, asbestos- | |
| | cement or like mineral materials or | |
| | for cold working glass and parts | |
| | and accessories thereof | |
| | - marking-out instruments which | |
| | are pattern generating apparatus of | |
| | a kind used for producing masks or | |
| | reticles from photoresist coated | |
| | substrates; parts and accessories | |
| | thereof | |
| | | |
| | | |

| HS heading | Description of product | | on non-originating materials, which |
|---------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| | | confers originating status | |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | or (4) |
| | - moulds, injection or compression | Manufacture in which the value of | |
| | types | all the materials used does not | |
| | | exceed 50 % of the ex-works price | |
| | | of the product | |
| | - lifting, handing, loading or | Manufacture in which: | Manufacture in which the value of |
| | unloading machinery | - the value of all the materials used | all the materials used does not |
| | | does not exceed 40 % of the ex- | exceed 30 % of the ex-works price |
| | | works price of the product, and | of the product |
| | | - within the above limit, the value | |
| | | of all the materials of | |
| | | heading 8431 used does not | |
| | | exceed 10 % of the ex-works | |
| | | price of the product | |
| 8487 | Machinery parts, not containing | Manufacture in which the value of | |
| | electrical connectors, insulators, | all the materials used does not | |
| | coils, contacts or other electrical | exceed 40 % of the ex-works price | |
| | features, not specified or included | of the product | |
| | elsewhere in this Chapter | | |
| ex Chapter 85 | Electrical machinery and | Manufacture: | Manufacture in which the value of |
| | equipment and parts thereof; sound | - from materials of any heading, | all the materials used does not |
| | recorders and reproducers, | except that of the product, and | exceed 30 % of the ex-works price |
| | television image and sound | - in which the value of all the | of the product |
| | recorders and reproducers, and | materials used does not exceed | |
| | parts and accessories of such | 40 % of the ex-works price of the | |
| | articles; except for: | product | |
| 8501 | Electric motors and generators | Manufacture in which: | Manufacture in which the value of |
| | (excluding generating sets) | - the value of all the materials used | all the materials used does not |
| | | does not exceed 40 % of the ex- | exceed 30 % of the ex-works price |
| | | works price of the product, and | of the product |
| | | - within the above limit, the value | |
| | | of all the materials of | |
| | | heading 8503 used does not | |
| | | exceed 10 % of the ex-works | |
| | | price of the product | |

| HS heading | Description of product | Working or processing, carried out | on non-originating materials, which |
|------------|---|---|--|
| | | confers originating status | |
| (1) | (2) | (3) 0 | r (4) |
| 8502 | Electric generating sets and rotary converters | Manufacture in which: - the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the exworks price of the product, and - within the above limit, the value | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product |
| ex 8504 | Power supply units for automatic data-processing machines | of all the materials of headings 8501 and 8503 used does not exceed 10 % of the ex- works price of the product Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price | |
| ex 8517 | Other apparatus for the transmission or reception of voice, images or other data, including apparatus for communication in a wireless network (such as a local or wide area network), other than transmission or reception apparatus of headings 8443,8525,8527 or 8528 | of the product Manufacture in which: - the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the exworks price of the product, and -the value of all the non-originating materials used does not exceed the value of all the originating materials used | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25 % of the ex-works price of the product |
| ex 8518 | Microphones and stands therefor; loudspeakers, whether or not mounted in their enclosures; audio- frequency electric amplifiers; electric sound amplifier sets | Manufacture in which: - the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the exworks price of the product, and - the value of all the non-originating materials used does not exceed the value of all the originating materials used | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25 % of the ex-works price of the product |
| 8519 | Sound recording and sound reproducing apparatus | Manufacture in which: - the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the exworks price of the product, and - the value of all the non-originating materials used does not exceed the value of all the originating materials used | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product |

| HS heading | Description of product | Working or processing, carried out | on non-originating materials, which |
|------------|---|--|--|
| | | confers originating status | |
| (1) | (2) | (3) or (4) | |
| 8521 | Video recording or reproducing apparatus, whether or not incorporating a video tuner | Manufacture in which: - the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the exworks price of the product, and - the value of all the non-originating materials used does | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product |
| 8522 | Parts and accessories suitable for use solely or principally with the apparatus of headings 8519 | not exceed the value of all the originating materials used Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price | |
| 8523 | to 8521 Discs, tapes, solid-state non- volatile storage devices, 'smart cards' and other media for the recording of sound or of other phenomena, whether or not recorded, including matrices and masters for the production of discs, but excluding products of Chapter 37: | of the product | |
| | - Unrecorded discs, tapes, solid- state non-volatile storage devices and other media for the recording of sound or of other phenomena, but excluding products of Chapter 37; | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product | |
| | - Recorded discs, tapes solid-state non-volatile storage devices and other media for the recording of sound or of other phenomena, but excluding products of Chapter 37 | Manufacture in which: - the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the exworks price of the product, and -within the above limit, the value of all the materials of heading 8523 used does not exceed 10 % of the ex-works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product |

| HS heading | Description of product | Working or processing, carried out | on non-originating materials, which |
|------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| | | confers originating status | |
| (1) | (2) | (3) 0 | r (4) |
| | - Matrices and masters for the | Manufacture in which: | Manufacture in which the value of |
| | production of discs, but excluding | - the value of all the materials used | all the materials used does not |
| | products of Chapter 37; | does not exceed 40 % of the ex- | exceed 30 % of the ex-works price |
| | | works price of the product, and | of the product |
| | | - within the above limit, the value | |
| | | of all the materials of | |
| | | heading 8523 used does not | |
| | | exceed 10 % of the ex-works | |
| | | price of the product | |
| | | | |
| | - Proximity cards and "smart | Manufacture: | Manufacture in which the value of |
| | cards" with two or more electronic | - from materials of any heading, | all the materials used does not |
| | integrated circuits | except that of the product, and | exceed 30 % of the ex-works price |
| | | - in which the value of all the | of the product |
| | | materials used does not exceed | |
| | | 40 % of the ex-works price of the | |
| | | product | |
| | - "Smart cards" with one electronic | Manufacture in which: | Manufacture in which the value of |
| | integrated circuit | - the value of all the materials used | all the materials used does not |
| | | does not exceed 40 % of the ex- | exceed 25 % of the ex-works price |
| | | works price of the product, and | of the product |
| | | - within the above limit, the value | |
| | | of all the materials of | |
| | | headings 8541 and 8542 used | |
| | | does not exceed 10 % of the ex- | |
| | | works price of the product | |
| | | or | |
| | | The operation of diffusion, in | |
| | | which integrated circuits are | |
| | | formed on a semi-conductor | |
| | | substrate by the selective | |
| | | introduction of an appropriate | |
| | | dopant, whether or not assembled | |
| | | and/or tested in a country other | |
| | | than those specified in Article 3 | |
| | | | |

| HS heading | Description of product | | on non-originating materials, which |
|------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| | | | inating status |
| (1) | (2) | (3) or (4) | |
| 8525 | Transmission apparatus for radio- | Manufacture in which: | Manufacture in which the value of |
| | broadcasting or television, whether | - the value of all the materials used | all the materials used does not |
| | or not incorporating reception | does not exceed 40 % of the ex- | exceed 25 % of the ex-works price |
| | apparatus or sound recording or | works price of the product, and | of the product |
| | reproducing apparatus; television | - the value of all the non- | |
| | cameras, digital cameras and video | originating materials used does | |
| | camera recorders | not exceed the value of all the | |
| | | originating materials used | |
| 8526 | Radar apparatus, radio | Manufacture in which: | Manufacture in which the value of |
| | navigational aid apparatus and | - the value of all the materials used | all the materials used does not |
| | radio remote control apparatus | does not exceed 40 % of the ex- | exceed 25 % of the ex-works price |
| | | works price of the product, and | of the product |
| | | - the value of all the non- | |
| | | originating materials used does | |
| | | not exceed the value of all the | |
| | | originating materials used | |
| 8527 | Reception apparatus for radio- | Manufacture in which: | Manufacture in which the value of |
| | broadcasting, whether or not | - the value of all the materials used | all the materials used does not |
| | combined, in the same housing, | does not exceed 40 % of the ex- | exceed 25 % of the ex-works price |
| | with sound recording or | works price of the product, and | of the product |
| | reproducing apparatus or a clock | - the value of all the non- | |
| | | originating materials used does | |
| | | not exceed the value of all the | |
| | | originating materials used | |
| 8528 | Monitors and projectors, not | | |
| | incorporating television reception | | |
| | apparatus; reception apparatus for | | |
| | television, whether or not | | |
| | incorporating radio-broadcast | | |
| | receivers or sound or video | | |
| | recording or reproducing | | |
| | apparatus: | | |
| | | | |
| | i e | I | i e |

| HS heading | Description of product | Working or processing, carried out | on non-originating materials, which |
|------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| | | confers originating status | |
| (1) | (2) | (3) 0 | or (4) |
| | - Monitors and projectors, not | Manufacture in which the value of | |
| | incorporating television reception | all the materials used does not | |
| | apparatus, of a kind solely or | exceed 40 % of the ex-works price | |
| | principally used in an automatic | of the product | |
| | data-processing system of heading | | |
| | 8471 | | |
| | - Other monitors and projectors, | Manufacture in which: | Manufacture in which the value of |
| | not incorporating television | - the value of all the materials used | all the materials used does not |
| | reception apparatus; reception | does not exceed 40 % of the ex- | exceed 25 % of the ex-works price |
| | apparatus for television, whether or | works price of the product, and | of the product |
| | not incorporating radio broadcast | - the value of all the non- | |
| | receivers or sound or video | originating materials used does | |
| | recording or reproducing | not exceed the value of all the | |
| | apparatus; | originating materials used | |
| 8529 | Parts suitable for use solely or | | |
| | principally with the apparatus of | | |
| | headings 8525 to 8528: | | |
| | - Suitable for use solely or | Manufacture in which the value of | |
| | principally with video recording or | all the materials used does not | |
| | reproducing apparatus | exceed 40 % of the ex-works price | |
| | | of the product | |
| | - Suitable for use solely or | Manufacture: | Manufacture in which the value of |
| | principally with monitors and | - from materials of any heading, | all the materials used does not |
| | projectors, not incorporating | except that of the product, and | exceed 30 % of the ex-works price |
| | television reception apparatus, of a | -in which the value of all the | of the product |
| | kind solely or principally used in | materials used does not exceed | |
| | an automatic data-processing | 40 % of the ex-works price of the | |
| | system of heading 8471 | product | |
| | - Other | Manufacture in which: | Manufacture in which the value of |
| | | - the value of all the materials used | all the materials used does not |
| | | does not exceed 40 % of the ex- | exceed 25 % of the ex-works price |
| | | works price of the product, and | of the product |
| | | - the value of all the non- | |
| | | originating materials used does | |
| | | not exceed the value of all the | |
| | | originating materials used | |

| HS heading | Description of product | Working or processing, carried out | on non-originating materials, which |
|------------|---------------------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|
| | | confers originating status | |
| (1) | (2) | (3) 0 | r (4) |
| 8535 | Electrical apparatus for switching | Manufacture in which: | Manufacture in which the value of |
| | or protecting electrical circuits, or | - the value of all the materials used | all the materials used does not |
| | for making connections to or in | does not exceed 40 % of the ex- | exceed 30 % of the ex-works price |
| | electrical circuits for a voltage | works price of the product, and | of the product |
| | exceeding 1000 V | - within the above limit, the value | |
| | | of all the materials of | |
| | | heading 8538 used does not exceed 10 % of the ex-works | |
| | | price of the product | |
| 8536 | Electrical apparatus for switching | price of the product | |
| 6330 | or protecting electrical circuits, or | | |
| | for making connections to or in | | |
| | electrical circuits for a voltage not | | |
| | exceeding 1000 V; connectors for | | |
| | optical fibres, optical fibre bundles | | |
| | or cables: | | |
| | | | |
| | - Electrical apparatus for switching | Manufacture in which: | Manufacture in which the value of |
| | or protecting electrical circuits, or | - the value of all the materials used | all the materials used does not |
| | for making connections to or in | does not exceed 40 % of the ex- | exceed 30 % of the ex-works price |
| | electrical circuits for a voltage not | works price of the product, and | of the product |
| | exceeding 1000 V | - within the above limit, the value | |
| | | of all the materials of | |
| | | heading 8538 used does not | |
| | | exceed 10 % of the ex-works | |
| | | price of the product | |
| | - Connectors for optical fibres, | | |
| | optical fibre bundles or cables | Manuscrature in action the color of | |
| | of plastics | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not | |
| | | exceed 50 % of the ex-works price | |
| | | of the product | |
| | of ceramics | Manufacture from materials of any | |
| | or columnos | heading, except that of the product | |
| | | | |
| | of copper | Manufacture: | |
| | | - from materials of any heading, | |
| | | except that of the product, and | |
| | | - in which the value of all the | |
| | | materials used does not exceed | |
| | | 50 % of the ex-works price of the | |
| | | product | |

| HS heading | Description of product | Working or processing, carried out | on non-originating materials, which | |
|------------|--|---|--|--|
| | | confers original | confers originating status | |
| (1) | (2) | (3) 0 | r (4) | |
| 8537 | Boards, panels, consoles, desks, cabinets and other bases, equipped with two or more apparatus of heading 8535 or 8536, for electric control or the distribution of electricity, including those incorporating instruments or apparatus of Chapter 90, and | Manufacture in which: - the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the exworks price of the product, and - within the above limit, the value of all the materials of heading 8538 used does not exceed 10 % of the ex-works | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product | |
| 0541 | numerical control apparatus, other than switching apparatus of heading 8517 | price of the product | M. C. C. IVId. I. C. | |
| ex 8541 | Diodes, transistors and similar semi-conductor devices, except wafers not yet cut into chips | Manufacture: - from materials of any heading, except that of the product, and - in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25 % of the ex-works price of the product | |
| 8542 | Electronic integrated circuits | | | |
| | - Monolithic integrated circuits | Manufacture in which: - the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the exworks price of the product, and - within the above limit, the value of all the materials of headings 8541 and 8542 used does not exceed 10 % of the exworks price of the product or The operation of diffusion, in which integrated circuits are formed on a semi-conductor substrate by the selective introduction of an appropriate dopant, whether or not assembled | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25 % of the ex-works price of the product | |
| | | and/or tested in a country other than those specified in Article 3 | | |

| Description of product | Working or processing, carried out | on non-originating materials, which |
|---------------------------------------|---|--|
| | confers origi | inating status |
| (2) | (3) 0 | r (4) |
| - Multichips which are parts of | Manufacture in which the value of | |
| machinery or apparatus, not | all the materials used does not | |
| specified or included elsewhere | exceed 40 % of the ex-works price | |
| in this Chapter | of the product | |
| - Other | Manufacture in which: | Manufacture in which the value of |
| | | all the materials used does not |
| | | exceed 25 % of the ex-works price |
| | | of the product |
| | | of the product |
| | · · | |
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| | | |
| Insulated (including enamelled or | | |
| , - | | |
| , , , | | |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | • | |
| | | |
| _ | | |
| • | | |
| assembled with electric conductors | | |
| or fitted with connectors | | |
| Carbon electrodes, carbon brushes, | Manufacture in which the value of | |
| | all the materials used does not | |
| | exceed 40 % of the ex-works price | |
| carbon, with or without metal, of a | of the product | |
| kind used for electrical purposes | | |
| Electrical insulators of any | Manufacture in which the value of | |
| material | all the materials used does not | |
| | exceed 40 % of the ex-works price | |
| | of the product | |
| | (2) - Multichips which are parts of machinery or apparatus, not specified or included elsewhere in this Chapter - Other Insulated (including enamelled or anodised) wire, cable (including coaxial cable) and other insulated electric conductors, whether or not fitted with connectors; optical fibre cables, made up of individually sheathed fibres, whether or not assembled with electric conductors or fitted with connectors Carbon electrodes, carbon brushes, lamp carbons, battery carbons and other articles of graphite or other carbon, with or without metal, of a kind used for electrical purposes Electrical insulators of any | confers orig (2) - Multichips which are parts of machinery or apparatus, not specified or included elsewhere in this Chapter - Other Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product Manufacture in which: - the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product, and - within the above limit, the value of all the materials of headings 8541 and 8542 used does not exceed 10 % of the ex-works price of the product Insulated (including enamelled or anodised) wire, cable (including coaxial cable) and other insulated electric conductors, whether or not fitted with connectors; optical fibre cables, made up of individually sheathed fibres, whether or not assembled with electric conductors or fitted with connectors Carbon electrodes, carbon brushes, lamp carbons, battery carbons and other articles of graphite or other carbon, with or without metal, of a kind used for electrical purposes Electrical insulators of any material Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product |

| HS heading | Description of product | Working or processing, carried out | on non-originating materials, which |
|------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| | | confers originating status | |
| (1) | (2) | (3) 0 | r (4) |
| 8547 | Insulating fittings for electrical | Manufacture in which the value of | |
| | machines, appliances or | all the materials used does not | |
| | equipment, being fittings wholly of | exceed 40 % of the ex-works price | |
| | insulating materials apart from any | of the product | |
| | minor components of metal (for | | |
| | example, threaded sockets) | | |
| | incorporated during moulding | | |
| | solely for purposes of assembly, | | |
| | other than insulators of | | |
| | heading 8546; electrical conduit | | |
| | tubing and joints therefor, of base | | |
| | metal lined with insulating | | |
| | material | | |
| 8548 | Waste and scrap of primary cells, | | |
| | primary batteries and electric | | |
| | accumulators; spent primary cells, | | |
| | spent primary batteries and spent | | |
| | electric accumulators; electrical | | |
| | parts of machinery or apparatus, | | |
| | not specified or included elsewhere | | |
| | in this Chapter | | |
| | - Electronic microassemblies | Manufacture in which: | Manufacture in which the value of |
| | | - the value of all the materials used | all the materials used does not |
| | | does not exceed 40 % of the ex- | exceed 25 % of the ex-works price |
| | | works price of the product, and | of the product |
| | | - within the above limit, the value | |
| | | of all the materials of | |
| | | headings 8541 and 8542 used | |
| | | does not exceed 10 % of the ex- | |
| | | works price of the product | |
| | - Other | Manufacture in which the value of | |
| | | all the materials used does not | |
| | | exceed 40 % of the ex-works price | |
| | | of the product | |

