

COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION

Brussels, 7 March 2005 (OR. en)

16056/04

Interinstitutional File: 2003/0189A (COD)

ENV 688 ENT 159 CODEC 1341 OC 472

LEGISLATIVE ACTS AND OTHER INSTRUMENTS

Subject: Common position adopted by the Council with a view to the adoption of a

Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council on certain fluorinated

greenhouse gases

COMMON GUIDELINES

Consultation deadline: 17.03.2005

REGULATION (EC) No /2005 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL

of

on certain fluorinated greenhouse gases

THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community, and in particular, Article 175(1) thereof and Article 95 thereof in relation to Articles 7, 8 and 9 of this Regulation,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the Opinion of the European Economic and Social Committee ¹,

Acting in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 251 of the Treaty²,

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OJ C 108, 30.4.2004, p. 62.

Opinion of the European Parliament of 31 March 2004 (not yet published in the Official Journal), Council Common Position of ... (not yet published in the Official Journal) and Position of the European Parliament of ... (not yet published in the Official Journal).

Whereas:

- (1) The Sixth Community Environment Action Programme ¹ identifies climate change as a priority for action. That Programme recognises that the Community is committed to achieving an 8% reduction in emissions of greenhouse gases in the period from 2008 to 2012 compared to 1990 levels, and that, in the longer-term, global emissions of greenhouse gases will need to be reduced by approximately 70% compared to 1990 levels.
- (2) The ultimate objective of the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change, which was approved by Council Decision 94/69/EC of 15 December 1993 concerning the conclusion of the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change ², is to achieve stabilisation of greenhouse gas concentrations in the atmosphere at a level which prevents dangerous anthropogenic interference with the climate system.
- (3) Council Decision 2002/358/EC of 25 April 2002 concerning the approval, on behalf of the European Community, of the Kyoto Protocol to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change and the joint fulfilment of commitments thereunder ³ commits the Community and its Member States to reduce their aggregate anthropogenic emissions of greenhouse gases listed in Annex A to the Kyoto Protocol by 8% compared to 1990 levels in the period from 2008 to 2012.

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Decision No 1600/2002/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 July 2002 laying down the Sixth Community Environment Action Programme (OJ L 242, 10.9.2002, p. 1).

OJ L 33, 7.2.1994, p. 11.

³ OJ L 130, 15.5.2002, p. 1.

- Provision should be made for the prevention and minimisation of emissions of fluorinated (4) greenhouse gases, without prejudice to Council Directive 75/442/EEC of 15 July 1975 on waste ¹, Council Directive 96/61/EC of 24 September 1996 concerning integrated pollution prevention and control², Directive 2000/53/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 September 2000 on end-of life vehicles ³ and Directive 2002/96/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 January 2003 on waste electrical and electronic equipment (WEEE) 4.
- (5) The primary objective of this Regulation is to reduce the emissions of the fluorinated greenhouse gases covered by the Kyoto Protocol and thus to protect the environment. The legal base should therefore be Article 175(1) of the Treaty.
- Nevertheless, it is appropriate to take measures at Community level on the basis of Article 95 (6) of the Treaty to harmonise requirements on the use of fluorinated greenhouse gases and the marketing and labelling of products and equipment containing fluorinated greenhouse gases. Marketing and use restrictions for certain applications of fluorinated greenhouse gases are considered appropriate where viable alternatives are available and improvement of containment and recovery is not feasible. Voluntary initiatives by some industry sectors should also be taken into account, as well as the fact that the development of alternatives is still ongoing.

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OJ L 194, 25.7.1975, p. 39. Directive as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 1882/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council (OJ L 284, 31.10.2003, p. 1).

OJ L 257, 10.10.1996, p. 26. Directive as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 1882/2003.

³ OJ L 269, 21.10.2000, p. 34. Directive as amended by Commission Decision 2002/525/EC (OJ L 170, 29.6.2002, p. 81).

OJ L 37, 13.2.2003, p. 24. Directive as amended by Directive 2003/108/EC (OJ L 345, 31.12.2003, p. 106).

- (7) The placing on the market of the products and equipment containing fluorinated greenhouse gases as listed in Annex II is detrimental to the objectives and commitments of the Community and its Member States with regard to climate change and it is therefore necessary to restrict the placing on the market of these products and equipment. This could also be the case concerning other applications containing fluorinated greenhouse gases and therefore the need for an extension of Annex II should be reviewed, taking account of the environmental benefits, the technical feasibility and cost effectiveness.
- (8) In order to contribute to the fulfilment of the commitments of the Community and its Member States under the UN Framework Convention on Climate Change, the Kyoto Protocol and Decision 2002/358/EC, Directive 2005/.../EC * and this Regulation, which both contribute to prevention and minimisation of emissions of fluorinated greenhouse gases, should be adopted and published in the Official Journal of the European Union simultaneously.
- (9) Provision should be made for the monitoring, evaluation and review of the provisions contained in this Regulation.
- (10) Member States should lay down rules on penalties applicable to infringements of this Regulation and ensure that those rules are implemented. Those penalties must be effective, proportionate and dissuasive.

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Note for OJ. Insert reference to the Directive corresponding to this Regulation for simultaneous publication.

- (11) This Regulation respects the fundamental rights and observes the principles recognised in particular by the Charter of Fundamental Rights of the European Union.
- (12) Since the objectives of this Regulation, namely the containment and reporting of certain fluorinated greenhouse gases and the control of use and placing on the market of products and equipment containing certain fluorinated greenhouse gases, in order to protect the environment and to preserve the internal market, cannot be sufficiently achieved by the Member States and can therefore by reason of the scale and effects of this Regulation be better achieved at Community level, the Community may adopt measures, in accordance with the principle of subsidiarity as set out in Article 5 of the Treaty. In accordance with the principle of proportionality, as set out in that Article, this Regulation does not go beyond what is necessary in order to achieve those objectives.
- (13) The measures necessary for the implementation of this Regulation should be adopted in accordance with Council Decision 1999/468/EC of 28 June 1999 laying down the procedures for the exercise of implementing powers conferred on the Commission ¹,

HAVE ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

¹ OJ L 184, 17.7.1999, p. 23.

Scope

The objective of this Regulation is to reduce emissions of the fluorinated greenhouse gases covered by the Kyoto Protocol. It shall apply to the fluorinated greenhouse gases listed in Annex A to that Protocol. Annex I to this Regulation contains a list of the fluorinated greenhouse gases currently covered by this Regulation, together with their global warming potentials. In the light of revisions provided for by Article 5(3) of the Kyoto Protocol and accepted by the Community and its Member States, Annex I may be reviewed and if appropriate may then be updated.

This Regulation addresses the containment, use, recovery and destruction of the fluorinated greenhouse gases listed in Annex I; the labelling and disposal of products and equipment containing those gases; the reporting of information on those gases; the uses referred to in Article 8 and the placing on the market of the products and equipment referred to in Article 9; and the training and certification of personnel involved in activities provided for by this Regulation.

This Regulation shall apply without prejudice to Directives 75/442/EEC, 96/61/EC, 2000/53/EC and 2002/96/EC.

Definitions

For the purposes of this Regulation the following definitions shall apply:

- "fluorinated greenhouse gases" means hydrofluorocarbons (HFCs), perfluorocarbons (PFCs) and sulphur hexafluoride (SF₆) as listed in Annex I and preparations containing those substances, but excludes substances controlled under Regulation (EC) No 2037/2000 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 29 June 2000 on substances that deplete the ozone layer ¹;
- 2) "hydrofluorocarbon" means an organic compound consisting of carbon, hydrogen and fluorine, and where no more than six carbon atoms are contained in the molecule;
- 3) "perfluorocarbon" means an organic compound consisting of carbon and fluorine only, and where no more than six carbon atoms are contained in the molecule;
- "global warming potential" means the climatic warming potential of a fluorinated greenhouse gas relative to that of carbon dioxide. The global warming potential (GWP) is calculated in terms of the 100 year warming potential of one kilogram of a gas relative to one kilogram of CO₂. The GWP figures listed in Annex I are those published in the third assessment report (TAR) adopted by the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change ("2001 IPCC GWP values") ²;

OJ L 244, 29.9.2000, p. 1. Regulation as last amended by Commission Regulation (EC) No 2077/2004 (OJ L 359, 4.12.2004, p. 28).