| HS heading | Description of product | Working or processing, carried out | on non-originating materials, which |
|---------------|---|---|--|
| | | confers origi | inating status |
| (1) | (2) | (3) 0 | r (4) |
| ex Chapter 86 | Railway or tramway locomotives, rolling-stock and parts thereof; railway or tramway track fixtures and fittings and parts thereof; mechanical (including electromechanical) traffic signalling | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product | |
| 8608 | equipment of all kinds; except for: Railway or tramway track fixtures and fittings; mechanical (including electromechanical) signalling, safety or traffic control equipment for railways, tramways, roads, inland waterways, parking facilities, port installations or airfields; parts of the foregoing | Manufacture: - from materials of any heading, except that of the product, and - in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product |
| ex Chapter 87 | Vehicles other than railway or | Manufacture in which the value of | |
| 8709 | tramway rolling-stock, and parts and accessories thereof; except for: Works trucks, self-propelled, not | all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product Manufacture: | Manufacture in which the value of |
| | fitted with lifting or handling equipment, of the type used in factories, warehouses, dock areas or airports for short distance transport of goods; tractors of the type used on railway station platforms; parts of the foregoing vehicles | from materials of any heading, except that of the product, and in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product | all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product |
| 8710 | Tanks and other armoured fighting vehicles, motorized, whether or not fitted with weapons, and parts of such vehicles | Manufacture: - from materials of any heading, except that of the product, and - in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product |

| HS heading | Description of product | Working or processing, carried out | on non-originating materials, which |
|------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| | | confers originating status | |
| (1) | (2) | (3) 0 | r (4) |
| 8711 | Motorcycles (including mopeds) | | |
| | and cycles fitted with an auxiliary | | |
| | motor, with or without side-cars; | | |
| | side-cars: | | |
| | - With reciprocating internal | | |
| | combustion piston engine of a | | |
| | cylinder capacity: | | |
| | Not exceeding 50 cm ³ | Manufacture in which: | Manufacture in which the value of |
| | | - the value of all the materials used | all the materials used does not |
| | | does not exceed 40 % of the ex- | exceed 20 % of the ex-works price |
| | | works price of the product, and | of the product |
| | | - the value of all the non- | |
| | | originating materials used does | |
| | | not exceed the value of all the | |
| | | originating materials used | |
| | Exceeding 50 cm ³ | Manufacture in which: | Manufacture in which the value of |
| | | - the value of all the materials used | all the materials used does not |
| | | does not exceed 40 % of the ex- | exceed 25 % of the ex-works price |
| | | works price of the product, and | of the product |
| | | - the value of all the non- | |
| | | originating materials used does | |
| | | not exceed the value of all the | |
| | | originating materials used | |
| | - Other | Manufacture in which: | Manufacture in which the value of |
| | | - the value of all the materials used | all the materials used does not |
| | | does not exceed 40 % of the ex- | exceed 30 % of the ex-works price |
| | | works price of the product, and | of the product |
| | | - the value of all the non- | |
| | | originating materials used does | |
| | | not exceed the value of all the | |
| | | originating materials used | |
| ex 8712 | Bicycles without ball bearings | Manufacture from materials of any | Manufacture in which the value of |
| | | heading, except those of | all the materials used does not |
| | | heading 8714 | exceed 30 % of the ex-works price |
| | | | of the product |

| HS heading | Description of product | Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which confers originating status | |
|---------------|---|--|--|
| | | | |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | or (4) |
| 8715 | Baby carriages and parts thereof | Manufacture: - from materials of any heading, except that of the product, and - in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product |
| 8716 | Trailers and semi-trailers; other vehicles, not mechanically propelled; parts thereof | product Manufacture: - from materials of any heading, except that of the product, and - in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product |
| ex Chapter 88 | Aircraft, spacecraft, and parts thereof; except for: | Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product |
| ex 8804 | Rotochutes | Manufacture from materials of any heading, including other materials of heading 8804 | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product |
| 8805 | Aircraft launching gear; deck- arrestor or similar gear; ground flying trainers; parts of the foregoing articles | Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product |
| Chapter 89 | Ships, boats and floating structures | Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product. However, hulls of heading 8906 may not be used | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product |
| ex Chapter 90 | Optical, photographic, cinematographic, measuring, checking, precision, medical or surgical instruments and apparatus; parts and accessories thereof; except for: | Manufacture: - from materials of any heading, except that of the product, and - in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product |

| HS heading | Description of product | Working or processing, carried out | on non-originating materials, which |
|------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| | | confers orig | inating status |
| (1) | (2) | (3) 0 | or (4) |
| 9001 | Optical fibres and optical fibre | Manufacture in which the value of | |
| | bundles; optical fibre cables other | all the materials used does not | |
| | than those of heading 8544; sheets | exceed 40 % of the ex-works price | |
| | and plates of polarizing material; | of the product | |
| | lenses (including contact lenses), | | |
| | prisms, mirrors and other optical | | |
| | elements, of any material, | | |
| | unmounted, other than such | | |
| | elements of glass not optically | | |
| | worked | | |
| 9002 | Lenses, prisms, mirrors and other | Manufacture in which the value of | |
| | optical elements, of any material, | all the materials used does not | |
| | mounted, being parts of or fittings | exceed 40 % of the ex-works price | |
| | for instruments or apparatus, other | of the product | |
| | than such elements of glass not | | |
| | optically worked | | |
| 9004 | Spectacles, goggles and the like, | Manufacture in which the value of | |
| | corrective, protective or other | all the materials used does not | |
| | | exceed 40% of the ex-works price | |
| | | of the product | |
| ex 9005 | Binoculars, monoculars, other | Manufacture: | Manufacture in which the value of |
| | optical telescopes, and mountings | - from materials of any heading, | all the materials used does not |
| | therefor, except for astronomical | except that of the product, | exceed 30 % of the ex-works price |
| | refracting telescopes and | - in which the value of all the | of the product |
| | mountings therefor | materials used does not exceed | |
| | | 40 % of the ex-works price of the | |
| | | product; and | |
| | | - in which the value of all the non- | |
| | | originating materials used does | |
| | | not exceed the value of all the | |
| | | originating materials used | |

| HS heading | Description of product | Working or processing, carried out | on non-originating materials, which |
|------------|--|--|--|
| | | confers originating status | |
| (1) | (2) | (3) 0 | or (4) |
| ex 9006 | Photographic (other than cinematographic) cameras; photographic flashlight apparatus and flashbulbs other than electrically ignited flashbulbs | Manufacture: - from materials of any heading, except that of the product, - in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product, and - in which the value of all the non- originating materials used does | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product |
| 9007 | Cinematographic cameras and projectors, whether or not incorporating sound recording or reproducing apparatus | not exceed the value of all the originating materials used Manufacture: - from materials of any heading, except that of the product, - in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product, and - in which the value of all the non-originating materials used does not exceed the value of all the originating materials used | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product |
| 9011 | Compound optical microscopes, including those for photomicrography, cinephotomicrography or microprojection | Manufacture: - from materials of any heading, except that of the product, - in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product, and - in which the value of all the non-originating materials used does not exceed the value of all the originating materials used | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product |
| ex 9014 | Other navigational instruments and appliances | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product | |

| HS heading | Description of product | | on non-originating materials, which |
|------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| | | confers originating status | |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | or (4) |
| 9015 | Surveying (including | Manufacture in which the value of | |
| | photogrammetrical surveying), | all the materials used does not | |
| | hydrographic, oceanographic, | exceed 40 % of the ex-works price | |
| | hydrological, meteorological or | of the product | |
| | geophysical instruments and | | |
| | appliances, excluding compasses; | | |
| | rangefinders | | |
| 9016 | Balances of a sensitivity of 5 cg or | Manufacture in which the value of | |
| | better, with or without weights | all the materials used does not | |
| | | exceed 40 % of the ex-works price | |
| | | of the product | |
| 9017 | Drawing, marking-out or | Manufacture in which the value of | |
| | mathematical calculating | all the materials used does not | |
| | instruments (for example, drafting | exceed 40 % of the ex-works price | |
| | machines, pantographs, | of the product | |
| | protractors, drawing sets, slide | | |
| | rules, disc calculators); instruments | | |
| | for measuring length, for use in the | | |
| | hand (for example, measuring rods | | |
| | and tapes, micrometers, callipers), | | |
| | not specified or included elsewhere | | |
| | in this chapter | | |
| 9018 | Instruments and appliances used in | | |
| | medical, surgical, dental or | | |
| | veterinary sciences, including | | |
| | scintigraphic apparatus, other | | |
| | electro-medical apparatus and | | |
| | sight-testing instruments: | | |
| | - Dentists' chairs incorporating | Manufacture from materials of any | Manufacture in which the value of |
| | dental appliances or dentists' | heading, including other materials | all the materials used does not |
| | spittoons | of heading 9018 | exceed 40 % of the ex-works price |
| | | | of the product |

| HS heading | Description of product | Working or processing, carried out | on non-originating materials, which |
|------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| | | confers origi | nating status |
| (1) | (2) | (3) 0 | r (4) |
| | - Other | Manufacture: | Manufacture in which the value of |
| | | - from materials of any heading, | all the materials used does not |
| | | except that of the product, and | exceed 25 % of the ex-works price |
| | | - in which the value of all the | of the product |
| | | materials used does not exceed | |
| | | 40 % of the ex-works price of the | |
| | | product | |
| 9019 | Mechano-therapy appliances; | Manufacture: | Manufacture in which the value of |
| | massage apparatus; psychological | - from materials of any heading, | all the materials used does not |
| | aptitude-testing apparatus; ozone | except that of the product, and | exceed 25 % of the ex-works price |
| | therapy, oxygen therapy, aerosol | - in which the value of all the | of the product |
| | therapy, artificial respiration or | materials used does not exceed | |
| | other therapeutic respiration | 40 % of the ex-works price of the | |
| | apparatus | product | |
| 9020 | Other breathing appliances and gas | Manufacture: | Manufacture in which the value of |
| | masks, excluding protective masks | - from materials of any heading, | all the materials used does not |
| | having neither mechanical parts | except that of the product, and | exceed 25 % of the ex-works price |
| | nor replaceable filters | - in which the value of all the | of the product |
| | | materials used does not exceed | |
| | | 40 % of the ex-works price of the | |
| | | product | |
| 9024 | Machines and appliances for | Manufacture in which the value of | |
| | testing the hardness, strength, | all the materials used does not | |
| | compressibility, elasticity or other | exceed 40 % of the ex-works price | |
| | mechanical properties of materials | of the product | |
| | (for example, metals, wood, | | |
| | textiles, paper, plastics) | | |
| 9025 | Hydrometers and similar floating | Manufacture in which the value of | |
| | instruments, thermometers, | all the materials used does not | |
| | pyrometers, barometers, | exceed 40 % of the ex-works price | |
| | hygrometers and psychrometers, | of the product | |
| | recording or not, and any | | |
| | combination of these instruments | | |

| HS heading | Description of product | Working or processing, carried out | on non-originating materials, which |
|------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| | | confers orig | inating status |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | or (4) |
| 9026 | Instruments and apparatus for | Manufacture in which the value of | |
| | measuring or checking the flow, | all the materials used does not | |
| | level, pressure or other variables of | exceed 40 % of the ex-works price | |
| | liquids or gases (for example, flow | of the product | |
| | meters, level gauges, manometers, | | |
| | heat meters), excluding | | |
| | instruments and apparatus of | | |
| | heading 9014, 9015, 9028 or 9032 | | |
| 9027 | Instruments and apparatus for | Manufacture in which the value of | |
| | physical or chemical analysis (for | all the materials used does not | |
| | example, polarimeters, | exceed 40 % of the ex-works price | |
| | refractometers, spectrometers, gas | of the product | |
| | or smoke analysis apparatus); | | |
| | instruments and apparatus for | | |
| | measuring or checking viscosity, | | |
| | porosity, expansion, surface | | |
| | tension or the like; instruments and | | |
| | apparatus for measuring or | | |
| | checking quantities of heat, sound | | |
| | or light (including exposure | | |
| | meters); microtomes | | |
| 9028 | Gas, liquid or electricity supply or | | |
| | production meters, including | | |
| | calibrating meters therefor: | | |
| | - Parts and accessories | Manufacture in which the value of | |
| | | all the materials used does not | |
| | | exceed 40 % of the ex-works price | |
| | | of the product | |
| | - Other | Manufacture in which: | Manufacture in which the value of |
| | | - the value of all the materials used | all the materials used does not |
| | | does not exceed 40 % of the ex- | exceed 30 % of the ex-works price |
| | | works price of the product, and | of the product |
| | | - the value of all the non- | |
| | | originating materials used does | |
| | | not exceed the value of all the | |
| | | originating materials used | |

| HS heading | Description of product | Working or processing, carried out on t | |
|---------------|--------------------------------------|---|-----|
| | | confers originati | |
| (1) | (2) | (3) or | (4) |
| 9029 | Revolution counters, production | Manufacture in which the value of | |
| | counters, taximeters, mileometers, | all the materials used does not | |
| | pedometers and the like; speed | exceed 40 % of the ex-works price | |
| | indicators and tachometers, other | of the product | |
| | than those of heading 9014 | | |
| | or 9015; stroboscopes | | |
| 9030 | Oscilloscopes, spectrum analysers | Manufacture in which the value of | |
| | and other instruments and | all the materials used does not | |
| | apparatus for measuring or | exceed 40 % of the ex-works price | |
| | checking electrical quantities, | of the product | |
| | excluding meters of heading 9028; | | |
| | instruments and apparatus for | | |
| | measuring or detecting alpha, beta, | | |
| | gamma, X-ray, cosmic or other | | |
| | ionizing radiations | | |
| 9031 | Measuring or checking | Manufacture in which the value of | |
| | instruments, appliances and | all the materials used does not | |
| | machines, not specified or included | exceed 40 % of the ex-works price | |
| | elsewhere in this chapter; profile | of the product | |
| | projectors | | |
| 9032 | Automatic regulating or | Manufacture in which the value of | |
| | controlling instruments and | all the materials used does not | |
| | apparatus | exceed 40 % of the ex-works price | |
| | | of the product | |
| 9033 | Parts and accessories (not specified | Manufacture in which the value of | |
| | or included elsewhere in this | all the materials used does not | |
| | chapter) for machines, appliances, | exceed 40 % of the ex-works price | |
| | instruments or apparatus of | of the product | |
| | Chapter 90 | | |
| ex Chapter 91 | Clocks and watches and parts | Manufacture in which the value of | |
| - | thereof; except for: | all the materials used does not | |
| | | exceed 40 % of the ex-works price | |
| | | of the product | |

| HS heading | Description of product | Working or processing, carried out | on non-originating materials, which |
|------------|---|---|--|
| | | confers originating status | |
| (1) | (2) | (3) 0 | r (4) |
| 9105 | Other clocks | Manufacture in which: - the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex- | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price |
| | | works price of the product, and - the value of all the non- originating materials used does not exceed the value of all the originating materials used | of the product |
| 9109 | Clock movements, complete and assembled | Manufacture in which: - the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the exworks price of the product, and - the value of all the non-originating materials used does not exceed the value of all the originating materials used | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product |
| 9110 | Complete watch or clock movements, unassembled or partly assembled (movement sets); incomplete watch or clock movements, assembled; rough watch or clock movements | Manufacture in which: - the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the exworks price of the product, and - within the above limit, the value of all the materials of heading 9114 used does not exceed 10 % of the ex-works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product |
| 9111 | Watch cases and parts thereof | Manufacture: - from materials of any heading, except that of the product, and - in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product |
| 9112 | Clock cases and cases of a similar type for other goods of this chapter, and parts thereof | Manufacture: - from materials of any heading, except that of the product, and - in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product |

| HS heading | Description of product | Working or processing, carried out | on non-originating materials, which | | |
|---------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|
| | | confers origi | confers originating status | | |
| (1) | (2) | (3) 0 | r (4) | | |
| 9113 | Watch straps, watch bands and | | | | |
| | watch bracelets, and parts thereof: | | | | |
| | - Of base metal, whether or not | Manufacture in which the value of | | | |
| | gold- or silver-plated, or of metal | all the materials used does not | | | |
| | clad with precious metal | exceed 40 % of the ex-works price | | | |
| | | of the product | | | |
| | - Other | Manufacture in which the value of | | | |
| | | all the materials used does not | | | |
| | | exceed 50 % of the ex-works price | | | |
| | | of the product | | | |
| Chapter 92 | Musical instruments; parts and | Manufacture in which the value of | | | |
| | accessories of such articles | all the materials used does not | | | |
| | | exceed 40 % of the ex-works price | | | |
| | | of the product | | | |
| Chapter 93 | Arms and ammunition; parts and | Manufacture in which the value of | | | |
| | accessories thereof | all the materials used does not | | | |
| | | exceed 50 % of the ex-works price | | | |
| | | of the product | | | |
| ex Chapter 94 | Furniture; bedding, mattresses, | Manufacture from materials of any | Manufacture in which the value of | | |
| | mattress supports, cushions and | heading, except that of the product | all the materials used does not | | |
| | similar stuffed furnishings; lamps | | exceed 40 % of the ex-works price | | |
| | and lighting fittings, not elsewhere | | of the product | | |
| | specified or included; illuminated | | | | |
| | signs, illuminated name-plates and | | | | |
| | the like; prefabricated buildings; | | | | |
| | except for: | | | | |
| ex 9401 and | Base metal furniture, incorporating | Manufacture from materials of any | Manufacture in which the value of | | |
| ex 9403 | unstuffed cotton cloth of a weight | heading, except that of the product | all the materials used does not | | |
| | of 300 g/m ² or less | or | exceed 40 % of the ex-works price | | |
| | | Manufacture from cotton cloth | of the product | | |
| | | already made up in a form ready | | | |
| | | for use with materials of | | | |
| | | heading 9401 or 9403, provided | | | |
| | | that: | | | |

| HS heading | Description of product | Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which |
|---------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| | | confers originating status |
| (1) | (2) | (3) or (4) |
| | | - the value of the cloth does not |
| | | exceed 25 % of the ex-works |
| | | price of the product, and |
| | | - all the other materials used are |
| | | originating and are classified in a |
| | | heading other than heading 9401 |
| | | or 9403 |
| 9405 | Lamps and lighting fittings | Manufacture in which the value of |
| | including searchlights and | all the materials used does not |
| | spotlights and parts thereof, not | exceed 50 % of the ex-works price |
| | elsewhere specified or included; | of the product |
| | illuminated signs, illuminated | |
| | name-plates and the like, having a | |
| | permanently fixed light source, and | |
| | parts thereof not elsewhere | |
| | specified or included | |
| 9406 | Prefabricated buildings | Manufacture in which the value of |
| | | all the materials used does not |
| | | exceed 50 % of the ex-works price |
| | | of the product |
| ex Chapter 95 | Toys, games and sports requisites; | Manufacture from materials of any |
| | parts and accessories thereof; | heading, except that of the product |
| | except for: | |
| ex 9503 | Other toys; reduced-size ("scale") | Manufacture: |
| | models and similar recreational | - from materials of any heading, |
| | models, working or not; puzzles of | except that of the product, and |
| | all kinds | - in which the value of all the |
| | | materials used does not exceed |
| | | 50 % of the ex-works price of the |
| | | product |
| ex 9506 | Golf clubs and parts thereof | Manufacture from materials of any |
| | | heading, except that of the product. |
| | | However, roughly-shaped blocks |
| | | for making golf-club heads may be |
| | | used |