² IPCC Third Assessment Climate Change 2001. A Report of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (http://www.ipcc.ch/pub/reports.htm).

- 5) "preparation" means for the purposes of the obligations in this Regulation, excluding destruction, a mixture composed of two or more substances at least one of which is a fluorinated greenhouse gas, except where the total global warming potential of the preparation is less than 150. The total global warming potential ¹ of the preparation shall be determined in accordance with Part 2 of Annex I;
- 6) "operator" means the natural or legal person exercising actual power over the technical functioning of the equipment and systems covered by this Regulation; a Member State may, in defined, specific situations, designate the owner as being responsible for the operator's obligations;
- 7) "placing on the market" means the supplying of or making available to third persons, against payment or free of charge, products and equipment containing or whose functioning relies upon fluorinated greenhouse gases, by a producer or an importer for the first time in the European Union;
- 8) "use" means the utilisation of fluorinated greenhouse gases in the production, refilling, servicing or maintenance of products and equipment covered by this Regulation;
- 9) "heat pump" means a device or installation that extracts heat at low temperature from air, water or earth and supplies heat;
- 10) "leakage detection system" means a calibrated mechanical, electrical or electronic device for detecting leakage of fluorinated greenhouse gases which, on detection, alerts the operator;

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For the calculation of the GWP of non-fluorinated greenhouse gases in preparations, the values published in the First IPCC Assessment shall apply, see: Climate Change, The IPCC Scientific Assessment, J.T. Houghton, G.J. Jenkins, J.J. Ephraums (ed.), Cambridge University Press, Cambridge (UK) 1990.

- 11) "hermetically sealed system" means a system in which all refrigerant containing parts are made tight by welding, brazing or a similar permanent connection;
- 12) "container" means a product which is designed primarily for transporting or storing fluorinated greenhouse gases;
- 13) "a non-refillable container" means a container that is designed not to be refilled and is used in the servicing, maintenance or filling of refrigeration, air-conditioning or heat pump equipment, fire protection systems or high-voltage switchgear; or to store or transport fluorinated greenhouse gas based solvents;
- 14) "recovery" means the collection and storage of fluorinated greenhouse gases from, for example, machinery, equipment and containers;
- 15) "recycling" means the reuse of a recovered fluorinated greenhouse gas following a basic cleaning process;
- 16) "reclamation" means the reprocessing of a recovered fluorinated greenhouse gas in order to meet a specified standard of performance;
- 17) "destruction" means the process by which all or most of a fluorinated greenhouse gas is permanently transformed or decomposed into one or more stable substances which are not fluorinated greenhouse gases;

18) "novelty aerosol" means those aerosol generators marketed and intended for sale to the general public for entertainment and decorative purposes as listed in the Annex to Directive 94/48/EC ¹

Article 3

Containment

- 1. Operators of the following stationary applications: refrigeration, air conditioning and heat pump equipment and fire protection systems, which contain fluorinated greenhouse gases listed in Annex I, shall, using all measures which are technically feasible and do not entail disproportionate cost:
- (a) prevent leakage of these gases; and
- (b) as soon as possible repair any detected leakage.
- 2. Operators of the applications referred to in paragraph 1 shall ensure that they are inspected for leakage by certified personnel who comply with the requirements of Article 5, according to the following schedule:
- (a) applications containing 3 kg or more of fluorinated greenhouse gases shall be inspected at least once every twelve months; this shall not apply to equipment with hermetically sealed systems, which are labelled as such and contain less than 6 kg of fluorinated greenhouse gases;

Directive 94/48/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 7 December 1994 amending for the 13th time Directive 76/769/EEC on the approximation of the laws, regulations and administrative provisions of the Member States relating to restrictions on the marketing and use of certain dangerous substances and preparations (OJ L 331, 21.12.1994, p. 7).