| HS heading | Description of product | Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which |
|---------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| | | confers originating status |
| (1) | (2) | (3) or (4) |
| ex Chapter 96 | Miscellaneous manufactured | Manufacture from materials of any |
| | articles; except for: | heading, except that of the product |
| ex 9601 and | Articles of animal, vegetable or | Manufacture from "worked" |
| ex 9602 | mineral carving materials | carving materials of the same |
| | | heading as the product |
| ex 9603 | Brooms and brushes (except for | Manufacture in which the value of |
| | besoms and the like and brushes | all the materials used does not |
| | made from marten or squirrel hair), | exceed 50 % of the ex-works price |
| | hand-operated mechanical floor | of the product |
| | sweepers, not motorized, paint | |
| | pads and rollers, squeegees and | |
| | mops | |
| 9605 | Travel sets for personal toilet, | Each item in the set must satisfy |
| | sewing or shoe or clothes cleaning | the rule which would apply to it if |
| | | it were not included in the set. |
| | | However, non-originating articles |
| | | may be incorporated, provided that |
| | | their total value does not exceed |
| | | 15% of the ex-works price of the |
| | | set |
| 9606 | Buttons, press-fasteners, snap- | Manufacture: |
| | fasteners and press-studs, button | - from materials of any heading, |
| | moulds and other parts of these | except that of the product, and |
| | articles; button blanks | - in which the value of all the |
| | | materials used does not exceed |
| | | 50 % of the ex-works price of the |
| | | product |
| 9608 | Ball-point pens; felt-tipped and | Manufacture from materials of any |
| | other porous-tipped pens and | heading, except that of the product. |
| | markers; fountain pens, stylograph | However, nibs or nib-points of the |
| | pens and other pens; duplicating | same heading as the product may |
| | stylos; propelling or sliding | be used |
| | pencils; pen-holders, pencil- | |
| | holders and similar holders; parts | |
| | (including caps and clips) of the | |
| | foregoing articles, other than those | |
| | of heading 9609 | |

| HS heading | Description of product | Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which |
|------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| | | confers originating status |
| (1) | (2) | (3) or (4) |
| 9612 | Typewriter or similar ribbons, | Manufacture: |
| | inked or otherwise prepared for | - from materials of any heading, |
| | giving impressions, whether or not | except that of the product, and |
| | on spools or in cartridges; ink- | - in which the value of all the |
| | pads, whether or not inked, with or | materials used does not exceed |
| | without boxes | 50 % of the ex-works price of the |
| | | product |
| ex 9613 | Lighters with piezo-igniter | Manufacture in which the value of |
| | | all the materials of heading 9613 |
| | | used does not exceed 30 % of the |
| | | ex-works price of the product |
| ex 9614 | Smoking pipes and pipe bowls | Manufacture from roughly-shaped |
| | | blocks |
| Chapter 97 | Works of art, collectors' pieces and | Manufacture from materials of any |
| | antiques | heading, except that of the product |

- (1) For the special conditions relating to "specific Processes", see Introductory Notes 7.1 and 7.3.
- (2) For the special conditions relating to "specific Processes", see Introductory Notes 7.2.
- Note 3 to Chapter 32 says that these preparations are those of a kind used for colouring any material or used as ingredients in the manufacture of colouring preparations, provided that they are not classified in another heading in Chapter 32.
- (4) A "group" is regarded as any part of the heading separated from the rest by a semicolon.
- (5) In the case of the products composed of materials classified within both headings 3901 to 3906, on the one hand, and within heading 3907 to 3911, on the other hand, this restriction only applies to that group of materials which predominates by weight in the product.
- (6) The following foils shall be considered as highly transparent: foils, the optical dimming of which, measured according to ASTM-D 1003-16 by Gardner Hazemeter (i.e. Hazefactor), is less than 2%.
- (7) For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5.
- (8) The use of this material is restricted to the manufacture of woven fabrics of a kind used in paper-making machinery.
- (9) See Introductory Note 6.
- (10) For knitted or crocheted articles, not elastic or rubberised, obtained by sewing or assembling pieces of knitted or crocheted fabrics (cut out or knitted directly to shape), see Introductory Note 6.
- (11) SEMI Semiconductor Equipment and Materials Institute Incorporated.

SPECIMENS OF MOVEMENT CERTIFICATE EUR.1 AND APPLICATION FOR A MOVEMENT CERTIFICATE EUR.1

Printing instructions

- 1. Each form shall measure 210 x 297 mm; a tolerance of up to minus 5 mm or plus 8 mm in the length may be allowed. The paper used must be white, sized for writing, not containing mechanical pulp and weighing not less than 25 g/m^2 . It shall have a printed green guilloche pattern background making any falsification by mechanical or chemical means apparent to the eye.
- 2. The competent authorities of the Contracting Parties may reserve the right to print the forms themselves or may have them printed by approved printers. In the latter case, each form shall include a reference to such approval. Each form shall bear the name and address of the printer or a mark by which the printer can be identified. It shall also bear a serial number, either printed or not, by which it can be identified.

MOVEMENT CERTIFICATE

| 1. | Exporter (Name, full address, country) | EUR.1 No A 000.000 | | | | |
|--------------|---|---|--|--|-----------|--|
| | | See notes overleaf before completing this form. | | | | |
| | | 2. | Certificate use | d in preferential trac | le betwee | n |
| | | | | ar | ıd | |
| 3. | Consignee (Name, full address, country) (Optional) | | *************************************** | propriate countries, g | | ountries or territories) |
| | | 4. | Country, group territory in whic considered as | the products are | | untry, group of countries or itory of destination |
| | | | | | | |
| 6. | Transport details (Optional) | 7. | Remarks | 100000 | A | |
| | | | | | | |
| 8. | Item number; Marks and numbers; Number and k Description of goods | ind o | of packages (1); | Gross mass (kg other measure (m³, etc.) | | 10. Invoices (Optional) |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| 11. | CUSTOMS ENDORSEMENT | | | 12. DECLARATIO | N BY THE | EXPORTER |
| | Declaration certified Export document (2) | | | | | re that the goods described as required for the issue of this |
| | Form No Of Customs office Issuing country or territory | 1 | Stamp | | | |
| | (Place and date) (Signature) | | | | | signature) |
| (¹) - (²) | If goods are not packed, indicate number of articles or state Complete only where the regulations of the exporting coun | in b | oulk' as appropriate. | <u> </u> | | |

| 13. REQUEST FOR VERIFICATION, to | 14. RESULT OF VERIFICATION |
|---|--|
| | Verification carried out shows that this certificate (¹) |
| | was issued by the customs office indicated and that the information contained therein is accurate. |
| | does not meet the requirements as to authenticity and accuracy (see remarks appended). |
| Verification of the authenticity and accuracy of this certificate is requested. | |
| (Place and date) | (Place and date) |
| (Signature) | (Signature) |
| | (¹) Insert X in the appropriate box. |

NOTES

- Certificate must not contain erasures or words written over one another. Any alterations must be made by deleting the incorrect
 particulars and adding any necessary corrections. Any such alteration must be initialled by the person who completed the certificate
 and endorsed by the Customs authorities of the issuing country or territory.
- 2. No spaces must be left between the items entered on the certificate and each item must be preceded by an item number. A horizontal line must be drawn immediately below the last item. Any unused space must be struck through in such a manner as to make any later additions impossible.
- 3. Goods must be described in accordance with commercial practice and with sufficient detail to enable them to be identified.

APPLICATION FOR A MOVEMENT CERTIFICATE

| Exporter (Name, full address, country) | EUR.1 No A 000.000 | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| | See notes overleaf before completing this form. | | | | |
| | Application for a certificate to be used in preferential trade between | | | | |
| | and | | | | |
| Consignee (Name, full address, country) (Optional) | (Insert appropriate countries or groups of countries or territories) | | | | |
| | Country, group of countries or territory in which the products are considered as originating S. Country, group of countries or territory of destination | | | | |
| . Transport details (Optional) | 7. Remarks | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Item number; Marks and numbers; Number an Description of goods | nd kind of packages (¹), 9. Gross mass (kg) or other measure (litres, m³, etc.) 10. Invoices (Optional) | | | | |
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| | | | | | |
| 1) If goods are not packed, indicate number of articles or | state 'in bulk' as appropriate. | | | | |

DECLARATION BY THE EXPORTER

I, the undersigned, exporter of the goods described overleaf, DECLARE that the goods meet the conditions required for the issue of the attached certificate; SPECIFY as follows the circumstances which have enabled these goods to meet the above conditions: SUBMIT the following supporting documents (1): UNDERTAKE to submit, at the request of the appropriate authorities, any supporting evidence which these authorities may require for the purpose of issuing the attached certificate, and undertake, if required, to agree to any inspection of my accounts and to any check on the processes of manufacture of the above goods, carried out by the said authorities; REQUEST the issue of the attached certificate for these goods. (Place and date) (Signature)

⁽¹⁾ For example: import documents, movement certificates, invoices, manufacturer's declarations, etc., referring to the products used in manufacture or to the goods re-exported in the same state.

SPECIMENS OF MOVEMENT CERTIFICATE EUR-MED AND APPLICATION FOR A MOVEMENT CERTIFICATE EUR-MED

Printing instructions

- 1. Each form shall measure 210 x 297 mm; a tolerance of up to minus 5 mm or plus 8 mm in the length may be allowed. The paper used shall be white, sized for writing, not containing mechanical pulp and weighing not less than 25 g/m². It shall have a printed green guilloche pattern background making any falsification by mechanical or chemical means apparent to the eye.
- 2. The competent authorities of the Contracting Parties may reserve the right to print the forms themselves or may have them printed by approved printers. In the latter case, each form shall include a reference to such approval. Each form shall bear the name and address of the printer or a mark by which the printer can be identified. It shall also bear a serial number, either printed or not, by which it can be identified.

MOVEMENT CERTIFICATE

| See notes overleaf before completing this form. 2. Certificate used in preferential trade between and (Insert appropriate countries, groups of countries or territories) 4. Country, group of countries or territory in which the products are considered as originating 5. Country, group of destination 7. Remarks | EUR-MED No A 000.000 | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|
| 3. Consignee (Name, full address, country) (Optional) 4. Country, group of countries or territory in which the products are considered as originating 5. Country, group of countries or territory of destination | | | | |
| 3. Consignee (Name, full address, country) (Optional) 4. Country, group of countries or territory in which the products are considered as originating 5. Country, group of destination | | | | |
| Consignee (Name, full address, country) (Optional) (Insert appropriate countries, groups of countries or territories) 4. Country, group of countries or territory in which the products are considered as originating 5. Country, group of countries or territory of destination | *************************************** | | | |
| territory in which the products are considered as originating | | | | |
| C. Transport details (Ontional) 7. Remarks | as or | | | |
| C. Transport details (Optional) 7. Remarks | | | | |
| 6. Transport details (Optional) 7. Remarks | | | | |
| ☐ Cumulation applied with | | | | |
| 8. Item number; Marks and numbers; Number and kind of packages (¹); 9. Gross mass (kg) or other measure (litres, m³, etc.) 10. Invoices (Optional) | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| 11. CUSTOMS ENDORSEMENT 12. DECLARATION BY THE EXPORTER | | | | |
| Declaration certified I, the undersigned, declare that the goods descril above meet the conditions required for the issue certificate. Form | ed of this | | | |
| Of | | | | |
| Issuing country or territory (Place and date) | | | | |
| (Place and date) (Signature) (Signature) (Signature) (Signature) | | | | |

| 13. REQUEST FOR VERIFICATION, to | 14. RESULT OF VERIFICATION |
|---|--|
| | Verification carried out shows that this certificate (1) |
| | was issued by the customs office indicated and that the information contained therein is accurate. |
| | does not meet the requirements as to authenticity and accuracy (see remarks appended). |
| Verification of the authenticity and accuracy of this certificate is requested. | |
| (Place and date) Stamp (Signature) | (Place and date) I Stamp (Signature) |
| | (¹) Insert X in the appropriate box. |

NOTES

- Certificate must not contain erasures or words written over one another. Any alterations must be made by deleting the incorrect
 particulars and adding any necessary corrections. Any such alteration must be initialled by the person who completed the certificate
 and endorsed by the Customs authorities of the issuing country or territory.
- No spaces must be left between the items entered on the certificate and each item must be preceded by an item number. A horizontal line must be drawn immediately below the last item. Any unused space must be struck through in such a manner as to make any later additions impossible.
- 3. Goods must be described in accordance with commercial practice and with sufficient detail to enable them to be identified.

APPLICATION FOR A MOVEMENT CERTIFICATE

| 1. | Exporter (Name, full address, country) | | EUR-N | | JR-MED No A 000.000 | | |
|------|--|--------|----------------------|--|---------------------|--|--|
| | | | 5 | See notes overleaf befo | ore compl | eting this form. | |
| | | 2. | | or a certificate to be u | | referential trade between | |
| | | | | а | nd | | |
| . 3. | Consignee (Name, full address, country) (Optional) | | | propriate countries or | | countries or territories) | |
| | | 4. | territory in wh | p of countries or lich the products d as originating | | untry, group of countries or ritory of destination | |
| | | | | | | | |
| 6. | Transport details (Optional) | 7. | Remarks | | | | |
| | | | Cumulation a | pplied withountry/countries) | | | |
| | | | No cumulatio | | | | |
| 8. | Item number; Marks and numbers; Number and k Description of goods | ind o | of packages (1), | 9. Gross mass (kg other measure m³, etc.) | | 10. Invoices (Optional) | |
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| | | | | | | | |
| (1) | If goods are not packed, indicate number of articles or state | 'in bu | ılk' as appropriate. | | | | |

DECLARATION BY THE EXPORTER

I, the undersigned, exporter of the goods described overleaf, DECLARE that the goods meet the conditions required for the issue of the attached certificate;

| SPECIFY as follows the circumstances which have enabled these goods to meet the |
|---|
| above conditions: |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| SUBMIT the following supporting documents (¹): |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| UNDERTAKE to submit, at the request of the appropriate authorities, any supporting evidence |
| which these authorities may require for the purpose of issuing the attached certificate, and |
| undertake, if required, to agree to any inspection of my accounts and to any check on the processes |
| of manufacture of the above goods, carried out by the said authorities; |
| REQUEST the issue of the attached certificate for these goods. |
| |
| (Place and date) |
| |
| (Signature) |
| |

⁽¹⁾ For example: import documents, movement certificates, invoices, manufacturer's declarations, etc., referring to the products used in manufacture or to the goods re-exported in the same state.

TEXT OF THE ORIGIN DECLARATION

The origin declaration, the text of which is given below, must be made out in accordance with the footnotes. However, the footnotes do not have to be reproduced.

Czech version

Vývozce výrobků uvedených v tomto dokumentu (číslo povolení ...⁽¹⁾) prohlašuje, že kromě zřetelně označených mají tyto výrobky preferenční původ v ...⁽²⁾.

Danish version

Eksportøren af varer, der er omfattet af nærværende dokument, (toldmyndighedernes tilladelse nr. ...⁽¹⁾), erklærer, at varerne, medmindre andet tydeligt er angivet, har præferenceoprindelse i ...⁽²⁾.

German version

Der Ausführer (Ermächtigter Ausführer; Bewilligungs-Nr. ...⁽¹⁾) der Waren, auf die sich dieses Handelspapier bezieht, erklärt, dass diese Waren, soweit nicht anderes angegeben, präferenzbegünstigte ...⁽²⁾ Ursprungswaren sind.

Estonian version

Käesoleva dokumendiga hõlmatud toodete eksportija (tolliameti kinnitus nr. ...⁽¹⁾) deklareerib, et need tooted on ...⁽²⁾ sooduspäritoluga, välja arvatud juhul kui on selgelt näidatud teisiti.

Greek version

Ο εξαγωγέας των προϊόντων που καλύπτονται από το παρόν έγγραφο (άδεια τελωνείου υπ΄αριθ. ... $^{(1)}$) δηλώνει ότι, εκτός εάν δηλώνεται σαφώς άλλως, τα προϊόντα αυτά είναι προτιμησιακής καταγωγής ... $^{(2)}$.

English version

The exporter of the products covered by this document (customs authorization No ...⁽¹⁾) declares that, except where otherwise clearly indicated, these products are of ...⁽²⁾ preferential origin.

French version

L'exportateur des produits couverts par le présent document (autorisation douanière n° ...⁽¹⁾) déclare que, sauf indication claire du contraire, ces produits ont l'origine préférentielle ...⁽²⁾.

Italian version

L'esportatore delle merci contemplate nel presente documento (autorizzazione doganale n. ...⁽¹⁾) dichiara che, salvo indicazione contraria, le merci sono di origine preferenziale ...⁽²⁾.

Latvian version

Eksportētājs produktiem, kuri ietverti šajā dokumentā (muitas pilnvara Nr. ...⁽¹⁾), deklarē, ka, izņemot tur, kur ir citādi skaidri noteikts, šiem produktiem ir priekšrocību izcelsme no ...⁽²⁾.

Lithuanian version

Šiame dokumente išvardintų prekių eksportuotojas (muitinės liudijimo Nr. ...⁽¹⁾) deklaruoja, kad, jeigu kitaip nenurodyta, tai yra ...⁽²⁾ preferencinės kilmės prekės.

Hungarian version

A jelen okmányban szereplő áruk exportőre (vámfelhatalmazási szám: ...⁽¹⁾) kijelentem, hogy eltérő egyértelmű jelzés hiányában az áruk kedvezményes ...⁽²⁾ származásúak.

Maltese version

L-esportatur tal-prodotti koperti b'dan id-dokument (awtorizzazzjoni tad-dwana nru. ...⁽¹⁾) jiddikjara li, hlief fejn indikat b'mod ĉar li mhux hekk, dawn il-prodotti huma ta' oriĝini preferenzjali ...⁽²⁾.

Montenegrin version

Извозник производа обухваћених овом исправом (царинско овлашћење бр.⁽¹⁾) изјављује да су, осим ако је то другачије изричито наведено, ови производи⁽²⁾ преференцијалног поријекла.

Dutch version

De exporteur van de goederen waarop dit document van toepassing is (douanevergunning nr. ...⁽¹⁾), verklaart dat, behoudens uitdrukkelijke andersluidende vermelding, deze goederen van preferentiële ... oorsprong zijn ⁽²⁾.

Polish version

Eksporter produktów objętych tym dokumentem (upoważnienie władz celnych nr ...⁽¹⁾) deklaruje, że z wyjątkiem gdzie jest to wyraźnie określone, produkty te mają ...⁽²⁾ preferencyjne pochodzenie.

Portuguese version

O abaixo assinado, exportador dos produtos cobertos pelo presente documento (autorização aduaneira nº ⁽¹⁾), declara que, salvo expressamente indicado em contrário, estes produtos são de origem preferencial ...⁽²⁾.

Romanian version

Exportatorul produselor ce fac obiectul acestui document (autorizația vamală nr. ...⁽¹⁾) declară că, exceptând cazul în care în mod expres este indicat altfel, aceste produse sunt de origine preferențială ...⁽²⁾.

Serbian version

Извозник производа обухваћених овом исправом (царинско овлашћење бр.⁽¹⁾) изјављује да су, осим ако је то другачије изричито наведено, ови производи⁽²⁾ преференцијалног порекла.

Slovenian version

Izvoznik blaga, zajetega s tem dokumentom (pooblastilo carinskih organov št ...⁽¹⁾) izjavlja, da, razen če ni drugače jasno navedeno, ima to blago preferencialno ...⁽²⁾ poreklo.

Slovak version

Vývozca výrobkov uvedených v tomto dokumente (číslo povolenia $\dots^{(1)}$) vyhlasuje, že okrem zreteľne označených, majú tieto výrobky preferenčný pôvod v $\dots^{(2)}$.

Finnish version

Tässä asiakirjassa mainittujen tuotteiden viejä (tullin lupa $n:o...^{(1)}$) ilmoittaa, että nämä tuotteet ovat, ellei toisin ole selvästi merkitty, etuuskohteluun oikeutettuja ... alkuperätuotteita $^{(2)}$.

Swedish version

Exportören av de varor som omfattas av detta dokument (tullmyndighetens tillstånd nr. ...⁽¹⁾) försäkrar att dessa varor, om inte annat tydligt markerats, har förmånsberättigande ... ursprung ⁽²⁾.

Arabic version يصرح مصدر المنتجات التي تشملها هذه الوثيقة (التصريــح الجمركــي رقـم(1)) بإستثناء ما ينص بوضوح على خلاف ذلك، بأن هذه المنتجات من منشأ تفضيلي من(2).

Hebrew version

היצואן של הטובין המכוסים במסמך זה (אישור מכס מס'.....¹) מצהיר כי מקורם של הטובין ה..... הללו מועדף, מלבד אם צויין אחרת במפורש.

Faeroese version

Ùtflytarin av vørunum, sum hetta skjal fevnir um (tollvaldsins loyvi nr. ...⁽¹⁾) váttar, at um ikki nakað annað er tilskilað, eru hesar vørur upprunavørur ...⁽²⁾.

Icelandic version

Útflytjandi framleiðsluvara sem skjal þetta tekur til (leyfi tollyfirvalda nr $\dots^{(1)}$), lýsir því yfir að vörurnar séu, ef annars er ekki greinilega getið, af \dots fríðindauppruna $\dots^{(2)}$.

Norwegian version

Eksportøren av produktene omfattet av dette dokument (tollmyndighetenes autorisasjons nr ...⁽¹⁾) erklærer at disse produktene, unntatt hvor annet er tydelig angitt, har ... preferanseopprinnelse ⁽²⁾.

Turkish version

| İşbu belge (gümrük onay No: ⁽¹⁾) kapsamındaki maddelerin ihracatçısı aksi açıkça belirtilmedikçe, bu maddelerin tercihli menşeli ⁽²⁾ maddeler olduğunu beyan eder. | |
|---|-----|
| (Place and date) | (3) |
| (4) | |
| (Signature of the exporter, in addition the name of the person signing the declaration has to be indicated in clear scrip | t) |

⁽¹⁾ When the origin declaration is made out by an approved exporter, the authorisation number of the approved exporter must be entered in this space. When the origin declaration is not made out by an approved exporter, the words in brackets shall be omitted or the space left blank.

Origin of products to be indicated. When the origin declaration relates in whole or in part, to products originating in Ceuta and Melilla, the exporter must clearly indicate them in the document on which the declaration is made out, by means of the symbol "CM".

⁽³⁾ These indications may be omitted if the information is contained on the document itself.

⁽⁴⁾ In cases where the exporter is not required to sign, the exemption of signature also implies the exemption of the name of the signatory.

TEXT OF THE ORIGIN DECLARATION EUR-MED

The origin declaration EUR-MED, the text of which is given below, must be made out in accordance with the footnotes. However, the footnotes do not have to be reproduced.

| Albanian version |
|---|
| Eksportuesi i produkteve të mbuluara nga ky dokument (autorizim doganor Nr |
| - cumulation applied with (name of the country/countries) - no cumulation applied (3) |
| Bosnian version |
| Izvoznik proizvoda obuhvaćenih ovom ispravom (carinsko ovlaštenje br |
| cumulation applied with (name of the country/countries) no cumulation applied ⁽³⁾ |
| Bulgarian version |
| Износителят на продуктите, обхванати от този документ (митническо разрешение № ⁽¹⁾) |
| декларира, че освен където ясно е отбелязано друго, тези продукти са с \dots преференциален произход $^{(2)}$. |
| - cumulation applied with(name of the country/countries) - no cumulation applied (3) |
| Spanish version |
| El exportador de los productos incluidos en el presente documento (autorización aduanera n° ⁽¹⁾ .) |
| declara que, salvo indicación en sentido contrario, estos productos gozan de un origen preferencial |
| - cumulation applied with(name of the country/countries) |
| - no cumulation applied ⁽³⁾ |

Croatian version

Izvoznik proizvoda obuhvaćenih ovom ispravom (carinsko ovlaštenje br.⁽¹⁾) izjavljuje da su, osim ako je to drugačije izričito navedeno, ovi proizvodi⁽²⁾ preferencijalnog podrijetla.

- cumulation applied with (name of the country/countries)
- no cumulation applied (3)

Czech version

Vývozce výrobků uvedených v tomto dokumentu (číslo povolení ...⁽¹⁾) prohlašuje, že kromě zřetelně označených mají tyto výrobky preferenční původ v ...⁽²⁾.

- cumulation applied with(name of the country/countries)
- no cumulation applied (3)

Danish version

Eksportøren af varer, der er omfattet af nærværende dokument, (toldmyndighedernes tilladelse nr. ...⁽¹⁾), erklærer, at varerne, medmindre andet tydeligt er angivet, har præferenceoprindelse i ...⁽²⁾.

- cumulation applied with(name of the country/countries)
- no cumulation applied (3)

German version

Der Ausführer (Ermächtigter Ausführer; Bewilligungs-Nr. ...⁽¹⁾) der Waren, auf die sich dieses Handelspapier bezieht, erklärt, dass diese Waren, soweit nicht anderes angegeben, präferenzbegünstigte ...⁽²⁾ Ursprungswaren sind.

- cumulation applied with(name of the country/countries)
- no cumulation applied (3)

Estonian version

Käesoleva dokumendiga hõlmatud toodete eksportija (tolliameti kinnitus nr. ...⁽¹⁾) deklareerib, et need tooted on ...⁽²⁾ sooduspäritoluga, välja arvatud juhul kui on selgelt näidatud teisiti.

- cumulation applied with(name of the country/countries)
- no cumulation applied (3)

Greek version

Ο εξαγωγέας των προϊόντων που καλύπτονται από το παρόν έγγραφο (άδεια τελωνείου υπ΄ αριθ. ... $^{(1)}$) δηλώνει ότι, εκτός εάν δηλώνεται σαφώς άλλως, τα προϊόντα αυτά είναι προτιμησιακής καταγωγής ... $^{(2)}$.

- cumulation applied with(name of the country/countries)
- no cumulation applied (3)

English version

The exporter of the products covered by this document (customs authorization No ...⁽¹⁾) declares that, except where otherwise clearly indicated, these products are of ...⁽²⁾ preferential origin.

- cumulation applied with(name of the country/countries)
- no cumulation applied (3)

French version

L'exportateur des produits couverts par le présent document (autorisation douanière n° ...⁽¹⁾) déclare que, sauf indication claire du contraire, ces produits ont l'origine préférentielle ...⁽²⁾.

- cumulation applied with(name of the country/countries)
- no cumulation applied (3)

Italian version

L'esportatore delle merci contemplate nel presente documento (autorizzazione doganale n. ...⁽¹⁾) dichiara che, salvo indicazione contraria, le merci sono di origine preferenziale⁽²⁾.

- cumulation applied with(name of the country/countries)
- no cumulation applied (3)

Latvian version

Eksportētājs produktiem, kuri ietverti šajā dokumentā (muitas pilnvara Nr. ...⁽¹⁾), deklarē, ka, izņemot tur, kur ir citādi skaidri noteikts, šiem produktiem ir priekšrocību izcelsme no ...⁽²⁾.

- cumulation applied with(name of the country/countries)
- no cumulation applied (3)

Lithuanian version

Šiame dokumente išvardintų prekių eksportuotojas (muitinės liudijimo Nr. ...⁽¹⁾) deklaruoja, kad, jeigu kitaip nenurodyta, tai yra ...⁽²⁾ preferencinės kilmės prekės.

- cumulation applied with(name of the country/countries)
- no cumulation applied (3)

Hungarian version

A jelen okmányban szereplő áruk exportőre (vámfelhatalmazási szám: ...⁽¹⁾) kijelentem, hogy eltérő egyértelmű jelzés hiányában az áruk kedvezményes ...⁽²⁾ származásúak.

- cumulation applied with(name of the country/countries)
- no cumulation applied (3)

| Version of the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia Извозникот на производите што ги покрива овој документ (царинско одобрение бр ⁽¹⁾) изјавува дека, освен ако тоа не е јасно поинаку назначено, овие производи се со |
|---|
| Maltese version L-esportatur tal-prodotti koperti b'dan id-dokument (awtorizzazzjoni tad-dwana nru ⁽¹⁾) jiddikjara li, ħlief fejn indikat b'mod ċar li mhux hekk, dawn il-prodotti huma ta' oriġini preferenzjali ⁽²⁾ cumulation applied with(name of the country/countries) - no cumulation applied ⁽³⁾ |
| Montenegrin version Извозник производа обухваћених овом исправом (царинско овлашћење бр ⁽¹⁾) изјављује да су, осим ако је то другачије изричито наведено, ови производи ⁽²⁾ преференцијалног поријекла. |
| Izvoznik proizvoda obuhvaćenih ovom ispravom (carinsko ovlašćenje br |
| Dutch version De exporteur van de goederen waarop dit document van toepassing is (douanevergunning nr ⁽¹⁾), verklaart dat, behoudens uitdrukkelijke andersluidende vermelding, deze goederen van preferentiële oorsprong zijn ⁽²⁾ . - cumulation applied with(name of the country/countries) - no cumulation applied ⁽³⁾ |
| Polish version Eksporter produktów objętych tym dokumentem (upoważnienie władz celnych nr ⁽¹⁾) deklaruje, że z wyjątkiem gdzie jest to wyraźnie określone, produkty te mają ⁽²⁾ preferencyjne pochodzenie cumulation applied with(name of the country/countries) - no cumulation applied ⁽³⁾ |

Portuguese version

O abaixo assinado, exportador dos produtos cobertos pelo presente documento (autorização aduaneira n°. ...⁽¹⁾), declara que, salvo expressamente indicado em contrário, estes produtos são de origem preferencial ...⁽²⁾.

- cumulation applied with(name of the country/countries)
- no cumulation applied (3)

Romanian version

Exportatorul produselor ce fac obiectul acestui document (autorizația vamală nr. ...⁽¹⁾) declară că, exceptând cazul în care în mod expres este indicat altfel, aceste produse sunt de origine preferențială ...⁽²⁾.

- cumulation applied with(name of the country/countries)
- no cumulation applied (3)

Serbian version

Извозник производа обухваћених овом исправом (царинско овлашћење бр. $^{(1)}$) изјављује да су, осим ако је то другачије изричито наведено, ови производи $^{(2)}$ преференцијалног порекла.

- cumulation applied with (name of the country/countries)
- no cumulation applied (3)

Slovenian version

Izvoznik blaga, zajetega s tem dokumentom (pooblastilo carinskih organov št $\dots^{(1)}$) izjavlja, da, razen če ni drugače jasno navedeno, ima to blago preferencialno $\dots^{(2)}$ poreklo.

- cumulation applied with(name of the country/countries)
- no cumulation applied (3)

Slovak version

Vývozca výrobkov uvedených v tomto dokumente (číslo povolenia ...⁽¹⁾) vyhlasuje, že okrem zreteľne označených, majú tieto výrobky preferenčný pôvod v ...⁽²⁾.

- cumulation applied with(name of the country/countries)
- no cumulation applied (3)

Finnish version

Tässä asiakirjassa mainittujen tuotteiden viejä (tullin lupa n:o ... (1)) ilmoittaa, että nämä tuotteet ovat, ellei toisin ole selvästi merkitty, etuuskohteluun oikeutettuja ... alkuperätuotteita ⁽²⁾.

- cumulation applied with(name of the country/countries)
- no cumulation applied (3)

Swedish version

Exportören av de varor som omfattas av detta dokument (tullmyndighetens tillstånd nr. ...⁽¹⁾) försäkrar att dessa varor, om inte annat tydligt markerats, har förmånsberättigande ... ursprung (2).

- cumulation applied with(name of the country/countries)
- no cumulation applied (3)

Arabic version يصرح مصدر المنتجات التي تشملها هذه الوثيقة (التصريــح الجمركــي رقـم(1)) بإستثناء ما ينص بوضوح على خلاف ذلك، بأن هذه المنتجات من منشأ تفضيلي من(2).

- cumulation applied with(name of the country/countries)
- no cumulation applied (3)

Hebrew version

היצואן של הטובין המכוסים במסמך זה (אישור מכס מס'.....¹) מצהיר כי מקורם של הטובין ה...... הללו מועדף, מלבד אם צויין אחרת במפורש.

- cumulation applied with(name of the country/countries)
- no cumulation applied (3)

Faeroese version

Ùtflytarin av vørunum, sum hetta skjal fevnir um (tollvaldsins lovvi nr. ... (1) váttar, at um ikki nakað annað er tilskilað, eru hesar vørur upprunavørur ... (2)

- cumulation applied with(name of the country/countries)
- no cumulation applied (3)

Icelandic version

Útflytjandi framleiðsluvara sem skjal þetta tekur til (leyfi tollyfirvalda nr ... (1)), lýsir því yfir að vörurnar séu, ef annars er ekki greinilega getið, af ... fríðindauppruna ⁽²⁾.

- cumulation applied with(name of the country/countries)
- no cumulation applied (3)

| Norw | regian | version |
|------|--------|---------|
| | | |

| Not wegian version | |
|---|--------------------|
| Eksportøren av produktene omfattet av dette dokument (tollmyndighetenes autorisasjons n | r ⁽¹⁾ |
| erklærer at disse produktene, unntatt hvor annet er tydelig angitt, har preferanseopprinne - cumulation applied with(name of the country/countries) - no cumulation applied (3) | else ⁽² |
| Turkish version | |
| İşbu belge (gümrük onay No: ⁽¹⁾) kapsamındaki maddelerin ihracatçısı aksi açıkça | |
| belirtilmedikçe, bu maddelerin tercihli menşeli (2) maddeler olduğunu beyan eder. | |
| - cumulation applied with(name of the country/countries) | |
| - no cumulation applied (3) | |
| | (4) |
| | |

(Place and date)

Signature of the exporter, in addition the name of the person signing the declaration has to be indicated in clear script)

- (1) When the origin declaration is made out by an approved exporter, the authorisation number of the approved exporter must be entered in this space. When the origin declaration is not made out by an approved exporter, the words in brackets shall be omitted or the space left blank.
- Origin of products to be indicated. When the origin declaration relates, in whole or in part, to products originating in Ceuta and Melilla, the (2) exporter must clearly indicate them in the document on which the declaration is made out, by means of the symbol "CM".
- (3) Complete and delete where necessary.
- (4) These indications may be omitted if the information is contained on the document itself.
- In cases where the exporter is not required to sign, the exemption of signature also implies the exemption of the name of the signatory. (5)

List of Contracting Parties which do not apply provisions on partial drawback as provided for in article 14(7) of this Appendix

| 2. | The EFTA States, |
|----|---|
| 3. | The Republic of Turkey, |
| 4. | The State of Israel, |
| 5. | The Faroe Islands, |
| 6. | The participants in the European Union's Stabilisation and Association Process. |
| | |
| | |
| | |

1.

The European Union,

Appendix II

SPECIAL PROVISIONS

DEROGATING FROM THE PROVISIONS LAID DOWN IN APPENDIX I

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ARTICLE 1

The Contracting Parties may apply in their bilateral trade special provisions derogating from the provisions laid down in Appendix I.

Those special provisions are laid down in the Annexes to this Appendix.

ARTICLE 2

Goods originating in Ceuta and Melilla, Andorra and San Marino shall be treated as originating products in diagonal trade as referred to in Article 3 of Appendix I, provided a certificate EUR-MED or an origin declaration EUR-MED has been issued in the country of origin.