- (b) applications containing 30 kg or more of fluorinated greenhouse gases shall be inspected at least once every six months;
- (c) applications containing 300 kg or more of fluorinated greenhouse gases shall be inspected at least once every three months.

The applications shall be inspected for leakage within one month after a leak has been repaired to ensure that the repair has been effective.

For the purposes of this paragraph, "inspected for leakage" means that the equipment or system is examined primarily for leakage using direct or indirect measuring methods, focusing on those parts of the equipment or system most likely to leak.

- 3. Operators of the applications referred to in paragraph 1, containing 300 kg or more of fluorinated greenhouse gases, shall install leakage detection systems. These leakage detection systems shall be inspected at least once every twelve months to ensure their proper functioning.
- 4. Where a properly functioning appropriate leakage detection system is in place, the frequency of the inspections required under paragraph 2 (b) and (c) shall be halved.
- 5. In the case of fire protection systems where there is an existing inspection regime in place to meet ISO 14520 standard, these inspections may also fulfil the obligations of this Regulation as long as those inspections are at least as frequent.

- 6. Operators of the applications referred to in paragraph 1, containing 3 kg or more of fluorinated greenhouse gases, shall maintain records on the quantity and type of fluorinated greenhouse gases installed, any quantities added and the quantity recovered during servicing, maintenance and final disposal. They shall also maintain records of other relevant information including the identification of the company or technician who performed the servicing or maintenance, as well as the dates and results of the inspections carried out under paragraphs 2, 3 and 4. The records shall be made available on request to the competent authority and to the Commission.
- 7. By*, the Commission shall establish, in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 11(2), the standard inspection requirements for each of the applications referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article.

Recovery

- 1. Operators of the following types of stationary equipment shall be responsible for putting in place arrangements for the proper recovery by certified personnel, who comply with the requirements of Article 5, of fluorinated greenhouse gases to ensure their recycling, reclamation or destruction:
- (a) the cooling circuits of refrigeration, air-conditioning and heat pump equipment;

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^{*} The date of entry into force of this Regulation.

- (b) equipment containing fluorinated greenhouse gas based solvents;
- (c) fire protection systems and fire extinguishers; and
- (d) high-voltage switchgear.
- 2. When a refillable or non-refillable fluorinated greenhouse gas container reaches the end of its life, the person utilising the container for transport or storage purposes shall be responsible for putting in place arrangements for the proper recovery of any residual gases it contains to ensure their recycling, reclamation or destruction.
- 3. The fluorinated greenhouse gases contained in other products and equipment, including mobile equipment unless it is serving military operations, shall, to the extent that it is technically feasible and does not entail disproportionate cost, be recovered by appropriately qualified personnel, to ensure their recycling, reclamation or destruction.
- 4. Recovery, for the purpose of recycling, reclamation or destruction of the fluorinated greenhouse gases, pursuant to paragraphs 1 to 3, shall take place before the final disposal of that equipment and, when appropriate, during its servicing and maintenance.

Training and certification

- 1. By * on the basis of information received from Member States and in consultation with the relevant sectors, the Commission shall establish, in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 11(2), minimum requirements and the conditions for mutual recognition in respect of training programmes and certification for the relevant personnel and for the companies and their personnel involved in the activities provided for in Articles 3 and 4.
- 2. By ** Member States shall establish or adapt their own training and certification requirements, on the basis of the minimum requirements referred to in paragraph 1. Member States shall notify the Commission of their training and certification programmes. Member States shall give recognition to the certificates issued in another Member State and shall not restrict the freedom to provide services or the freedom of establishment for reasons relating to the certification issued in another Member State.
- 3. The operator of the relevant application shall ensure that the relevant personnel have obtained the necessary certification, referred to in paragraph 2, which implies appropriate knowledge of the applicable regulations and standards as well as the necessary competence in emission prevention and recovery of fluorinated greenhouse gases and handling safely the relevant type and size of equipment.

^{*} The date of entry into force of this Regulation.

^{**} One year after the date of entry into force of this Regulation.