Trade between the European Union and the participants in the European Union's Stabilisation and Association Process

ARTICLE 1

The products listed below shall be excluded from cumulation provided for in Article 3 of Appendix I, if:

- (a) the country of final destination is the European Union, and:
 - (i) the materials used in the manufacture of these products are originating in any of the participants in the European Union's Stabilisation and Association Process; or
 - (ii) these products have acquired their origin on the basis of working or processing carried out in any of the participants in the European Union's Stabilisation and Association Process; or

- (b) the country of final destination is any of the participants in the European Union's Stabilisation and Association Process, and:
 - (i) the materials used in the manufacture of these products are originating in the European Union; or
 - (ii) these products have acquired their origin on the basis of working or processing carried out in the European Union.

| CN-Code | Description |
|------------|--|
| 1704 90 99 | Other sugar confectionery, not containing cocoa |
| 1806 10 30 | Chocolate and other food preparations containing cocoa |
| 1806 10 90 | - Cocoa powder, containing added sugar or sweetening matter: |
| | Containing 65% or more but less than 80% by weight of sucrose |
| | (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose) or isoglucose expressed as |
| | sucrose |
| | Containing 80% or more by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar |
| | expressed as sucrose) or isoglucose expressed as sucrose |
| 1806 20 95 | - Other food preparations containing cocoa in block, slabs or bars |
| | weighing more than 2 kg or in liquid, paste, powder, granular or other |
| | bulk form in containers or immediate packaging of a content exceeding |
| | 2 kg |
| | Other |
| | Other |

| CN-Code | Description |
|------------|--|
| 1901 90 99 | Malt extract, food preparations of flour, groats, meal, starch or malt |
| | extract, not containing cocoa or containing less than 40% by weight of |
| | cocoa calculated on a totally defatted basis, not elsewhere specified or |
| | included, food preparations of goods of headings 0401 to 0404, not |
| | containing cocoa or containing less than 5% by weight of cocoa |
| | calculated on a totally defatted basis, not elsewhere specified or |
| | included |
| | - Other |
| | Other (than malt extract) |
| | Other |
| 2101 12 98 | Other preparations with a basis of coffee |
| 2101 20 98 | Other preparations with a basis of tea or mate |
| 2106 90 59 | Food preparations not elsewhere specified or included |
| | - Other |
| | Other |
| 2106 90 98 | Food preparations not elsewhere specified or included: |
| | - Other (than protein concentrates and textured protein substances) |
| | Other |
| | Other |

| CN-Code | Description |
|------------|--|
| 3302 10 29 | Mixtures of odoriferous substances and mixtures (including alcoholic |
| | solutions) with a basis of one or more of these substances, of a kind used |
| | as raw materials in industry; other preparations based on odoriferous |
| | substances, of a kind used for the manufacture of beverages: |
| | -Of a kind used in the food or drink industries |
| | Of the type used in the drink industries: |
| | Preparations containing all flavouring agents characterizing a |
| | beverage: |
| | Of an actual alcoholic strength by volume exceeding 0.5% |
| | Other: |
| | Containing no milkfats, sucrose, isoglucose, glucose, or starch or |
| | containing, by weight, less than 1.5% milkfat, 5% sucrose or isoglucose, |
| | 5% glucose or starch |
| | Other |

Trade between the European Union and the People's Democratic Republic of Algeria

ARTICLE 1

Products having acquired their origin by application of the provisions foreseen in this Annex shall be excluded from cumulation as referred to in Article 3 of Appendix I.

ARTICLE 2

Cumulation in the European Union

For the purpose of implementing Article 2(1)(b) of Appendix I, working or processing carried out in Algeria, Morocco, or Tunisia shall be considered as having been carried out in the European Union when the products obtained undergo subsequent working or processing in the European Union. Where, pursuant to this provision, the originating products are obtained in two or more of the countries concerned, they shall be considered as originating in the European Union only if the working or processing goes beyond the operations referred to in Article 6 of Appendix I.

ARTICLE 3

Cumulation in Algeria

For the purpose of implementing Article 2(1)(b) of Appendix I, working or processing carried out in the European Union, in Morocco or Tunisia shall be considered as having been carried out in Algeria when the products obtained undergo subsequent working or processing in Algeria. Where, pursuant to this provision, the originating products are obtained in two or more of the countries concerned, they shall be considered as originating in Algeria only if the working or processing goes beyond the operations referred to in Article 6 of Appendix I.

ARTICLE 4

Proofs of origin

- 1. Without prejudice to Article 16(4) and (5) of Appendix I, a movement certificate EUR.1 shall be issued by the customs authorities of a Member State of the European Union or of Algeria if the products concerned can be considered as products originating in the European Union or in Algeria, with application of the cumulation referred to in Articles 2 and 3 of this Annex, and fulfil the other requirements of Appendix I.
- 2. Without prejudice to Article 21(2) and (3) of Appendix I, an origin declaration may be made out if the products concerned can be considered as products originating in the European Union or in Algeria, with application of the cumulation referred to in Articles 2 and 3 of this Annex, and fulfil the other requirements of Appendix I.

Supplier's declarations

- 1. When a movement certificate EUR.1 is issued, or an origin declaration is made out, in the European Union or Algeria for originating products, in the manufacture of which goods coming from Algeria, Morocco, Tunisia or the European Union which have undergone working or processing in these countries without having obtained preferential originating status, have been used, account shall be taken of the supplier's declaration given for those goods in accordance with this Article.
- 2. The supplier's declaration referred to in paragraph 1 shall serve as evidence of the working or processing undergone in Algeria, Morocco, Tunisia or the European Union by the goods concerned for the purpose of determining whether the products in the manufacture of which those goods are used, may be considered as products originating in the European Union or Algeria and fulfil the other requirements of Appendix I.
- 3. A separate supplier's declaration shall, except in the cases provided in paragraph 4, be made out by the supplier for each consignment of goods in the form prescribed in Annex A on a sheet of paper annexed to the invoice, the delivery note or any other commercial document describing the goods concerned in sufficient detail to enable them to be identified.

4. Where a supplier regularly supplies a particular customer with goods for which the working or processing undergone in Algeria, Morocco, Tunisia or the European Union is expected to remain constant for considerable periods of time, he may provide a single supplier's declaration to cover subsequent consignments of those goods (hereinafter referred to as a "long-term supplier's declaration").

A long-term supplier's declaration may normally be valid for a period of up to one year from the date of making out the declaration. The customs authorities of the country where the declaration is made out lay down the conditions under which longer periods may be used.

The long-term supplier's declaration shall be made out by the supplier in the form prescribed in Annex B and shall describe the goods concerned in sufficient detail to enable them to be identified. It shall be provided to the customer concerned before he is supplied with the first consignment of goods covered by that declaration or together with his first consignment.

The supplier shall inform his customer immediately if the long-term supplier's declaration is no longer applicable to the goods supplied.

5. The supplier's declarations referred to in paragraphs 3 and 4 shall be typed or printed using one of the languages in which the Agreement is drawn up, in accordance with the provisions of the national law of the country where the declaration is made out, and shall bear the original signature of the supplier in manuscript. The declaration may also be handwritten; in such a case, it shall be written in ink in printed characters.

6. The supplier making out a declaration shall be prepared to submit at any time, at the request of the customs authorities of the country where the declaration is made out, all appropriate documents proving that the information given on that declaration is correct.

ARTICLE 6

Supporting documents

Supplier's declarations proving the working or processing undergone in the European Union, Algeria, Morocco or Tunisia by materials used, made out in one of these countries, shall be treated as a document referred to in Articles 16(3) and 21(5) of Appendix I and Article 5(6) of this Annex used for the purpose of proving that products covered by a movement certificate EUR.1 or an origin declaration may be considered as products originating in the European Union or in Algeria and fulfil the other requirements of Appendix I.

ARTICLE 7

Preservation of supplier's declarations

The supplier making out a supplier's declaration shall keep for at least three years copies of the declaration and of all the invoices, delivery notes or other commercial documents to which that declaration is annexed as well as the documents referred to in Article 5 (6).

The supplier making out a long-term supplier's declaration shall keep for at least three years copies of the declaration and of all the invoices, delivery notes or other commercial documents concerning goods covered by that declaration sent to the customer concerned, as well as the documents referred to in Article 5(6). This period shall begin from the date of expiry of validity of the long-term supplier's declaration.

ARTICLE 8

Administrative cooperation

In order to ensure the proper application of this Annex, the European Union and Algeria shall assist each other, through the competent customs authorities, in checking the authenticity of the movement certificates EUR.1, the origin declarations or the supplier's declarations and the correctness of the information given in these documents.

ARTICLE 9

Verification of supplier's declarations

Subsequent verifications of supplier's declarations or long-term supplier's declarations may be carried out at random or whenever the customs authorities of the country where such declarations have been taken into account to issue a movement certificate EUR.1 or to make out an origin declaration, have reasonable doubts as to the authenticity of the document or the correctness of the information given in this document.

2. For the purposes of implementing the provisions of paragraph 1, the customs authorities of the country referred to in paragraph 1 shall return the supplier's declaration or the long-term supplier's declaration and invoices, delivery notes or other commercial documents concerning goods covered by such declaration, to the customs authorities of the country where the declaration was made out, giving, where appropriate, the reasons of substance or form of the request for verification.

They shall forward, in support of the request for subsequent verification, any documents and information that have been obtained suggesting that the information given in the supplier's declaration or the long-term supplier's declaration is incorrect.

- 3. The verification shall be carried out by the customs authorities of the country where the supplier's declaration or the long-term supplier's declaration was made out. For this purpose, they shall have the right to call for any evidence and carry out any inspection of the supplier's accounts or any other check which they consider appropriate.
- 4. The customs authorities requesting the verification shall be informed of the results thereof as soon as possible. These results shall indicate clearly whether the information given in the supplier's declaration or the long-term supplier's declaration is correct and make it possible for them to determine whether and to what extent such declaration could be taken into account for issuing a movement certificate EUR.1 or for making out an origin declaration.

Sanctions

Penalties shall be imposed on any person who draws up, or causes to be drawn up, a document which contains incorrect information for the purpose of obtaining a preferential treatment for products.

ARTICLE 11

Free zones

- 1. The European Union and Algeria shall take all necessary steps to ensure that products traded under cover of a proof of origin, which in the course of transport use a free zone situated in their territory, are not substituted by other goods and do not undergo handling other than normal operations designed to prevent their deterioration.
- 2. By way of derogation from paragraph 1, when products originating in the European Union or Algeria are imported into a free zone under cover of a proof of origin and undergo treatment or processing, the authorities concerned shall issue a new movement certificate EUR.1 at the exporter's request, if the treatment or processing undergone complies with the provisions of this Convention.

Trade between the European Union and the Kingdom of Morocco

ARTICLE 1

Products having acquired their origin by application of the provisions foreseen in this Annex shall be excluded from cumulation as referred to in Article 3 of Appendix I.

ARTICLE 2

Cumulation in the European Union

For the purpose of implementing Article 2(1)(b) of Appendix I, working or processing carried out in Algeria, Morocco or Tunisia shall be considered as having been carried out in the European Union when the products obtained undergo subsequent working or processing in the European Union. Where, pursuant to this provision, the originating products are obtained in two or more of the countries concerned, they shall be considered as originating in the European Union only if the working or processing goes beyond the operations referred to in Article 6 of Appendix I.

Cumulation in Morocco

For the purpose of implementing Article 2(1)(b) of Appendix I, working or processing carried out in the European Union, Algeria or Tunisia shall be considered as having been carried out in Morocco when the products obtained undergo subsequent working or processing in Morocco. Where, pursuant to this provision, the originating products are obtained in two or more of the countries concerned, they shall be considered as originating in Morocco only if the working or processing goes beyond the operations referred to in Article 6 of Appendix I.

ARTICLE 4

Proofs of origin

- 1. Without prejudice to Article 16 (4) and (5) of Appendix I, a movement certificate EUR.1 shall be issued by the customs authorities of a Member State of the European Union or of Morocco if the products concerned can be considered as products originating in the European Union or in Morocco, with application of the cumulation referred to in Articles 2 and 3 of this Annex, and fulfil the other requirements of Appendix I.
- 2. Without prejudice to Article 21 (2) and (3) of Appendix I, an origin declaration may be made out if the products concerned can be considered as products originating in the European Union or in Morocco, with application of the cumulation referred to in Articles 2 and 3 of this Annex, and fulfil the other requirements of Appendix I.

Supplier's declarations

- 1. When a movement certificate EUR.1 is issued, or an origin declaration is made out, in the European Union or Morocco for originating products, in the manufacture of which goods coming from Algeria, Morocco, Tunisia or the European Union which have undergone working or processing in these countries without having obtained preferential originating status, have been used, account shall be taken of the supplier's declaration given for those goods in accordance with this Article.
- 2. The supplier's declaration referred to in paragraph 1 shall serve as evidence of the working or processing undergone in Algeria, Morocco, Tunisia or the European Union by the goods concerned for the purpose of determining whether the products in the manufacture of which these goods are used, may be considered as products originating in the European Union or Morocco and fulfil the other requirements of Appendix I.
- 3. A separate supplier's declaration shall, except in the cases provided in paragraph 4, be made out by the supplier for each consignment of goods in the form prescribed in Annex A on a sheet of paper annexed to the invoice, the delivery note or any other commercial document describing the goods concerned in sufficient detail to enable them to be identified.

4. Where a supplier regularly supplies a particular customer with goods for which the working or processing undergone in Algeria, Morocco, Tunisia or the European Union is expected to remain constant for considerable periods of time, he may provide a single supplier's declaration to cover subsequent consignments of those goods (hereinafter referred to as a "long-term supplier's declaration").

A long-term supplier's declaration may normally be valid for a period of up to one year from the date of making out the declaration. The customs authorities of the country where the declaration is made out lay down the conditions under which longer periods may be used.

The long-term supplier's declaration shall be made out by the supplier in the form prescribed in Annex B and shall describe the goods concerned in sufficient detail to enable them to be identified. It shall be provided to the customer concerned before he is supplied with the first consignment of goods covered by that declaration or together with his first consignment.

The supplier shall inform his customer immediately if the long-term supplier's declaration is no longer applicable to the goods supplied.

5. The supplier's declarations referred to in paragraphs 3 and 4 shall be typed or printed using one of the languages in which the Agreement is drawn up, in accordance with the provisions of the national law of the country where the declaration is made out, and shall bear the original signature of the supplier in manuscript. The declaration may also be handwritten; in such a case, it shall be written in ink in printed characters.

6. The supplier making out a declaration shall be prepared to submit at any time, at the request of the customs authorities of the country where the declaration is made out, all appropriate documents proving that the information given on that declaration is correct.

ARTICLE 6

Supporting documents

Supplier's declarations proving the working or processing undergone in the European Union, Algeria, Morocco or Tunisia by materials used, made out in one of these countries, shall be treated as a document referred to in Articles 16 (3) and 21 (5) of the Appendix I and Article 5 (6) of this Annex used for the purpose of proving that products covered by a movement certificate EUR.1 or an origin declaration may be considered as products originating in the European Union or in Morocco and fulfil the other requirements of Appendix I.

ARTICLE 7

Preservation of supplier's declarations

The supplier making out a supplier's declaration shall keep for at least three years copies of the declaration and of all the invoices, delivery notes or other commercial documents to which this declaration is annexed as well as the documents referred to in Article 5 (6).

The supplier making out a long-term supplier's declaration shall keep for at least three years copies of the declaration and of all the invoices, delivery notes or other commercial documents concerning goods covered by that declaration sent to the customer concerned, as well as the documents referred to in Article 5 (6). This period shall begin from the date of expiry of validity of the long-term supplier's declaration.

ARTICLE 8

Administrative cooperation

In order to ensure the proper application of this Annex, the European Union and Morocco shall assist each other, through the competent customs authorities, in checking the authenticity of the movement certificates EUR.1, the origin declarations or the supplier's declarations and the correctness of the information given in these documents.

Verification of supplier's declarations

- Subsequent verifications of supplier's declarations or long-term supplier's declarations may be carried out at random or whenever the customs authorities of the country where such declarations have been taken into account to issue a movement certificate EUR.1 or to make out an origin declaration, have reasonable doubts as to the authenticity of the document or the correctness of the information given in this document.
- 2. For the purposes of implementing the provisions of paragraph 1, the customs authorities of the country referred to in paragraph 1 shall return the supplier's declaration or the long-term supplier's declaration and invoices, delivery notes or other commercial documents concerning goods covered by such declaration, to the customs authorities of the country where the declaration was made out, giving, where appropriate, the reasons of substance or form of the request for verification.

They shall forward, in support of the request for subsequent verification, any documents and information that have been obtained suggesting that the information given in the supplier's declaration or the long-term supplier's declaration is incorrect.

- 3. The verification shall be carried out by the customs authorities of the country where the supplier's declaration or the long-term supplier's declaration was made out. For this purpose, they shall have the right to call for any evidence and carry out any inspection of the supplier's accounts or any other check which they consider appropriate.
- 4. The customs authorities requesting the verification shall be informed of the results thereof as soon as possible. These results shall indicate clearly whether the information given in the supplier's declaration or the long-term supplier's declaration is correct and make it possible for them to determine whether and to what extent such declaration could be taken into account for issuing a movement certificate EUR.1 or for making out an origin declaration.

Sanctions

Penalties shall be imposed on any person who draws up, or causes to be drawn up, a document which contains incorrect information for the purpose of obtaining a preferential treatment for products.

Free zones

- 1. The European Union and Morocco shall take all necessary steps to ensure that products traded under cover of a proof of origin, which in the course of transport use a free zone situated in their territory, are not substituted by other goods and do not undergo handling other than normal operations designed to prevent their deterioration.
- 2. By way of derogation from paragraph 1, when products originating in the European Union or Morocco are imported into a free zone under cover of a proof of origin and undergo treatment or processing, the authorities concerned shall issue a new movement certificate EUR.1 at the exporter's request, if the treatment or processing undergone complies with the provisions of this Convention.

Trade between the European Union and the Republic of Tunisia

ARTICLE 1

Products having acquired their origin by application of the provisions foreseen in this Annex shall be excluded from cumulation as referred to in Article 3 of Appendix I.

ARTICLE 2

Cumulation in the European Union

For the purpose of implementing Article 2(1)(b) of Appendix I, working or processing carried out in Algeria, Morocco or Tunisia shall be considered as having been carried out in the European Union when the products obtained undergo subsequent working or processing in the European Union. Where, pursuant to this provision, the originating products are obtained in two or more of the countries concerned, they shall be considered as originating in the European Union only if the working or processing goes beyond the operations referred to in Article 6 of Appendix I.

Cumulation in Tunisia

For the purpose of implementing Article 2(1)(b)of Appendix I, working or processing carried out in the European Union, Algeria or Morocco shall be considered as having been carried out in Tunisia when the products obtained undergo subsequent working or processing in Tunisia. Where, pursuant to this provision, the originating products are obtained in two or more of the countries concerned, they shall be considered as originating in Tunisia only if the working or processing goes beyond the operations referred to in Article 6 of Appendix I.

ARTICLE 4

Proofs of origin

1. Without prejudice to Article 16 (4) and (5) of Appendix I, a movement certificate EUR.1 shall be issued by the customs authorities of a Member State of the European Union or of Tunisia if the products concerned can be considered as products originating in the European Union or in Tunisia, with application of the cumulation referred to in Articles 2 and 3 of this Annex, and fulfil the other requirements of Appendix I.

2. Without prejudice to Article 21 (2) and (3) of Appendix I, an origin declaration may be made out if the products concerned may be considered as products originating in the European Union or in Tunisia, with application of the cumulation referred to in Articles 2 and 3 of this Annex, and fulfil the other requirements of Appendix I.