- 4. By * Member States shall ensure that the companies involved in carrying out the activities provided for in Articles 3 and 4 shall only take delivery of fluorinated greenhouse gases where their relevant personnel hold the certificates mentioned in paragraph 2 of this Article.
- 5. By ** the Commission shall determine, in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 11(2), the format of the notification referred to in paragraph 2 of this Article.

Reporting

- 1. By 31 March each year from the first calendar year following entry into force of this Regulation, each producer, importer and exporter of fluorinated greenhouse gases shall communicate to the Commission by way of a report, sending the same information to the competent authority of the Member State concerned, the following data in respect of the preceding calendar year:
- (a) Each producer who produces more than one tonne of fluorinated greenhouse gases per annum shall communicate:
 - its total production of each fluorinated greenhouse gas in the Community, identifying
 the main categories of applications (e.g. mobile air-conditioning, refrigeration,
 air-conditioning, foams, aerosols, electrical equipment, semi-conductor manufacture)
 in which the substance is expected to be used;

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^{*} Two years after the date of entry into force of this Regulation.

^{**} The date of entry into force of this Regulation.

- the quantities of each fluorinated greenhouse gas it has placed on the market in the
 Community;
- any quantities of each fluorinated greenhouse gas recycled, reclaimed or destroyed.
- (b) Each importer who imports more than one tonne of fluorinated greenhouse gases per annum, including any producers who also import, shall communicate:
 - the quantity of each fluorinated greenhouse gas it has imported or placed on the market in the Community, separately identifying the main categories of applications (e.g. mobile air-conditioning, refrigeration, air-conditioning, foams, aerosols, electrical equipment, semi-conductor manufacture) in which the substance is expected to be used;
 - any quantities of each used fluorinated greenhouse gas it has imported for recycling, for reclamation or for destruction.
- (c) Each exporter who exports more than one tonne of fluorinated greenhouse gases per annum, including any producers who also export, shall communicate:
 - the quantities of each fluorinated greenhouse gas it has exported from the Community;
 - any quantities of each used fluorinated greenhouse gas it has exported for recycling, for reclamation or for destruction.

- By * the Commission shall determine, in accordance with the procedure referred to in 2. Article 11(2), the format of the reports referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article.
- 3. The Commission shall take appropriate steps to protect the confidentiality of the information submitted to it.
- 4. Member States shall establish reporting systems for the relevant sectors referred to in this Regulation, with the objective of acquiring, to the extent possible, emission data.

Labelling

Without prejudice to the provisions of Council Directive 67/548/EEC ¹ and of 1. Directive 1999/45/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council ² in respect of the labelling of dangerous substances and preparations, the products and equipment, listed in paragraph 2, containing fluorinated greenhouse gases shall not be placed on the market unless the chemical name of the fluorinated greenhouse gases is identified by way of a label using the accepted industry nomenclature. Such label shall clearly indicate that the product or equipment contains fluorinated greenhouse gases, and this shall be clearly and indelibly stated on the product or equipment, adjacent to the service points for charging or recovering the fluorinated greenhouse gas, or on that part of the product or equipment which contains the fluorinated greenhouse gas. Hermetically sealed systems shall be labelled as such.

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Council Directive 67/548/EEC of 27 June 1967 on the approximation of laws, regulations and administrative provisions relating to the classification, packaging and labelling of dangerous substances (OJ P 196, 16.8.1967, p. 1). Directive as last amended by Commission Directive 2004/73/EC (OJ L 152, 30.4.2004, p. 1).

Directive 1999/45/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 31 May 1999 concerning the approximation of the laws, regulations and administrative provisions of the Member States relating to the classification, packaging and labelling of dangerous preparations (OJ L 200, 30.7.1999, p. 1). Directive as last amended by Council Directive 2004/66/EC (OJ L 168, 1.5.2004, p. 35).

- 2. Paragraph 1 shall apply to the following types of products and equipment:
- (a) refrigeration products and equipment which contain perfluorocarbons or preparations containing perfluorocarbons;
- (b) refrigeration and air conditioning products and equipment (other than those contained in motor vehicles), heat pumps, fire protection systems and fire extinguishers, if the respective type of product or equipment contains hydrofluorocarbons or preparations containing hydrofluorocarbons;
- (c) switchgear which contains sulphur hexafluoride or preparations containing sulphur hexafluoride; and
- (d) all fluorinated greenhouse gas containers.
- 3. The Commission shall establish, in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 11(2), the form of the label to be used.