ARTICLE 5

Supplier's declarations

- 1. When a movement certificate EUR.1 is issued, or an origin declaration is made out, in the European Union or Tunisia for originating products, in the manufacture of which goods coming from Algeria, Morocco, Tunisia or the European Union which have undergone working or processing in these countries without having obtained preferential originating status, have been used, account shall be taken of the supplier's declaration given for those goods in accordance with this Article.
- 2. The supplier's declaration referred to in paragraph 1 shall serve as evidence of the working or processing undergone in Algeria, Morocco, Tunisia or the European Union by the goods concerned for the purpose of determining whether the products in the manufacture of which these goods are used, can be considered as products originating in the European Union or Tunisia and fulfil the other requirements of Appendix I.

- 3. A separate supplier's declaration shall, except in the cases provided in paragraph 4, be made out by the supplier for each consignment of goods in the form prescribed in Annex A on a sheet of paper annexed to the invoice, the delivery note or any other commercial document describing the goods concerned in sufficient detail to enable them to be identified.
- 4. Where a supplier regularly supplies a particular customer with goods for which the working or processing undergone in Algeria, Morocco, Tunisia or the European Union is expected to remain constant for considerable periods of time, he may provide a single supplier's declaration to cover subsequent consignments of those goods (hereinafter referred to as a "long-term supplier's declaration").

A long-term supplier's declaration may normally be valid for a period of up to one year from the date of making out the declaration. The customs authorities of the country where the declaration is made out lay down the conditions under which longer periods may be used.

The long-term supplier's declaration shall be made out by the supplier in the form prescribed in Annex B and shall describe the goods concerned in sufficient detail to enable them to be identified. It shall be provided to the customer concerned before he is supplied with the first consignment of goods covered by that declaration or together with his first consignment.

The supplier shall inform his customer immediately if the long-term supplier's declaration is no longer applicable to the goods supplied.

- 5. The supplier's declarations referred to in paragraphs 3 and 4 shall be typed or printed using one of the languages in which the Agreement is drawn up, in accordance with the provisions of the national law of the country where the declaration is made out, and shall bear the original signature of the supplier in manuscript. The declaration may also be handwritten; in such a case, it shall be written in ink in printed characters.
- 6. The supplier making out a declaration shall be prepared to submit at any time, at the request of the customs authorities of the country where the declaration is made out, all appropriate documents proving that the information given on that declaration is correct.

Supporting documents

Supplier's declarations proving the working or processing undergone in the European Union, Algeria, Morocco or Tunisia by materials used, made out in one of these countries, shall be treated as a document referred to in Articles 16 (3) and 21 (5) of the Appendix I and Article 5 (6) of this Annex used for the purpose of proving that products covered by a movement certificate EUR.1 or an origin declaration may be considered as products originating in the European Union or in Tunisia and fulfil the other requirements of Appendix I.

Preservation of supplier's declarations

The supplier making out a supplier's declaration shall keep for at least three years copies of the declaration and of all the invoices, delivery notes or other commercial document to which this declaration is annexed as well as the documents referred to in Article 5(6).

The supplier making out a long-term supplier's declaration shall keep for at least three years copies of the declaration and of all the invoices, delivery notes or other commercial documents concerning goods covered by such declaration sent to the customer concerned, as well as the documents referred to in Article 5(6). This period shall begin from the date of expiry of validity of the long-term supplier's declaration.

ARTICLE 8

Administrative cooperation

In order to ensure the proper application of this Annex, the European Union and Tunisia shall assist each other, through the competent customs authorities, in checking the authenticity of the movement certificates EUR.1, the origin declarations or the supplier's declarations and the correctness of the information given in these documents.

Verification of supplier's declarations

- Subsequent verifications of supplier's declarations or long-term supplier's declarations may be carried out at random or whenever the customs authorities of the country where such declarations have been taken into account to issue a movement certificate EUR.1 or to make out an origin declaration, have reasonable doubts as to the authenticity of the document or the correctness of the information given in this document.
- 2. For the purposes of implementing the provisions of paragraph 1, the customs authorities of the country referred to in paragraph 1 shall return the supplier's declaration or the long-term supplier's declaration and invoices, delivery notes or other commercial documents concerning goods covered by such declaration, to the customs authorities of the country where the declaration was made out, giving, where appropriate, the reasons of substance or form of the request for verification.

They shall forward, in support of the request for subsequent verification, any documents and information that have been obtained suggesting that the information given in the supplier's declaration or the long-term supplier's declaration is incorrect.

3. The verification shall be carried out by the customs authorities of the country where the supplier's declaration or the long-term supplier's declaration was made out. For this purpose, they shall have the right to call for any evidence and carry out any inspection of the supplier's accounts or any other check which they consider appropriate.

4. The customs authorities requesting the verification shall be informed of the results thereof as soon as possible. These results shall indicate clearly whether the information given in the supplier's declaration or the long-term supplier's declaration is correct and make it possible for them to determine whether and to what extent such declaration could be taken into account for issuing a movement certificate EUR.1 or for making out an origin declaration.

ARTICLE 10

Sanctions

Penalties shall be imposed on any person who draws up, or causes to be drawn up, a document which contains incorrect information for the purpose of obtaining a preferential treatment for products.

ARTICLE 11

Free zones

1. The European Union and Tunisia shall take all necessary steps to ensure that products traded under cover of a proof of origin, which in the course of transport use a free zone situated in their territory, are not substituted by other goods and do not undergo handling other than normal operations designed to prevent their deterioration.

2. By way of derogation from paragraph 1, when products originating in the European Union or Tunisia are imported into a free zone under cover of a proof of origin and undergo treatment or processing, the authorities concerned shall issue a new movement certificate EUR.1 at the exporter's request, if the treatment or processing undergone complies with the provisions of this Convention.

CEUTA AND MELILLA

ARTICLE 1

Application of this Convention

- 1. The term 'European Union' shall not cover Ceuta and Melilla.
- 2. Products originating in a Contracting Party other than the European Union, when imported into Ceuta or Melilla, shall enjoy in all respects the same customs regime as that which is applied to products originating in the customs territory of the European Union under Protocol 2 of the Act of Accession of the Kingdom of Spain and the Portuguese Republic to the European Communities. The Contracting Parties other than the European Union shall grant to imports of products covered by the relevant Agreement and originating in Ceuta and Melilla the same customs regime as that which is granted to products imported from and originating in the European Union.
- 3. For the purpose of the application of paragraph 2 concerning products originating in Ceuta and Melilla, this Convention shall apply *mutatis mutandis* subject to the special conditions set out in Article 2.

Special conditions

- 1. Providing they have been transported directly in accordance with the provisions of Article 12 of Appendix I the following shall be considered as:
 - (1) products originating in Ceuta and Melilla:
 - (a) products wholly obtained in Ceuta and Melilla;
 - (b) products obtained in Ceuta and Melilla in the manufacture of which products other than those referred to in (a) are used, provided that:
 - (i) the said products have undergone sufficient working or processing within the meaning of Article 5 of Appendix I; or that
 - (ii) those products originate in the importing Contracting Party or in the European Union, provided that they have been submitted to working or processing which goes beyond the operations referred to in Article 6 of Appendix I.
 - (2) products originating in the exporting Contracting Party, other than the European Union:
 - (a) products wholly obtained in the exporting Contracting Party;

- (b) products obtained in the exporting Contracting Party, in the manufacture of which products other than those referred to in (a) are used, provided that:
 - (i) the said products have undergone sufficient working or processing within the meaning of Article 5 of Appendix I; or that
 - (ii) those products originate in Ceuta and Melilla or in the European Union, provided that they have been submitted to working or processing which goes beyond the operations referred to in Article 6 of Appendix I.
- 2. Ceuta and Melilla shall be considered as a single territory.
- 3. The exporter or his authorised representative shall enter the name of the exporting or importing Contracting Party and 'Ceuta and Melilla' in Box 2 of movement certificates EUR.1 or EUR-MED or on origin declarations or on origin declarations EUR-MED. In addition, in the case of products originating in Ceuta and Melilla, this shall be indicated in Box 4 of movement certificates EUR.1 or EUR-MED or on origin declarations or on origin declarations EUR-MED.
- 4. The Spanish customs authorities shall be responsible for the application of this Convention in Ceuta and Melilla.

JOINT DECLARATION

concerning the Principality of Andorra

- 1. Products originating in the Principality of Andorra falling within Chapters 25 to 97 of the Harmonised System shall be accepted by the Contracting Parties other than the European Union as originating in the European Union within the meaning of this Convention.
- 2. The Convention shall apply *mutatis mutandis* for the purpose of defining the originating status of the abovementioned products.

JOINT DECLARATION

concerning the Republic of San Marino

- 1. Products originating in the Republic of San Marino shall be accepted by the Contracting Parties other than the European Union as originating in the European Union within the meaning of this Convention.
- 2. The Convention shall apply *mutatis mutandis* for the purpose of defining the originating status of the abovementioned products.

ANNEX VIII

Trade between the Republic of Turkey and the participants in the European Union's Stabilisation and Association Process

ARTICLE 1

The products listed below shall be excluded from cumulation provided for in Article 3 of Appendix I, if:

- (a) the country of final destination is the Republic of Turkey, and:
 - (i) the materials used in the manufacture of these products are originating in any of the participants in the European Union's Stabilisation and Association Process; or
 - these products have acquired their origin on the basis of working or processing carried out in any of the participants in the European Union's Stabilisation and Association Process; or

- (b) the country of final destination is any of the participants in the European Union's Stabilisation and Association Process, and:
 - (i) the materials used in the manufacture of these products are originating in the Republic of Turkey; or
 - (ii) these products have acquired their origin on the basis of working or processing carried out in the Republic of Turkey.

| CN-Code | Description |
|------------|--|
| 1704 90 99 | Other sugar confectionery, not containing cocoa. |
| 1806 10 30 | Chocolate and other food preparations containing cocoa |
| 1806 10 90 | - Cocoa powder, containing added sugar or sweetening matter: |
| | Containing 65% or more but less than 80% by weight of sucrose |
| | (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose) or isoglucose expressed as |
| | sucrose |
| | Containing 80% or more by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar |
| | expressed as sucrose) or isoglucose expressed as sucrose |
| 1806 20 95 | - Other food preparations containing cocoa in block, slabs or bars |
| | weighing more than 2 kg or in liquid, paste, powder, granular or other |
| | bulk form in containers or immediate packaging of a content exceeding |
| | 2 kg |
| | Other |
| | Other |

| CN-Code | Description |
|------------|--|
| 1901 90 99 | Malt extract, food preparations of flour, groats, meal, starch or malt |
| | extract, not containing cocoa or containing less than 40% by weight of |
| | cocoa calculated on a totally defatted basis, not elsewhere specified or |
| | included, food preparations of goods of headings 0401 to 0404, not |
| | containing cocoa or containing less than 5% by weight of cocoa |
| | calculated on a totally defatted basis, not elsewhere specified or |
| | included |
| | - Other |
| | Other (than malt extract) |
| | Other |
| 2101 12 98 | Other preparations with a basis of coffee |
| 2101 20 98 | Other preparations with a basis of tea or mate |
| 2106 90 59 | Food preparations not elsewhere specified or included |
| (1) | - Other |
| | Other |
| 2106 90 98 | Food preparations not elsewhere specified or included: |
| | - Other (than protein concentrates and textured protein substances) |
| | Other |
| | Other |

| CN-Code | Description |
|------------|--|
| 3302 10 29 | Mixtures of odoriferous substances and mixtures (including alcoholic |
| | solutions) with a basis of one or more of these substances, of a kind used |
| | as raw materials in industry; other preparations based on odoriferous |
| | substances, of a kind used for the manufacture of beverages: |
| | -Of a kind used in the food or drink industries |
| | Of the type used in the drink industries: |
| | Preparations containing all flavouring agents characterizing a |
| | beverage: |
| | Of an actual alcoholic strength by volume exceeding 0.5% |
| | Other: |
| | Containing no milkfats, sucrose, isoglucose, glucose, or starch or |
| | containing, by weight, less than 1.5% milkfat, 5% sucrose or isoglucose, |
| | 5% glucose or starch |
| | Other |

This product shall not be excluded from cumulation referred to in Article 1 of this Annex in preferential trade between the Republic of Turkey and the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia

Trade between the Republic of Turkey and the Kingdom of Morocco

ARTICLE 1

Products having acquired their origin by application of the provisions foreseen in this Annex shall be excluded from cumulation as referred to in Article 3 of Appendix I.

ARTICLE 2

Cumulation in Turkey

For the purpose of implementing Article 2(1)(b) of Appendix I, working or processing carried out in Algeria, Morocco or Tunisia shall be considered as having been carried out in Turkey when the products obtained undergo subsequent working or processing in Turkey. Where, pursuant to this provision, the originating products are obtained in two or more of the countries concerned, they shall be considered as originating in Turkey only if the working or processing goes beyond the operations referred to in Article 6 of Appendix I.

Cumulation in Morocco

For the purpose of implementing Article 2(1)(b) of Appendix I, working or processing carried out in Algeria, Tunisia or Turkey shall be considered as having been carried out in Morocco when the products obtained undergo subsequent working or processing in Morocco. Where, pursuant to this provision, the originating products are obtained in two or more of the countries concerned, they shall be considered as originating in Morocco only if the working or processing goes beyond the operations referred to in Article 6 of Appendix I.

ARTICLE 4

Proofs of origin

1. Without prejudice to Article 16 (4) and (5) of Appendix I, a movement certificate EUR.1 shall be issued by the customs authorities of Turkey or of Morocco if the products concerned can be considered as products originating in Turkey or in Morocco, with application of the cumulation referred to in Articles 2 and 3 of this Annex, and fulfil the other requirements of Appendix I.

2. Without prejudice to Article 21 (2) and (3) of Appendix I, an origin declaration may be made out if the products concerned can be considered as products originating in Turkey or in Morocco, with application of the cumulation referred to in Articles 2 and 3 of this Annex, and fulfil the other requirements of Appendix I.

ARTICLE 5

Supplier's declarations

- 1. When a movement certificate EUR.1 is issued, or an origin declaration is made out, in Turkey or Morocco for originating products, in the manufacture of which goods coming from Algeria, Morocco, Tunisia or Turkey which have undergone working or processing in these countries without having obtained preferential originating status, have been used, account shall be taken of the supplier's declaration given for those goods in accordance with this Article.
- 2. The supplier's declaration referred to in paragraph 1 shall serve as evidence of the working or processing undergone in Algeria, Morocco, Tunisia or Turkey by the goods concerned for the purpose of determining whether the products in the manufacture of which these goods are used, may be considered as products originating in Turkey or Morocco and fulfil the other requirements of Appendix I.

- 3. A separate supplier's declaration shall, except in the cases provided in paragraph 4, be made out by the supplier for each consignment of goods in the form prescribed in Annex C on a sheet of paper annexed to the invoice, the delivery note or any other commercial document describing the goods concerned in sufficient detail to enable them to be identified.
- 4. Where a supplier regularly supplies a particular customer with goods for which the working or processing undergone in Algeria, Morocco, Tunisia or Turkey is expected to remain constant for considerable periods of time, he may provide a single supplier's declaration to cover subsequent consignments of those goods (hereinafter referred to as a "long-term supplier's declaration").

A long-term supplier's declaration may normally be valid for a period of up to one year from the date of making out the declaration. The customs authorities of the country where the declaration is made out lay down the conditions under which longer periods may be used.

The long-term supplier's declaration shall be made out by the supplier in the form prescribed in Annex D and shall describe the goods concerned in sufficient detail to enable them to be identified. It shall be provided to the customer concerned before he is supplied with the first consignment of goods covered by that declaration or together with his first consignment.

The supplier shall inform his customer immediately if the long-term supplier's declaration is no longer applicable to the goods supplied.

- 5. The supplier's declarations referred to in paragraphs 3 and 4 shall be typed or printed using one of the languages in which the Agreement is drawn up, in accordance with the provisions of the national law of the country where the declaration is made out, and shall bear the original signature of the supplier in manuscript. The declaration may also be handwritten; in such a case, it shall be written in ink in printed characters.
- 6. The supplier making out a declaration shall be prepared to submit at any time, at the request of the customs authorities of the country where the declaration is made out, all appropriate documents proving that the information given on that declaration is correct.

Supporting documents

Supplier's declarations proving the working or processing undergone in Algeria, Morocco, Tunisia or Turkey by materials used, made out in one of these countries, shall be treated as a document referred to in Articles 16 (3) and 21 (5) of the Appendix I and Article 5 (6) of this Annex used for the purpose of proving that products covered by a movement certificate EUR.1 or an origin declaration may be considered as products originating in Turkey or in Morocco and fulfil the other requirements of Appendix I.

Preservation of supplier's declarations

The supplier making out a supplier's declaration shall keep for at least three years copies of the declaration and of all the invoices, delivery notes or other commercial document to which this declaration is annexed as well as the documents referred to in Article 5(6).

The supplier making out a long-term supplier's declaration shall keep for at least three years copies of the declaration and of all the invoices, delivery notes or other commercial documents concerning goods covered by that declaration sent to the customer concerned, as well as the documents referred to in Article 5(6). This period shall begin from the date of expiry of validity of the long-term supplier's declaration.

ARTICLE 8

Administrative cooperation

In order to ensure the proper application of this Annex, Turkey and Morocco shall assist each other, through the competent customs authorities, in checking the authenticity of the movement certificates EUR.1, the origin declarations or the supplier's declarations and the correctness of the information given in these documents.

Verification of supplier's declarations

- Subsequent verifications of supplier's declarations or long-term supplier's declarations may be carried out at random or whenever the customs authorities of the country where such declarations have been taken into account to issue a movement certificate EUR.1 or to make out an origin declaration, have reasonable doubts as to the authenticity of the document or the correctness of the information given in this document.
- 2. For the purposes of implementing the provisions of paragraph 1, the customs authorities of the country referred to in paragraph 1 shall return the supplier's declaration or the long-term supplier's declaration and invoices, delivery notes or other commercial documents concerning goods covered by such declaration, to the customs authorities of the country where the declaration was made out, giving, where appropriate, the reasons of substance or form of the request for verification.

They shall forward, in support of the request for subsequent verification, any documents and information that have been obtained suggesting that the information given in the supplier's declaration or the long-term supplier's declaration is incorrect.

- 3. The verification shall be carried out by the customs authorities of the country where the supplier's declaration or the long-term supplier's declaration was made out. For this purpose, they shall have the right to call for any evidence and carry out any inspection of the supplier's accounts or any other check which they consider appropriate.
- 4. The customs authorities requesting the verification shall be informed of the results thereof as soon as possible. These results shall indicate clearly whether the information given in the supplier's declaration or the long-term supplier's declaration is correct and make it possible for them to determine whether and to what extent such declaration could be taken into account for issuing a movement certificate EUR.1 or for making out an origin declaration.

Sanctions

Penalties shall be imposed on any person who draws up, or causes to be drawn up, a document which contains incorrect information for the purpose of obtaining a preferential treatment for products.

Free zones

- 1. Turkey and Morocco shall take all necessary steps to ensure that products traded under cover of a proof of origin, which in the course of transport use a free zone situated in their territory, are not substituted by other goods and do not undergo handling other than normal operations designed to prevent their deterioration.
- 2. By way of derogation from paragraph 1, when products originating in Turkey or Morocco are imported into a free zone under cover of a proof of origin and undergo treatment or processing, the authorities concerned shall issue a new movement certificate EUR.1 at the exporter's request, if the treatment or processing undergone complies with the provisions of this Convention.

Trade between the Republic of Turkey and the Republic of Tunisia

ARTICLE 1

Products having acquired their origin by application of the provisions foreseen in this Annex shall be excluded from cumulation as referred to in Article 3 of Appendix I.

ARTICLE 2

Cumulation in Turkey

For the purpose of implementing Article 2(1)(b) of Appendix I, working or processing carried out in Algeria, Morocco or Tunisia shall be considered as having been carried out in Turkey when the products obtained undergo subsequent working or processing in Turkey. Where, pursuant to this provision, the originating products are obtained in two or more of the countries concerned, they shall be considered as originating in Turkey only if the working or processing goes beyond the operations referred to in Article 6 of Appendix I.

Cumulation in Tunisia

For the purpose of implementing Article 2(1)(b) of Appendix I, working or processing carried out in TurkeyAlgeria or Morocco shall be considered as having been carried out in Tunisia when the products obtained undergo subsequent working or processing in Tunisia. Where, pursuant to this provision, the originating products are obtained in two or more of the countries concerned, they shall be considered as originating in Tunisia only if the working or processing goes beyond the operations referred to in Article 6 of Appendix I.

ARTICLE 4

Proofs of origin

- 1. Without prejudice to Article 16 (4) and (5) of Appendix I, a movement certificate EUR.1 shall be issued by the customs authorities of Turkey or of Tunisia if the products concerned can be considered as products originating in Turkey or in Tunisia, with application of the cumulation referred to in Articles 2 and 3 of this Annex, and fulfil the other requirements of Appendix I.
- 2. Without prejudice to Article 21 (2) and (3) of Appendix I, an origin declaration may be made out if the products concerned may be considered as products originating in Turkey or in Tunisia, with application of the cumulation referred to in Articles 2 and 3 of this Annex, and fulfil the other requirements of Appendix I.

Supplier's declarations

- 1. When a movement certificate EUR.1 is issued, or an origin declaration is made out, in Turkey or Tunisia for originating products, in the manufacture of which goods coming from Algeria, Morocco, Tunisia or Turkey which have undergone working or processing in these countries without having obtained preferential originating status, have been used, account shall be taken of the supplier's declaration given for those goods in accordance with this Article.
- 2. The supplier's declaration referred to in paragraph 1 shall serve as evidence of the working or processing undergone in Algeria, Morocco, Tunisia or Turkey by the goods concerned for the purpose of determining whether the products in the manufacture of which these goods are used, can be considered as products originating in Turkey or Tunisia and fulfil the other requirements of Appendix I.
- 3. A separate supplier's declaration shall, except in the cases provided in paragraph 4, be made out by the supplier for each consignment of goods in the form prescribed in Annex C on a sheet of paper annexed to the invoice, the delivery note or any other commercial document describing the goods concerned in sufficient detail to enable them to be identified.

4. Where a supplier regularly supplies a particular customer with goods for which the working or processing undergone in Algeria, Morocco, Tunisia or Turkey is expected to remain constant for considerable periods of time, he may provide a single supplier's declaration to cover subsequent consignments of those goods (hereinafter referred to as a "long-term supplier's declaration").

A long-term supplier's declaration may normally be valid for a period of up to one year from the date of making out the declaration. The customs authorities of the country where the declaration is made out lay down the conditions under which longer periods may be used.

The long-term supplier's declaration shall be made out by the supplier in the form prescribed in Annex D and shall describe the goods concerned in sufficient detail to enable them to be identified. It shall be provided to the customer concerned before he is supplied with the first consignment of goods covered by that declaration or together with his first consignment.

The supplier shall inform his customer immediately if the long-term supplier's declaration is no longer applicable to the goods supplied.

5. The supplier's declarations referred to in paragraphs 3 and 4 shall be typed or printed using one of the languages in which the Agreement is drawn up, in accordance with the provisions of the national law of the country where the declaration is made out, and shall bear the original signature of the supplier in manuscript. The declaration may also be handwritten; in such a case, it shall be written in ink in printed characters.

6. The supplier making out a declaration shall be prepared to submit at any time, at the request of the customs authorities of the country where the declaration is made out, all appropriate documents proving that the information given on that declaration is correct.

ARTICLE 6

Supporting documents

Supplier's declarations proving the working or processing undergone in Algeria, Morocco, Tunisia or Turkeyby materials used, made out in one of these countries, shall be treated as a document referred to in Articles 16 (3) and 21 (5) of the Appendix I and Article 5 (6) of this Annex used for the purpose of proving that products covered by a movement certificate EUR.1 or an origin declaration may be considered as products originating in Turkey or in Tunisia and fulfil the other requirements of Appendix I.

ARTICLE 7

Preservation of supplier's declarations

The supplier making out a supplier's declaration shall keep for at least three years copies of the declaration and of all the invoices, delivery notes or other commercial document to which this declaration is annexed as well as the documents referred to in Article 5 (6).

The supplier making out a long-term supplier's declaration shall keep for at least three years copies of the declaration and of all the invoices, delivery notes or other commercial documents concerning goods covered by that declaration sent to the customer concerned, as well as the documents referred to in Article 5 (6). This period shall begin from the date of expiry of validity of the long-term supplier's declaration.

ARTICLE 8

Administrative cooperation

In order to ensure the proper application of this Annex, Turkey and Tunisia shall assist each other, through the competent customs authorities, in checking the authenticity of the movement certificates EUR.1, the origin declarations or the supplier's declarations and the correctness of the information given in these documents.

Verification of supplier's declarations

- Subsequent verifications of supplier's declarations or long-term supplier's declarations may be carried out at random or whenever the customs authorities of the country where such declarations have been taken into account to issue a movement certificate EUR.1 or to make out an origin declaration, have reasonable doubts as to the authenticity of the document or the correctness of the information given in this document.
- 2. For the purposes of implementing the provisions of paragraph 1, the customs authorities of the country referred to in paragraph 1 shall return the supplier's declaration or the long-term supplier's declaration and invoices, delivery notes or other commercial documents concerning goods covered by such declaration, to the customs authorities of the country where the declaration was made out, giving, where appropriate, the reasons of substance or form of the request for verification.

They shall forward, in support of the request for subsequent verification, any documents and information that have been obtained suggesting that the information given in the supplier's declaration or the long-term supplier's declaration is incorrect.

- 3. The verification shall be carried out by the customs authorities of the country where the supplier's declaration or the long-term supplier's declaration was made out. For this purpose, they shall have the right to call for any evidence and carry out any inspection of the supplier's accounts or any other check which they consider appropriate.
- 4. The customs authorities requesting the verification shall be informed of the results thereof as soon as possible. These results shall indicate clearly whether the information given in the supplier's declaration or the long-term supplier's declaration is correct and make it possible for them to determine whether and to what extent such declaration could be taken into account for issuing a movement certificate EUR.1 or for making out an origin declaration.

Sanctions

Penalties shall be imposed on any person who draws up, or causes to be drawn up, a document which contains incorrect information for the purpose of obtaining a preferential treatment for products.

Free zones

- 1. Turkey and Tunisia shall take all necessary steps to ensure that products traded under cover of a proof of origin, which in the course of transport use a free zone situated in their territory, are not substituted by other goods and do not undergo handling other than normal operations designed to prevent their deterioration.
- 2. By way of derogation from paragraph 1, when products originating in Turkey or Tunisia are imported into a free zone under cover of a proof of origin and undergo treatment or processing, the authorities concerned shall issue a new movement certificate EUR.1 at the exporter's request, if the treatment or processing undergone complies with the provisions of this Convention.

Trade between the EFTA States and the Republic of Tunisia

ARTICLE 1

Products having acquired origin by application of the provisions foreseen in this Annex shall be excluded from cumulation as referred to in Article 3 of Appendix I.

ARTICLE 2

Cumulation in an EFTA State

For the purpose of implementing Article 2 (1) (b) of Appendix I, working or processing carried out in Tunisia shall be considered as having been carried out in an EFTA State when the products obtained undergo subsequent working or processing in an EFTA State. Where, pursuant to this provision, the originating products are obtained in two or more of the Parties concerned, they shall be considered as originating in an EFTA State only if the working or processing goes beyond the operations referred to in Article 6 of Appendix I.

Cumulation in Tunisia

For the purpose of implementing Article 2 (1) (b) of Appendix I, working or processing carried out in the EFTA States shall be considered as having been carried out in Tunisia when the products obtained undergo subsequent working or processing in Tunisia. Where, pursuant to this provision, the originating products are obtained in two or more of the Parties concerned, they shall be considered as originating in Tunisia only if the working or processing goes beyond the operations referred to in Article 6 of Appendix I.

ARTICLE 4

Proofs of origin

1. Without prejudice to Article 16 (4) and (5) of Appendix I, a movement certificate EUR.1 shall be issued by the customs authorities of an EFTA State or of Tunisia if the products concerned can be considered as products originating in an EFTA State or in Tunisia, with application of the cumulation referred to in Articles 2 and 3 of this Annex, and fulfil the other requirements of Appendix I.

2. Without prejudice to Article 21 (2) and (3) of Appendix I, an origin declaration may be made out if the products concerned can be considered as products originating in an EFTA State or in Tunisia, with application of the cumulation referred to in Articles 2 and 3 of this Annex, and fulfil the other requirements of Appendix I.

ARTICLE 5

Supplier's declarations

- 1. When a movement certificate EUR.1 is issued, or an origin declaration is made out, in an EFTA State or in Tunisia for originating products, in the manufacture of which goods coming from Tunisia or the EFTA States which have undergone working or processing in these countries without having obtained preferential originating status, have been used, account shall be taken of the supplier's declaration given for those goods in accordance with this Article.
- 2. The supplier's declaration referred to in paragraph 1 shall serve as evidence of the working or processing undergone in Tunisia or the ETFA States by the goods concerned for the purpose of determining whether the products in the manufacture of which these goods are used, may be considered as products originating in the EFTA States or Tunisia and fulfil the other requirements of Appendix I.

- 3. A separate supplier's declaration shall, except in the cases provided in paragraph 4, be made out by the supplier for each consignment of goods in the form prescribed in Annex E on a sheet of paper annexed to the invoice, the delivery note or any other commercial document describing the goods concerned in sufficient detail to enable them to be identified.
- 4. Where a supplier regularly supplies a particular customer with goods for which the working or processing undergone in Tunisia or the EFTA States is expected to remain constant for considerable periods of time, he may provide a single supplier's declaration to cover subsequent consignments of those goods (hereinafter referred to as a "long-term supplier's declaration").

A long-term supplier's declaration may normally be valid for a period of up to one year from the date of making out the declaration. The customs authorities of the country where the declaration is made out lay down the conditions under which longer periods may be used.

The long-term supplier's declaration shall be made out by the supplier in the form prescribed in Annex F and shall describe the goods concerned in sufficient detail to enable them to be identified. It shall be provided to the customer concerned before he is supplied with the first consignment of goods covered by that declaration or together with his first consignment.

The supplier shall inform his customer immediately if the long-term supplier's declaration is no longer applicable to the goods supplied.

- 5. The supplier's declarations referred to in paragraphs 3 and 4 shall be typed or printed using one of the languages in which the Agreement is drawn up, in accordance with the provisions of the national law of the country where the declaration is made out, and shall bear the original signature of the supplier in manuscript. The declaration may also be handwritten; in such a case, it shall be written in ink in printed characters.
- 6. The supplier making out a declaration shall be prepared to submit at any time, at the request of the customs authorities of the country where the declaration is made out, all appropriate documents proving that the information given on that declaration is correct.

Supporting documents

Supplier's declarations proving the working or processing undergone in the EFTA States or Tunisia by materials used, made out in one of these countries, shall be treated as a document referred to in Articles 16 (3) and 21 (5) of Appendix I and Article 5 (6) of this Annex used for the purpose of proving that products covered by a movement certificate EUR.1 or an origin declaration may be considered as products originating in the an EFTA State or in Tunisia and fulfil the other requirements of Appendix I.

Preservation of supplier's declarations

The supplier making out a supplier's declaration shall keep for at least three years copies of the declaration and of all the invoices, delivery notes or other commercial document to which this declaration is annexed as well as the documents referred to in Article 5 (6).

The supplier making out a long-term supplier's declaration shall keep for at least three years copies of the declaration and of all the invoices, delivery notes or other commercial documents concerning goods covered by that declaration sent to the customer concerned, as well as the documents referred to in Article 5 (6). This period shall begin from the date of expiry of validity of the long-term supplier's declaration.

ARTICLE 8

Administrative cooperation

In order to ensure the proper application of this Annex, the EFTA States and Tunisia shall assist each other, through the competent customs authorities, in checking the authenticity of the movement certificates EUR.1, the origin declarations or the supplier's declarations and the correctness of the information given in these documents.

Verification of supplier's declarations

- Subsequent verifications of supplier's declarations or long-term supplier's declarations may be carried out at random or whenever the customs authorities of the country where such declarations have been taken into account to issue a movement certificate EUR.1 or to make out an origin declaration, have reasonable doubts as to the authenticity of the document or the correctness of the information given in this document.
- 2. For the purposes of implementing the provisions of paragraph 1, the customs authorities of the country referred to in paragraph 1 shall return the supplier's declaration or the long-term supplier's declaration and invoices, delivery notes or other commercial documents concerning goods covered by such declaration, to the customs authorities of the country where the declaration was made out, giving, where appropriate, the reasons of substance or form of the request for verification.

They shall forward, in support of the request for subsequent verification, any documents and information that have been obtained suggesting that the information given in the supplier's declaration or the long-term supplier's declaration is incorrect.

3. The verification shall be carried out by the customs authorities of the country where the supplier's declaration or the long-term supplier's declaration was made out. For this purpose, they shall have the right to call for any evidence and carry out any inspection of the supplier's accounts or any other check which they consider appropriate.

4. The customs authorities requesting the verification shall be informed of the results thereof as soon as possible. These results shall indicate clearly whether the information given in the supplier's declaration or the long-term supplier's declaration is correct and make it possible for them to determine whether and to what extent such declaration could be taken into account for issuing a movement certificate EUR.1 or for making out an origin declaration.

ARTICLE 10

Sanctions

Penalties shall be imposed on any person who draws up, or causes to be drawn up, a document which contains incorrect information for the purpose of obtaining a preferential treatment for products.

Free zones

- 1. The EFTA States and Tunisia shall take all necessary steps to ensure that products traded under cover of a proof of origin, which in the course of transport use a free zone situated in their territory, are not substituted by other goods and do not undergo handling other than normal operations designed to prevent their deterioration.
- 2. By way of derogation from paragraph 1, when products originating in an EFTA State or Tunisia are imported into a free zone under cover of a proof of origin and undergo treatment or processing, the authorities concerned shall issue a new movement certificate EUR.1 at the exporter's request, if the treatment or processing undergone complies with the provisions of this Convention.

ANNEX XII

Trade in the framework of the Free Trade Agreement among the Mediterranean Arab countries (Agadir Agreement)

Products obtained in the countries members to the Free Trade Agreement among the Mediterranean Arab countries (Agadir Agreement) from materials from chapters 1 to 24 of the Harmonised System are excluded from diagonal cumulation with the other Contracting Parties, when trade for these materials is not liberalised in the framework of the free trade agreements concluded between the country of final destination and the country of origin of the materials used for the manufacturing of this product.

ANNEX A

Supplier's declaration for goods which have undergone working or processing in the European Union, Algeria, Morocco or Tunisia without having obtained preferential originating status

The supplier's declaration, the text of which is given below, must be made out in accordance with the footnotes. However, the footnotes do not have to be reproduced.

SUPPLIER'S DECLARATION

for goods which have undergone working or processing in the European Union, Algeria, Morocco or Tunisia without having obtained preferential originating status

- I, the undersigned, supplier of the goods covered by the annexed document, declare that:
- 1. The following materials which do not originate in the European Union, Algeria, Morocco or Tunisia have been used in the European Union, Algeria, Morocco or Tunisia to produce these goods:

| Description of the | Description of | Heading of | Value of |
|--------------------|-----------------|--------------------|-----------------------|
| goods supplied (1) | non-originating | non-originating | non-originating |
| | materials used | materials used (2) | materials used (2)(3) |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| Total | | | |

2. All the other materials used in the European Union, Algeria, Morocco or Tunisia to produce these goods originate in the European Union, Algeria, Morocco or Tunisia;

3. The following goods have undergone working or processing outside the European Union, Algeria, Morocco or Tunisia in accordance with Article 11 of Appendix I to the Regional Convention on pan-Euro-Mediterrenan preferential rules of origin and have acquired the following total added value there:

| Description of the goods supplied | Total added value acquired outside the | |
|-----------------------------------|---|--|
| | European Union, Algeria, Morocco or Tunisia | |
| | (4) | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | (Place and date) | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | (Address and signature of the supplier; in addition the name of | |
| | the person signing the declaration has to be indicated in clear script) | |

When the invoice, delivery note or other commercial document to which the declaration is annexed relates to different kinds of goods, or to goods which do not incorporate non-originating materials to the same extent, the supplier must clearly differentiate them.

Example:

The document relates to different models of electric motor of heading 8501 to be used in the manufacture of washing machines of heading 8450. The nature and value of the non-originating materials used in the manufacture of these motors differ from one model to another. The models must therefore be differentiated in the first column and the indications in the other columns must be provided separately for each of the models to make it possible for the manufacturer of washing machines to make a correct assessment of the originating status of his products depending on which model of electrical motor he uses.

The indications requested in these columns should only be given if they are necessary.