Control of use

1. The use of sulphur hexafluoride or preparations thereof in magnesium die-casting, except where the quantity of sulphur hexafluoride used is below 850 kg per year, shall be prohibited from 1 January 2008.

2. The use of sulphur hexafluoride or preparations thereof for the filling of vehicle tyres shall be prohibited from *.

Article 9

Placing on the market

- 1. The placing on the market of products and equipment containing, or whose functioning relies upon, fluorinated greenhouse gases, as listed in Annex II shall be prohibited as specified in that Annex.
- 2. Paragraph 1 shall not apply to products and equipment shown to be manufactured before the date of entry into force of the relevant placing on the market prohibition.

Article 10

Review

1. On the basis of progress in potential containment or replacement of fluorinated greenhouse gases in air conditioning systems, other than those fitted to motor vehicles referred to in Council Directive 70/156/EEC of 6 February 1970 on the approximation of laws relating to the type-approval of motor vehicles and their trailers ¹, and in refrigeration systems contained in modes of transport, the Commission shall review this Regulation and publish a report by 31 December 2007 at the latest. If appropriate it shall present legislative proposals also with a view to applying the provisions of Article 3 to air conditioning systems, other than those fitted to motor vehicles referred to in Directive 70/156 EEC, and refrigeration systems contained in modes of transport.

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The date of entry into force of this Regulation.

OJ L 42, 23.2.1970, p. 1. Directive as last amended by Commission Directive 2004/104/EC (OJ L 337, 13.11.2004, p. 13).

- 2. By *, the Commission shall publish a report based on the experience of the application of this Regulation. In particular, the report shall:
- (a) assess the impact of relevant provisions on emissions and projected emissions of fluorinated greenhouse gases and examine the cost-effectiveness of these provisions;
- (b) in the light of future assessment reports of the IPCC, assess whether additional fluorinated greenhouse gases should be added to Annex I;
- (c) evaluate the training and certification programmes established by Member States under Article 5(2);
- (d) assess the need for European Community standards relating to the control of emissions of fluorinated greenhouse gases from products and equipment, in particular as regards foam, including technical requirements with respect to the design of products and equipment;
- (e) evaluate the effectiveness of containment measures carried out by operators under Article 3 and assess whether maximum leakage rates for installations can be established;
- (f) assess and, if appropriate, may propose a modification of the reporting requirements in Article 6(1), in particular the one tonne quantitative limit to improve the practical application of those reporting requirements;

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^{*} Four years after the date of entry into force of this Regulation.

- (g) assess the need for the development and dissemination of notes describing best available techniques and best environmental practices concerning the prevention and minimisation of emissions of fluorinated greenhouse gases;
- (h) include an overall summary of the development, both within the Community and at an international level, of the state of technology, in particular as regards foams, experience gained, environmental requirements and any impacts on the functioning of the internal market;
- (i) assess whether the substitution of sulphur hexafluoride in sand casting, permanent mould casting and high-pressure die-casting is technically feasible and cost-effective and, if appropriate, propose a revision of Article 8(1) by 1 January 2009; it shall also review the exemption contained in Article 8(1) in the light of further assessment of the available alternatives by 1 January 2010;
- (j) assess whether the inclusion of further products and equipment containing fluorinated greenhouse gases in Annex II is technically feasible and cost-effective and, if appropriate, make proposals to amend Annex II in order to include such further products and equipment;
- (k) assess whether Community provisions concerning the global warming potential of fluorinated greenhouse gases should be amended; any changes should take account of technological and scientific developments and the need to respect industrial product planning timescales.
- 3. Where necessary, the Commission shall present appropriate proposals for revision of the relevant provisions of this Regulation.

Committee

- 1. The Commission shall be assisted by the Committee instituted by Article 18 of Regulation (EC) No 2037/2000.
- 2. Where reference is made to this paragraph, Articles 5 and 7 of Decision 1999/468/EC shall apply, having regard to the provisions of Article 8 thereof.