Examples:

(3)

The rule for garments of ex Chapter 62 says that non-originating yarn may be used. If a manufacturer of such garments in Algeria uses fabric imported from the European Union which has been obtained there by weaving non-originating yarn, it is sufficient for the European Union supplier to describe in his declaration the non-originating material used as yarn, without it being necessary to indicate the heading and value of such yarn.

A producer of iron of heading 7217 who has produced it from non-originating iron bars should indicate in the second column 'bars of iron'. Where this wire is to be used in the production of a machine, for which the rule contains a limitation for all non-originating materials used to a certain percentage value, it is necessary to indicate in the third column the value of non-originating bars.

'Value of materials' means the customs value at the time of importation of the non-originating materials used, or, if this is not known and cannot be ascertained, the first ascertainable price paid for the materials in the European Union, Algeria, Morocco or Tunisia. The exact value for each non-originating material used be given per unit of the goods specified in the first column.

(4) 'Total added value' shall mean all costs accumulated outside the European Union, Algeria, Morocco or Tunisia, including the value of all materials added there. The exact total added value acquired outside the European Union, Algeria, Morocco or Tunisia must be given per unit of the goods specified in the first column.

ANNEX B

Long-term supplier's declaration for goods which have undergone working or processing in the European Union, Algeria, Morocco or Tunisia without having obtained preferential originating status

The long-term supplier's declaration, the text of which is given below, must be made out in accordance with the footnotes. However, the footnotes do not have to be reproduced.

LONG-TERM SUPPLIER'S DECLARATION

for goods which have undergone working or processing in the European Union, Algeria,
Morocco or Tunisia without having obtained preferential originating status

| I, the undersigned, supplier of the goods covered by this document, which are regularly supplied to |
|---|
| ⁽¹⁾ declare that: |
| |

1. The following materials which do not originate in the European Union, Algeria, Morocco, or Tunisia have been used in the European Union, Algeria, Morocco or Tunisia to produce these goods:

| Description of the | Description of | Heading of | Value of |
|--------------------|-----------------|--------------------|-----------------------|
| goods supplied (2) | non-originating | non-originating | non-originating |
| | materials used | materials used (3) | materials used (3)(4) |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| Total | | | |

2. All the other materials used in the European Union, Algeria, Morocco or Tunisia to produce these goods originate in the European Union, Algeria, Morocco or Tunisia;

3. The following goods have undergone working or processing outside the European Union, Algeria, Morocco or Tunisia in accordance with Article 11 of Appendix I to the Regional Convention on pan-Euro-Mediterrenan preferential rules of origin and have acquired the following total added value there:

| Description of the goods supplied | Total added value acquired outside the |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| | European Union, Algeria, Morocco or Tunisia |
| | (5) |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |

| This declaration is valid for all subsequen | t consignments of these goods dispatched |
|---|--|
| from | |
| to | (6) |
| I undertake to inform | ⁽¹⁾ immediately if this declaration is |
| no longer valid. | |
| | |
| | (Place and date) |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | (Address and signature of the supplier; |
| | in addition the name of the person signing |
| | the declaration has to be indicated in clear script) |

(1) Name and address of the customer

When the invoice, delivery note or other commercial document to which the declaration is annexed relates to different kinds of goods, or to goods which do not incorporate non-originating materials to the same extent, the supplier must clearly differentiate them.

Example:

The document relates to different models of electric motor of heading 8501 to be used in the manufacture of washing machines of heading 8450. The nature and value of the non-originating materials used in the manufacture of these motors differ from one model to another. The models must therefore be differentiated in the first column and the indications in the other columns must be provided separately for each of the models to make it possible for the manufacturer of washing machines to make a correct assessment of the originating status of his products depending on which model of electrical motor he uses.

The indications requested in these columns should only be given if they are necessary.

Examples:

The rule for garments of ex Chapter 62 says that non-originating yarn may be used. If a manufacturer of such garments in Algeria uses fabric imported from the European Union which has been obtained there by weaving non-originating yarn, it is sufficient for the European Union supplier to describe in his declaration the non-originating material used as yarn, without it being necessary to indicate the heading and value of such yarn.

A producer of iron of heading 7217 who has produced it from non-originating iron bars should indicate in the second column 'bars of iron'. Where this wire is to be used in the production of a machine, for which the rule contains a limitation for all non-originating materials used to a certain percentage value, it is necessary to indicate in the third column the value of non-originating bars.

- (4) 'Value of materials' means the customs value at the time of importation of the non-originating materials used, or, if this is not known and cannot be ascertained, the first ascertainable price paid for the materials in the European Union, Algeria, Morocco or Tunisia. The exact value for each non-originating material used be given per unit of the goods specified in the first column.
- (5) Total added value' means all costs accumulated outside the European Union, Algeria, Morocco or Tunisia, including the value of all materials added there. The exact total added value acquired outside the European Union, Algeria, Morocco or Tunisia must be given per unit of the goods specified in the first column.
- Insert dates. The period of validity of the long term supplier's declaration should not normally exceed 12 months, subject to the conditions laid down by the customs authorities of the country where the long term supplier's declaration is made out.

ANNEX C

Supplier's declaration for goods which have undergone working or processing in Algeria, Morocco, Tunisia or Turkey without having obtained preferential originating status

The supplier's declaration, the text of which is given below, must be made out in accordance with the footnotes. However, the footnotes do not have to be reproduced.

SUPPLIER'S DECLARATION

for goods which have undergone working or processing in Algeria, Morocco, Tunisia or Turkey without having obtained preferential originating status

I, the undersigned, supplier of the goods covered by the annexed document, declare that:

1. The following materials which do not originate in Algeria, Morocco, Tunisia or Turkey have been used in Algeria, Morocco, Tunisia or Turkey to produce these goods:

| Description of the | Description of | Heading of | Value of |
|--------------------|-----------------|--------------------|-----------------------|
| goods supplied (1) | non-originating | non-originating | non-originating |
| | materials used | materials used (2) | materials used (2)(3) |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | Total | |

2. All the other materials used in Algeria, Morocco, Tunisia or Turkey to produce these goods originate in Algeria, Morocco, Tunisia or Turkey;

3. The following goods have undergone working or processing outside Algeria, Morocco, Tunisia or Turkey in accordance with Article 11 of Appendix I to the Regional Convention on pan-Euro-Mediterrenan preferential rules of origin and have acquired the following total added value there:

| Description of the goods supplied | Total added value acquired outside, | |
|-----------------------------------|---|--|
| | Algeria, Morocco, Tunisia or Turkey (4) | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | (Diagonal data) | |
| | (Place and date) | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | (Address and signature of the supplier; in addition the name of | |
| | the person signing the declaration has to be indicated in clear script) | |

The document relates to different models of electric motor of heading 8501 to be used in the manufacture of washing machines of heading 8450. The nature and value of the non-originating materials used in the manufacture of these motors differ from one model to another. The models must therefore be differentiated in the first column and the indications in the other columns must be provided separately for each of the models to make it possible for the manufacturer of washing machines to make a correct assessment of the originating status of his products depending on which model of electrical motor he uses.

The indications requested in these columns should only be given if they are necessary. Examples:

The rule for garments of ex Chapter 62 says that non-originating yarn may be used. If a manufacturer of such garments in Tunisia uses fabric imported from Turkey which has been obtained there by weaving non-originating yarn, it is sufficient for Turkey supplier to describe in his declaration the non-originating material used as yarn, without it being necessary to indicate the heading and value of such yarn.

A producer of iron of heading 7217 who has produced it from non-originating iron bars should indicate in the second column 'bars of iron'. Where this wire is to be used in the production of a machine, for which the rule contains a limitation for all non-originating materials used to a certain percentage value, it is necessary to indicate in the third column the value of non-originating bars.

(3) Value of materials' means the customs value at the time of importation of the non-originating materials used, or, if this is not known and cannot be ascertained, the first ascertainable price paid for the materials in Algeria, Morocco, Tunisia or Turkey. The exact value for each non-originating material used be given per unit of the goods specified in the first column.

(4) Total added value' means all costs accumulated outside Algeria, Morocco, Tunisia or Turkey, including the value of all materials added there. The exact total added value acquired outside Algeria, Morocco, Tunisia or Turkey must be given per unit of the goods specified in the first column.

When the invoice, delivery note or other commercial document to which the declaration is annexed relates to different kinds of goods, or to goods which do not incorporate non-originating materials to the same extent, the supplier must clearly differentiate them.

Example:

ANNEX D

Long-term supplier's declaration for goods which have undergone working or processing in Algeria, Morocco, Tunisia or Turkey without having obtained preferential originating status

The long-term supplier's declaration, the text of which is given below, must be made out in accordance with the footnotes. However, the footnotes do not have to be reproduced.

LONG-TERM SUPPLIER'S DECLARATION

for goods which have undergone working or processing in Algeria, Morocco, Tunisia or Turkey without having obtained preferential originating status

| , , | | • | nt, which are regularly supplied | 1 to |
|---|--|-----------------|---|------|
| | ⁽¹⁾ de | clare that: | | |
| • | aterials which do not out of the control of the con | | orocco, Tunisia or Turkey hav these goods: | e |
| Description of the | Description of | Heading of | Value of | |
| goods supplied (2) | non-originating | non-originating | non-originating | |
| materials used materials used (3) materials used (3)(4) | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |

2. All the other materials used in Algeria, Morocco, Tunisia or Turkey to produce these goods originate in Algeria, Morocco, Tunisia or Turkey;

Total

3. The following goods have undergone working or processing outside Algeria, Morocco, Tunisia or Turkey in accordance with Article 11 of Appendix I to the Regional Convention on pan-Euro-Mediterrenan preferential rules of origin and have acquired the following total added value there:

| Description of the goods supplied | Total added value acquired outside | |
|-----------------------------------|---|--|
| | Algeria, Morocco, Tunisia or Turkey (5) | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |

| of these goods dispatched |
|--|
| |
| (6) |
| ⁽¹⁾ immediately if this declaration is |
| |
| |
| (Place and date) |
| |
| |
| |
| (Address and signature of the supplier; in addition the name of the person signing |
| the declaration has to be indicated in clear script) |
| - |

Name and address of the customer

When the invoice, delivery note or other commercial document to which the declaration is annexed relates to different kinds of goods, or to goods which do not incorporate non-originating materials to the same extent, the supplier must clearly differentiate them.

Example:

The document relates to different models of electric motor of heading 8501 to be used in the manufacture of washing machines of heading 8450. The nature and value of the non-originating materials used in the manufacture of these motors differ from one model to another. The models must therefore be differentiated in the first column and the indications in the other columns must be provided separately for each of the models to make it possible for the manufacturer of washing machines to make a correct assessment of the originating status of his products depending on which model of electrical motor he uses.

The indications requested in these columns should only be given if they are necessary.

The rule for garments of ex Chapter 62 says that non-originating yarn may be used. If a manufacturer of such garments in Tunisia uses fabric imported from Turkey which has been obtained there by weaving non-originating yarn, it is sufficient for Turkey supplier to describe in his declaration the non-originating material used as yarn, without it being necessary to indicate the heading and value of such yarn.

A producer of iron of heading 7217 who has produced it from non-originating iron bars should indicate in the second column 'bars of iron'. Where this wire is to be used in the production of a machine, for which the rule contains a limitation for all non-originating materials used to a certain percentage value, it is necessary to indicate in the third column the value of non-originating bars.

- Value of materials' means the customs value at the time of importation of the non-originating materials used, or, if this is not known and cannot be ascertained, the first ascertainable price paid for the materials in Algeria, Morocco, Tunisia or Turkey. The exact value for each non-originating material used be given per unit of the goods specified in the first column.
- Total added value' means all costs accumulated outside Algeria, Morocco, Tunisia or Turkey, including the value of all materials added there. The exact total added value acquired outside Algeria, Morocco, Tunisia or Turkey must be given per unit of the goods specified in the first column.
- Insert dates. The period of validity of the long term supplier's declaration should not normally exceed 12 months, subject to the conditions laid down by the customs authorities of the country where the long term supplier's declaration is made out.

ANNEX E

Supplier's declaration for goods which have undergone working or processing in an EFTA State or Tunisia without having obtained preferential originating status

The supplier's declaration, the text of which is given below, must be made out in accordance with the footnotes. However, the footnotes do not have to be reproduced.

SUPPLIER'S DECLARATION

for goods which have undergone working or processing in an EFTA State or Tunisia without having obtained preferential originating status

- I, the undersigned, supplier of the goods covered by the annexed document, declare that:
- 1. The following materials which do not originate in an EFTA State or Tunisia have been used in an EFTA State or Tunisia to produce these goods:

| Description of the | Description of | Heading of | Value of |
|--------------------|-----------------|--------------------|-----------------------|
| goods supplied (1) | non-originating | non-originating | non-originating |
| | materials used | materials used (2) | materials used (2)(3) |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | Total | |

2. All the other materials used in an EFTA State or Tunisia to produce these goods originate in an EFTA State or Tunisia;

3. The following goods have undergone working or processing outside an EFTA State or Tunisia in accordance with Article 11 of Appendix I to the Regional Convention on pan-Euro-Mediterrenan preferential rules of origin and have acquired the following total added value there:

| Description of the goods supplied | Total added value acquired outside an EFTA State or Tunisia (4) |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| | |
| | |
| | (Place and date) |
| | |
| | (Address and signature of the supplier; in addition the name of |
| | the person signing the declaration has to be indicated in clear script) |

When the invoice, delivery note or other commercial document to which the declaration is annexed relates to different kinds of goods, or to goods which do not incorporate non-originating materials to the same extent, the supplier must clearly differentiate them.

Example:

The document relates to different models of electric motor of heading 8501 to be used in the manufacture of washing machines of heading 8450. The nature and value of the non-originating materials used in the manufacture of these motors differ from one model to another. The models must therefore be differentiated in the first column and the indications in the other columns must be provided separately for each of the models to make it possible for the manufacturer of washing machines to make a correct assessment of the originating status of his products depending on which model of electrical motor he uses.

The indications requested in these columns should only be given if they are necessary.

Examples:

The rule for garments of ex Chapter 62 says that non-originating yarn may be used. If a manufacturer of such garments in Tunisia uses fabric imported from an EFTA State which has been obtained there by weaving non-originating yarn, it is sufficient for the EFTA State supplier to describe in his declaration the non-originating material used as yarn, without it being necessary to indicate the heading and value of such yarn.

A producer of iron of heading 7217 who has produced it from non-originating iron bars should indicate in the second column 'bars of iron'. Where this wire is to be used in the production of a machine, for which the rule contains a limitation for all non-originating materials used to a certain percentage value, it is necessary to indicate in the third column the value of non-originating bars.

- (3) 'Value of materials' means the customs value at the time of importation of the non-originating materials used, or, if this is not known and cannot be ascertained, the first ascertainable price paid for the materials in an EFTA State or Tunisia. The exact value for each non-originating material used be given per unit of the goods specified in the first column.
- Total added value' means all costs accumulated outside an EFTA State or Tunisia, including the value of all materials added there. The exact total added value acquired outside an EFTA State or Tunisia must be given per unit of the goods specified in the first column

ANNEX F

Long-term supplier's declaration for goods which have undergone working or processing in an EFTA State or Tunisia without having obtained preferential originating status

The long-term supplier's declaration, the text of which is given below, must be made out in accordance with the footnotes. However, the footnotes do not have to be reproduced.

LONG-TERM SUPPLIER'S DECLARATION

for goods which have undergone working or processing in an EFTA State or Tunisia without having obtained preferential originating status

| I, the undersigned, supplier of the goods covered by this document, which are regularly supplied t | | | | | |
|--|-------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|-------------|--|
| ⁽¹⁾ declare that: | | | | | |
| 1. The following ma | aterials which do not o | originate in an EFTA S | State or Tunisia have be | een used in | |
| an EFTA State of | r Tunisia to produce th | nese goods: | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Description of the | Description of | Heading of | Value of | | |
| goods supplied (2) | non-originating | non-originating | non-originating | | |
| | materials used | materials used (3) | materials used (3)(4) | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |

2. All the other materials used in an EFTA State or Tunisia to produce these goods originate in an EFTA State or Tunisia;

Total

3. The following goods have undergone working or processing outside an EFTA State or Tunisia in accordance with Article 11 of Appendix I to the Regional Convention on pan-Euro-Mediterrenan preferential rules of origin and have acquired the following total added value there:

| Description of the goods supplied | Total added value acquired outside an EFTA | |
|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| | State or Tunisia (5) | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |

| nments of these goods dispatched |
|--|
| |
| (6) |
| ⁽¹⁾ immediately if this declaration is |
| |
| |
| (Place and date) |
| |
| |
| |
| (Address and signature of the supplier; |
| in addition the name of the person signing |
| the declaration has to be indicated in clear script) |
| • |

- (1) Name and address of the customer
- When the invoice, delivery note or other commercial document to which the declaration is annexed relates to different kinds of goods, or to goods which do not incorporate non-originating materials to the same extent, the supplier must clearly differentiate them.

 Example:

The document relates to different models of electric motor of heading 8501 to be used in the manufacture of washing machines of heading 8450. The nature and value of the non-originating materials used in the manufacture of these motors differ from one model to another. The models must therefore be differentiated in the first column and the indications in the other columns must be provided separately for each of the models to make it possible for the manufacturer of washing machines to make a correct assessment of the originating status of his products depending on which model of electrical motor he uses.

- The indications requested in these columns should only be given if they are necessary. Examples:
 - The rule for garments of ex Chapter 62 says that non-originating yarn may be used. If a manufacturer of such garments in Tunisia uses fabric imported from an EFTA State which has been obtained there by weaving non-originating yarn, it is sufficient for the EFTA State supplier to describe in his declaration the non-originating material used as yarn, without it being necessary to indicate the heading and value of such yarn.

A producer of iron of heading 7217 who has produced it from non-originating iron bars should indicate in the second column 'bars of iron'. Where this wire is to be used in the production of a machine, for which the rule contains a limitation for all non-originating materials used to a certain percentage value, it is necessary to indicate in the third column the value of non-originating bars.

- (4) Value of materials' means the customs value at the time of importation of the non-originating materials used, or, if this is not known and cannot be ascertained, the first ascertainable price paid for the materials in an EFTA State or Tunisia. The exact value for each non-originating material used be given per unit of the goods specified in the first column.
- Total added value' means all costs accumulated outside an EFTA State or Tunisia, including the value of all materials added there. The exact total added value acquired outside an EFTA State or Tunisia must be given per unit of the goods specified in the first column.
- (6) Insert dates. The period of validity of the long term supplier's declaration should not normally exceed 12 months, subject to the conditions laid down by the customs authorities of the country where the long term supplier's declaration is made out.