The period laid down in Article 5(6) of Decision 1999/468/EC shall be set at three months.

3. The Committee shall adopt its Rules of Procedure.

Article 12

Penalties

- 1. Member States shall lay down rules on penalties applicable to infringements of the provisions of this Regulation and shall take all measures necessary to ensure that such rules are implemented. The penalties provided for shall be effective, proportionate and dissuasive.
- 2. Member States shall notify the rules on penalties to the Commission by * and shall also notify it without delay of any subsequent amendment affecting those rules.

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^{*} One year after the date of entry into force of this Regulation.

Entry into force

This Regulation shall enter into force twelve months following the date of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels,

For the European Parliament
The President

For the Council
The President

Part 1
Fluorinated greenhouse gases referred to in Article 2(1)

	1	1
Fluorinated greenhouse gas	Chemical Formula	Global Warming Potential
Sulphur hexafluoride	SF ₆	22 200
<u>Hydrofluorocarbons (HFCs)</u> :		
HFC-23	CHF ₃	12 000
HFC-32	CH ₂ F ₂	550
HFC-41	CH ₃ F	97
HFC-43-10mee	C ₅ H ₂ F ₁₀	1 500
HFC-125	C ₂ HF ₅	3 400
HFC-134	$C_2H_2F_4$	1 100
HFC-134a	CH ₂ FCF ₃	1 300
HFC-152a	C ₂ H ₄ F ₂	120
HFC-143	$C_2H_3F_3$	330
HFC-143a	$C_2H_3F_3$	4 300
HFC-227ea	C ₃ HF ₇	3 500
HFC-236cb	CH ₂ FCF ₂ CF ₃	1300
HFC-236ea	CHF ₂ CHFCF ₃	1 200
HFC-236fa	$C_3H_2F_6$	9 400
HFC-245ca	C ₃ H ₃ F ₅	640
HFC-245fa	CHF ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃	950
HFC-365mfc	CF ₃ CH ₂ CF ₂ CH ₃	890
Perfluorocarbons (PFCs):		
Perfluoromethane	CF ₄	5 700
Perfluoroethane	C_2F_6	11 900
Perfluoropropane	C_3F_8	8 600
Perfluorobutane	C ₄ F ₁₀	8 600
Perfluoropentane	C_5F_{12}	8 900
Perfluorohexane	C_6F_{14}	9 000
Perfluorocyclobutane	c-C ₄ F ₈	10 000

Method of calculating the total global warming potential (GWP) for a preparation

The total GWP for a preparation is a weighted average, derived from the sum of the weight fractions of the individual substances multiplied by their GWPs.

 Σ (Substance X % x GWP) + (Substance Y % x GWP) + (Substance N % x GWP)

where % is the contribution by weight with a weight tolerance of $\pm 1\%$.

For example: applying the formula to a theoretical blend of gases consisting of 23% HFC-32; 25% HFC-125 and 52% HFC-134a;

 $\Sigma (23\% \times 550) + (25\% \times 3400) + (52\% \times 1300)$

 \Rightarrow Total GWP = 1 652,5

Placing on the market prohibitions in accordance with Article 9

Fluorinated greenhouse gases	Products and equipment	Date of prohibition
Fluorinated greenhouse gases	Non-refillable containers	Date of entry into force
Hydrofluorocarbons and	Non-confined	Date of entry into force
perfluorocarbons	direct-evaporation systems containing refrigerants	
Perfluorocarbons	Fire protection systems and fire extinguishers	Date of entry into force
Fluorinated greenhouse gases	Windows for domestic use	Date of entry into force
Fluorinated greenhouse gases	Other windows	One year after the date of entry
		into force
Fluorinated greenhouse gases	Footwear	1 July 2006
Fluorinated greenhouse gases	Tyres	Date of entry into force
Fluorinated greenhouse gases	One component foams, except when required to meet national safety standards	One year after the date of entry into force
Hydrofluorocarbons	Novelty aerosols	Two years after the date of entry into force